

Professional WLAN router for cellular VPN site connectivity with HSPA+

- Integrated HSPA+ modem provides high data rates even without DSL broadband
- Dual-band 802.11n WLAN and Gigabit Ethernet port
- Site connectivity with 5 simultaneous IPsec VPN channels (25 channels optional)
- IPsec-over-HTTPS for secure VPN connections, even where IPsec is blocked
- Network virtualization with up to 16 virtual networks on one device (ARF)
- Ideal for high-performance backup solutions for business-critical applications (VRRP capability)



The LANCOM 1780EW-3G has an integrated UMTS/3G+ modem that supports the HSPA+ standard for cellular data connections at speeds reaching 21 Mbps downstream and 5.76 Mbps upstream. This makes it a true 'last-mile' alternative for companies located where no wired broadband is available. At the same time, the VPN router offers everything you need for high-performance and secure enterprise networks, such as comprehensive Quality-of-Service functions, an object-oriented stateful inspection firewall and an optional content filter for effective web protection for up to 100 users.

More security.

The stateful-inspection firewall in the LANCOM 1780EW-3G protects the network with intrusion prevention, Denial-of-Service protection, and access control by means of MAC or IP address. Flexible bandwidth management guarantees the availability of all network applications as these can be prioritized with a comprehensive range of Quality-of-Service features. The VPN gateway in the LANCOM 1780EW-3G with its 5 simultaneous IPsec channels and high-security encryption by 3-DES or AES provides optimal security for VPN connections. Thanks to IPsec-over-HTTPS (based on the NCP VPN Path Finder technology) secure VPN connections are also available where IPsec is blocked by the cellular networks. The LANCOM 1780EW-3G caters for almost unlimited mobility in conjunction with the separately available LANCOM Advanced VPN Client for Windows or Mac OS X.

More management.

LCMS, the LANCOM Management System, is a free software package for the LANCOM 1780EW-3G. It caters for the configuration of the device, remote maintenance and network monitoring. The central component of LCMS, LANconfig, is used to configure the LANCOM 1780EW-3G and other LANCOM devices on the network. LANmonitor offers detailed, real-time monitoring of parameters, it provides access to log files and statistics, and it can carry out a detailed trace-protocol analysis. Other functions in LCMS include the GUI for firewall setup, automatic backup of configurations and scripts, and the intuitive folder structure with convenient search function.

More virtualization.

The LANCOM 1780EW-3G helps you to use your IT resources more effectively and save costs. The device can simultaneously support multiple, independent networks. This is made possible by the powerful technology Advanced Routing and Forwarding (ARF). The ARF function on the LANCOM 1780EW-3G provides up to sixteen virtual networks, each with its own settings for DHCP, DNS, routing and firewall. ARF allows multiple separate networks for different groups and applications to be operated on a single physical infrastructure.

More reliability for the future.

From the very start, LANCOM products are designed for a product life of several years. They are equipped with hardware dimensioned for the future. Even reaching back to older product generations, updates to the LANCOM Operating System—LCOS—are available several times a year, free of charge and offering major features. LANCOM offers unbeatable safeguarding of your investment.

WLAN	
Frequency band 2.4 GHz or 5 GHz	2400-2483.5 MHz (ISM) or 5150-5825 MHz (depending on country-specific restrictions)
Data rates IEEE 802.11b/g	54 Mbps to IEEE 802.11g (fallback to 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9, 6 Mbps, Automatic Rate Selection) compatible to IEEE 802.11b (11, 5.5, 2, 1 Mbps, Automatic Rate Selection), IEEE 802.11 b/g compatibility mode or pure g or pure b
Data rates IEEE 802.11a/ h	54 Mbps (fallback to 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9, 6 Mbps, Automatic Rate Selection), fully compatible with TPC (adjustable power output) and DFS (automatic channel selection, radar detection) according to EN 301 893 and EN 302 502
Range IEEE 802.11a/b/g *	Up to 150 m (up to 30 m in buildings) *
Range IEEE 802.11n	Up to 250 m @ 6.5 Mbps (up to 20 m @ 300 Mbps indoor)*
Output power at radio module, 2.4 GHz	IEEE 802.11b: +18 dBm @ 1 and 2 Mbps, +18 dBm @ 5,5 and 11 Mbps IEEE 802.11g: +18/19 dBm @ 6 up to 36 Mbps, +18 dBm @ 48 Mbps, +17 dBm @ 54 Mbps IEEE 802.11n: +19 dBm @ 6,5 and 13 Mbps (MCS0/8, 20 MHz), +13 dBm @ 65 and 130 Mbps (MCS7/15, 20 MHz), +17 dBm @ 15/30 Mbps (MCS0/8, 40 MHz), +13 dBm @ 150/300 Mbps (MCS7/15, 40 MHz)
Output power at radio module, 5 GHz	IEEE 802.11a/h: +16 up to +17 dBm @ 6 up to 24 Mbps, +16 up to +17 dBm @ 36 Mbps, +9 up to +15 dBm @ 54 Mbps IEEE 802.11n: +14 up to +17 dBm @ 6,5/13 Mbps (MCS0/8, 20 MHz), +5 up to +9 dBm @ 65/130 Mbps (MCS7/15, 20 MHz), +12 up to +16 dBm @ 15/30 Mbps (MCS0/8, 40 MHz), +5 up to +9 dBm @ 150/300 Mbps (MCS7/15, 40 MHz)
Max. radiated power (EIRP), 2.4 GHz band	IEEE 802.11b/g: Up to 20 dBm / 100 mW EIRP (transmission power control according to TPC)
Max. radiated power (EIRP), 5 GHz band	IEEE 802.11a/h: Up to 30 dBm / 1000 mW or up to 36 dBm / 4000 mW EIRP (depending on national regulations on channel usage and subject to further obligations such as TPC and DFS)
Minimum transmission power	Transmission power reduction in software in 1 dB steps to min. 0.5 dBm
Receiver sensitivity 2.4 GHz	IEEE 802.11b: -91 dBm @ 11 Mbps, -93 dBm @ 1 Mbps, IEEE 802.11g: -94dBm @ 6 Mbps, -80dBm @ 54 Mbps IEEE 802.11n: -94 dBm @ 6,5 Mbps (MCS0, 20 MHz), -77 dBm @ 65 Mbps (MCS7, 20 MHz), -94 dBm @ 13 Mbps (MCS 8, 20 MHz), -77 dBm @ 130 Mbps (MCS15, 20 MHz), -89 dBm @ 15 Mbps (MCS0, 40 MHz), -73 dBm @ 150 Mbps (MCS7, 40 MHz), -89 dBm @ 30 Mbps (MCS8, 40 MHz), -73 dBm @ 300 Mbps (MCS15, 40 MHz)
Receiver sensitivity 5 GHz	IEEE 802.11a/h: -94 dBm @ 6 Mbps, -77 dBm @ 54 Mbps IEEE 802.11n: -93 dBm @ 6,5 Mbps (MCS0, 20 MHz), -74 dBm @65 Mbps (MCS7, 20 MHz), -93 dBm @ 13 Mbps (MCS8, 20 MHz), -74 dBm @ 130 Mbps (MCS15, 20 MHz), -90 dBm @ 15 Mbps (MCS0, 40 MHz), -72 dBm @ 150 Mbps (MCS7, 40 MHz), -90 dBm @ 30 Mbps (MCS8, 40 MHz), -72 dBm @ 300 Mbps (MCS15, 40 MHz)
Radio channels 2.4 GHz	Up to 13 channels, max. 3 non-overlapping (depending on country-specific restrictions)
Radio channels 5 GHz	Up to 26 non-overlapping channels (available channels and further obligations such as automatic DFS dynamic channel selection depending on national regulations)
Roaming	Seamless handover between radio cells, IAPP support with optional restriction to an ARF context, IEEE 802.11d support
Opportunistic Key Caching***	Opportunistic key caching allows fast roaming processes between access points. WLAN installations utilizing a WLAN controller and IEEE 802.1X authentication cache the access keys of the clients and are transmitted by the WLAN controller to all mananged access points
WPA2 fast roaming	Pre-authentication, PMK caching, and opportunistic key caching for fast roaming
Concurrent WLAN clients	Up to 30 clients per radio (recommended), 512 clients (max.)
Fast client roaming	With background scanning, moving LANCOM 'client mode' access points pre-authenticate to alternative access points which offer a better signal before Roaming fails
VLAN	VLAN ID definable per interface, WLAN SSID, point-to-point connection and routing context (4094 IDs) IEEE 802.1q
Dynamic VLAN assignment	Dynamic VLAN assignment for target user groups based on MAC addresses, BSSID or SSID by means of external RADIUS server.
Q-in-Q tagging	Support of layered IEEE 802.1q VLANs (double tagging)
Multi-SSID	Simultaneous use of up to 8 independent WLAN networks per WLAN interface
IGMP snooping	Support for Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) in the WLAN bridge for WLAN SSIDs and LAN interfaces for specific switching of multicast packets (devices with integrated WLAN only). Automated detection of multicast groups. Configurable action for multicast packets without registration. Configuration of static multicast group members per VLAN ID. Configuration of query simulation for multicast membership per VLAN ID
Security	IEEE 802.11i / WPA2 with passphrase (WPA2-Personal) or IEEE 802.1X (WPA2-Enterprise) and hardware-accelerated AES, closed network, WEP64, WEP128, WEP152, user authentication, IEEE 802.1x /EAP, LEPS, WPA1/TKIP
EAP Types	EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS/MSCHAPv2, PEAPv0/EAP-MSCHAPv2, PEAPv1/EAP-GTC, EAP-SIM, EAP-AKA, EAP-AKA Prime, EAP-FAST
RADIUS server	Integrated RADIUS server for MAC address list management
EAP server	Integrated EAP server for authentication of IEEE 802.1X clients via EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, PEAP, MSCHAP or MSCHAPv2
Quality of Service	Prioritization according to Wireless Multimedia Extensions (WME, subset of IEEE 802.11e)
U-APSD/WMM Power Save	Extension of power saving according to IEEE 802.11e by Unscheduled Automatic Power Save Delivery (equivalent to WMM Power Save). U-APSD supports the automatic switch of clients to a doze mode. Increasmed battery lifetime for telephone calls over VoWLAN (Voice over WLAN)

WLAN	
Bandwidth limitation	Maximum transmit and receive rates and an individual VLAN ID can be assigned to each WLAN client (MAC address)
Broken link detection	If the link of a chosen LAN interface breaks down, a WLAN module can be deactivated to let the associated clients search for a new base station
Background scanning	Detection of rogue AP's and the channel information for all WLAN channels during normal AP operation. The Background Scan Time Interval defines the time slots in which an AP or Router searches for a foreign WLAN network in its vicinity. The time interval can be specified in either milliseconds, seconds, minutes, hours or days
Client detection	Rogue WLAN client detection based on probe requests
IEEE 802.1X supplicant	Authentication of an access point in WLAN client mode at another access point via IEEE 802.1X (EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS and PEAP)
Layer-3 Tunneling	Layer-3 Tunneling in conformity with the CAPWAP standard allows the bridging of WLANs per SSID to a separate IP subnet. Layer-2 packets are encapsulated in Layer-3 tunnels and transported to a LANCOM WLAN controller. By doing this the access point is independent of the present infrastructure of the network. Possible applications are roaming without changing the IP address and compounding SSIDs without using VLANs.
IEEE 802.11u	The WLAN standard IEEE 802.11u (Hotspot 2.0) allows for a seamless transition from the cellular network into WLAN hotspots. Authentication methods using SIM card information, certificates or username and password, enable an automatic, encrypted login to WLAN hotspots - without the need to manually enter login credentials.
*) Note	The effective distances and transmission rates that can be achieved are depending of the site RF conditions
***) Note	Only in installations with WLAN controller
LANCOM Active Radio Control	
RF Optimization *	Automatic selection of optimal WLAN channels. Due to reduced channel overlaps, WLAN clients benefit from an improved data throughput. In controller-based installations, an automatic selection of optimal channels is conducted for all managed access points.
Adaptive Noise Immunity	By using adaptive noise immunity an access point can cut out sources of interferences in the radio field and focusses on clients with a sufficent signal strength. Therefore, WLAN clients profit by having a higher data throughput available due to less interferences
Spectral Scan	By scanning the entire RF spectrum, interferences in the WLAN can be identified and graphically illustrated. Up to 13 channels (2.4 GHz) or up to 26 channels (5 GHz) (depending on national regulations and manual configuration). Illustration of signal strength on individual WLAN channels at a certain point of time
*) Note	Only in installations with WLAN controller
IEEE 802.11n Features	
MIMO	MIMO technology is a technique which uses multiple transmitters to deliver multiple data streams via different spatial channels. Depending on the existing RF conditions the throughput is multiplied with MIMO technology.
40 MHz Channels	Two adjacent 20 MHz channels are combined to create a single 40 MHz channel. Depending on the existing RF Conditions channel bonding doubles the throughput.
20/40MHz Coexistence Mechanisms in the 2.4GHz Band	Support of coexisting accesspoints with 20 and 40MHz channels in 2.4GHz band.
MAC Aggregation and Block Acknowledgement	MAC Aggregation increase the IEEE 802.11 MAC efficiency by combining MAC data frames and sending it out with a single header. The receiver acknowledges the combined MAC frame with a Block Acknowledgement. Depending on existing RF conditions, this technique improves throughput by up to 20%.
Short Guard Interval	The guard interval is the time between OFDM symbols in the air. IEEE 802.11n gives the option for a shorter 400 nsec guard interval compared to the legacy 800 nsec guard interval. Under ideal RF conditions this increases the throughput by upto 10%
BFWA*	Support for Broadband Fixed Wireless Access in 5.8 GHz band with up to 4 Watts EIRP for WLAN point-to-point links according to the national regulations of your country, special antennas required
	1-3
*) Note	The use of BFWA is subject to country specific regulation
*) Note WLAN operating modes	
WLAN operating modes	The use of BFWA is subject to country specific regulation
WLAN operating modes WLAN access point	The use of BFWA is subject to country specific regulation Infrastructure mode (autonomous operation or managed by LANCOM WLAN controller) Point-to-multipoint connection of up to 16 Ethernet LANs (mixed operation optional), broken link detection, blind mode, supports VLAN When configuring Pt-to-Pt links, pre-configured names can be used as an alternative to MAC Adresses for creating a link. Rapid spanning-tree protocol

Supported standardor* UMTS or MSPA HerSPA+ with up to 2 1 Mbgs, HSUPA with up to 5.76 Mbgs), Edge, and GPRS support UMTS and MSPA barndo 8509001100011900 Mble; EDGE ESPA to max. 236 Mbgs) FPS GPS GPS positioning with USDB EDGE 8 to max. 236 Mbgs) PS GPS GPS positioning with USDB EDGE 8 to max. 236 Mbgs) FPS GPS GPS positioning with USDB EDGE 8 to max. 236 Mbgs) FROM Multi-SMA is supported on 45 divices only FROM Multi-SMA is supported on 45 divices only FROM Multi-SMA is supported on 45 divices only Edge-ful inspection finewall 25 consispositioning with USDB EDGE 8 to make internal or the remainder of seasions per remote size depending on backup stanut, e.g., simplified mix edge-ful inspection finewall 25 consisposition and of the remainder of seasions per remote size divices. 26 consiste full inspection finewall 26 consiste full inspection finewall 27 consiste full inspection finewall 28 consiste full inspection finewall inspection full inspection finewall inspection full inspection full inspection finewall inspection full	UMTS modem	
SECROPS bumb SE		IIMTS HSPA+ (HSPA+ with up to 21 Mhns HSIIPA with up to 5.76 Mhns). Edge, and GPRS support
SECURITY Stands \$50,0001180011900 Mix (EDEE up to max. 236kbps) 6FS politioning with optional outerand GFS antenna (accessory) 7 Notes Multin SMI is supported an 46 devices endy Firewall Firewall Standal inspection firewall Incoming/Outgoing Traffic inspection based on connection information. Trigger for firewall rates depending on backup satus, e.g. simplified rule sets for from bandwidth backup lines. Until tablo of the number of sections per mente site (ft) Faculty of Marker and the sets of the firewall repeated for MAX councedestriantion address; sourcedestriantion ports, Diffserv attribute); remote site dependent, direction dependent, bandwidth dependent Extended port forwarding NeW IP Bidders Translation ONATh based on protocol and VANI address, i.e. to make internal mediserrors accessible from WAX NoV IP Bidders mapping NoV IP Bidders Translation ONATh based on protocol and VANI address, i.e. to make internal mediserrors accessible from WAX NoV IP Bidders mapping The firewall marks packets with requiring tags, e.g. for policy-based routing; Source routing tags for the creation of independent firewall rules for different ARI contacts. Forward, diop, reject, block sender address, diose destination port, disconnect Via e-mail, SSLOG or SMAP Trap Standard or Standard translation of the protocol or standard translation port, disconnect Via e-mail, SSLOG or SMAP Trap Standard or Standard translation of the standard translation port, disconnect to based, separate settings for send and receive discolors. Setting the standard translation of the standard translation	- 11	
GPS positioning with optional external GPS antenna (accessingly) What is Multi-SIM is supported on 4G devices only Tricval Stateful inspection firewall scoroning/Dupping Traffic inspection based on connection information. Trigger for firewall rules depending on backup status, e.g. simplified rule sets for low-bandwidth backup lines. Limitation of the number of sessions per remote site (ID) Practer filter Check based on the header information of an IP packet by On KMA: Councerdestination addresses, councelectionation ports, Diffsery attributely, remote site dependant discretion dependent, direction dependent, direction dependent, plantwidth dependent filteroal make plantwidth dependent plantwidth dependent plantwidth dependent plantwidth dependent dep		
Trivote Multi-SIM is supported on AG devices only Flower Statebul Inspection firewall Incoming/Outgoing Traffic inspection based on connection information. Trigger for firewall rules depending on backup status, e.g. simplified rules for low-bandwidth backup lines. Limitation of the number of sessions per monde size (ID) Packet filter Cheche based on the heart of the heart of the number of sessions per monde size (ID) Revork Address Torpisation (NAT) based on protocol and WAN address, i.e. to make internal webseness accessible from WAN No. IP address mapping No. IP address mapping for translation of IP addresses or entire networks Torpisation of the firewall mark packets with routing tags, e.g. for poly-based routing, Source routing tags for the creation of independent firewall rules for different Affections. Forward, dop, reject, block senders address, close destination port, disconnect Note mail, ISSLOG or SIAMP trap Quality of Service Traffic shaping Dynamic bandwidth management with IP staffic shaping Bandwidth reservation Proportion of minimum and maximum Bandwidths, total and cooks for UNIS connectations. Proportion of Price or training of packets based on Diffser/IOS fields Automatic packet-size control Automatic packet-size control of the packet shaped on Diffser/IOS fields Proporting Source Proporting Monitoring and blocking of login attempts and persistent proporting to the defined IP networks are allowed Accessory of the proporting of Protocol on the firewall proporting to the defined IP networks are allowed Accessory of Protocol on the filtering of Impace taken on the State State on the destination of the proporting of the defined IP networks are allowed Accessory of Protocol on the filtering of Impace taken of protocols for configuration access Proporting Source Packets size ontrol on Protocols on the State State on the St		
Stateful inspection frewall succession (Dutpoing Traffic inspection based on connection information. Tragger for firewall rules depending on backup status, e.g. simplified rule sets for fow-bandwidth backup lines. Limitation of the number of sessions per remote site (DD) Packet filter Check based on the header information of an IP packet IP or MAC source/destination addresses; source/destination ports, Diffsirv attribute); remote-site dependant, direction dependant, bandwidth dependant and address, i.e. to make informal webservers accessible from WAN New IP address mapping New IP address mapping for translation (NAT) based on protection and Wal address, i.e. to make informal webservers accessible from WAN New IP address mapping of translation of IP addresses or entire networks **Reference of the Address mapping of translation of IP addresses or entire networks **Reference of the Address mapping of translation of IP addresses or entire networks **Reference of the Address mapping of translation of IP addresses or entire networks **Reference of the Address mapping of translation of IP addresses or entire networks **Reference of the Address mapping of translation of IP addresses or entire networks **Reference of the Address of t		
Incoming/Outgoing Traffic inspection braved on connection information. Trigger for firewall rules depending on backup status, e.g., simplified rule sets for low-bandwidth backup lines. Limitation of the number of sessions per renote site 0.00 Perche filter Check based on the based in information and IP packet IP (an ACK soncredestination addresses; source/destination ports, Diffserv attribute); enote-site dependant, direction dependant, bandwidth dependant Network Address Translation (NAT) based on protocol and WANA address. i.e. to make internal webservers accessible from WAN Network Address Translation (NAT) based on protocol and WANA address. i.e. to make internal webservers accessible from WAN Network Address Translation (NAT) based on protocol and WANA address. i.e. to make internal webservers accessible from WAN Network Address Translation (NAT) based on protocol and WANA address. i.e. to make internal webservers accessible from WAN Network Address Translation (NAT) based on protocol and WANA address. i.e. to make internal webservers accessible from WAN Network Address Translation (NAT) based on protocol and WANA address. i.e. to make internal webservers accessible from WAN Network Address Translation (NAT) based on protocol and WANA address. i.e. to make internal webservers accessible from WAN Network Address Translation (NAT) based on protocol and WANA address. i.e. to make internal webservers accessible from WAN Network Address Translation (NAT) based on protocol and WANA address. i.e. to make internal webservers accessible from WAN Network Address Translation of Indiana and maximum bandwidths totally or connections. Different To S Priority queuing of packets based on Diffserv105 fields Protocol and Qos also for UMIX adjustment Automatic packet-size control by fragmentation or Path Maximum Translated british of UMIX adjustment Automatic packet-size control by fragmentation or Path Maximum Translated british frames to layer-3 Diffser vatributes in routing mode Translation from layer and		water shirt is supported on 40 devices only
sets for one-handwidth backup lines. Limitation of the number of sessions per remote site (ID) Packet filter Check based on the header information of an IP packet (IP or INAC sourcedestriation addresses, source/destination ports, Diffsery attribute); member site dependant, direction dependant, bandwidth dependant Net North Address Translation (NAT) based on protocol and WAN address, i.e. to make internal webservers accessible from WAN N.N. IP address mapping N.N. IP address mapping for translation of IP addresses or entire networks Tagginging The firewall makes packets with routing tags, e.g. for policy-based routing; Source routing tags for the creation of independent firewall rules for different ARF contexts Actions Forward, drop, reject, block sender address, dose destination port, disconnect Notification Via e-mail, SYSLOG or SMMP trap Dynamic bandwidth management with IP traffic shaping Bandwidth reservation Dynamic reservation of minimum and maximum bandwidths, totally or connection based, separate settings for send and receive directions. Setting administry of Source and Source of Control of the Control of Pragmentation and Quality or Source of Control of		Incoming/Outgoing Traffic inspection based on connection information Trigger for firewall rules depending on backup status, e.g. cimplified rule
remote-site dependant, direction dependant, bandwidth dependant Extended port forwarding Network Address Translation (NAT) based on protocol and WAN address, i.e. to make internal webservers accessible from WAN NATI P address mapping NATI P address mapping for translation of IP addresses or entire networks The firewall marks packets with routing tags, e.g. for policy-based routing. Source routing tags for the creation of independent firewall rules for different ARF contexts	stateiui iiispectioii iirewaii	sets for low-bandwidth backup lines. Limitation of the number of sessions per remote site (ID)
N.N. IP address mapping N.N. IP address mapping for translation of IP addresses or entire networks Tagging Tagging The trievall marks packets with routing tags, e.g., for policy-based routing; Source routing tags for the creation of independent firewall rules for different AFF contacts. Actions Forward, dop, reject, block sender address, close destination port, disconnect Via e-mail, SYSLOG or SNMP trap Quality of Service Traffic shaping Dynamic bandwidth management with IP traffic shaping Dynamic reservation of minimum and maximum bandwidths, totally or connection based, separate settings for send and receive directions. Setting relative bandwidth limits for QoS in percent. Bandwidth control and QoS also for UMTS connections Diffser/TOS Priority queuing of packets based on Diffser/TOS fields Packet-size control Automatic packet-size control by fragmentation or Path Maximum Transmission Unit (PMTU) adjustment Automatic packet-size control by fragmentation or Path Maximum Transmission Unit (PMTU) adjustment Automatic or fixed translation of layer-2 priority information (IEEE 802.11p-manded Ethement frames) to layer-3 Diffserv attributes in routing mode Translation of Path Maximum Transmission Unit (PMTU) adjustment Monitoring and blocking of login attempts and port scans Papoofing Source IP address check on all interfaces: only IP addresses belonging to the defined IP networks are allowed Access control lists Filtering of IP or MAC addresses and presst protocols for configuration access Denial of Service protection Protection from fragmentation errors and SYN Blooding Bulk blocker Filtering of IP or MAC addresses and presst protocols for configuration access Denial of Service protection Password protected configuration access can be set for each interface Alerts via e-mail, SNMP-Traps and SYNLOG Authentication mechanisms EAP-TILS,	Packet filter	
Tagging Tagging Tagging Tagging and The firewall marks packets with routing tags, e.g. for policy-based routing; Source routing tags for the creation of independent firewall rules for different APF contexts Forward, diop, reject, block sender address, close destination port, disconnect Vale-mail, SYSLOG or SMMP trap Quality of Service Traffic shaping Dynamic bandwidth management with IP traffic shaping Dynamic reservation Dynamic reservation of minimum and maximum bandwidths, totally or connection based, separate settings for send and receive directions. Settin relative bandwidth limits for Qoi a precent. Bandwidth control and QoS also for UMTS connections Diffsen/TOS Priority queuing of packets based on Diffsen/TOS fields Packet size control Automatic packet size control by fragmentation or Path Maximum Transmission Unit (PMTU) adjustment Layer 2/Layer 3 tagging Automatic or fixed translation of layer-2 priority information (EEE 802.11 p-marked Ethernet frames) to layer-3 Diffserv attributes in routing mode translation from layer 3 to layer 3 vith automatic recognition of IEEE 802.11 p-support in the destination device Security Intrusion Prevention Monitoring and blocking of login attempts and port scans IP spoofing Source IP address check on all interfaces: only IP addresses belonging to the defined IP networks are allowed Access control lists Filtering of IP or MAC addresses and presest protocols for configuration access Denial of Service protection Protection from fragmentation errors and SYN flooding General Detailed settings for handling reassembly, PING, stealth mode and AUTH port Password protected configuration access can be set for each interface Alerts via e-mail, SNMAP-Traps and SYSLOG Authentication mechanisms EAP-TIS, EAP-TIS, EAP-TIS, EAP-MS-CHAP, MS-CHAP/2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAP/2 as PPP authentication mechanisms EAP-TIS, EAP-TIS, EAP-TIS, EAP-TIS, EAP-MS-CHAP, MS-CHAP/2 as EAP authentication mechanisms. WAAN protocol filtes Limitat	Extended port forwarding	Network Address Translation (NAT) based on protocol and WAN address, i.e. to make internal webservers accessible from WAN
different ARF contexts Forward, drop, reject, block sender address, close destination port, disconnect Notification Via e-mail, SYSLOG or SNMP trap Opanity of Service Traffic shaping Dynamic bandwidth management with IP traffic shaping Bandwidth reservation Dynamic reservation of minimum and maximum bandwidths, totally or connection based, separate settings for send and receive directions. Settin relative bandwidth limits for QSS in percent. Bandwidth control and QoS also for UMI'S connections DriffservTOS Priority queuing of packets based on DriffservTOS fields Pracket-size control Automatic packet-size control by fragmentation or Path Maximum Transmission Unit (PMTU) adjustment Layer 2/Layer 3 tagging Automatic or fixed translation of layer 2 priority information (IEEE 802.11 p-marked Ethement frames) to layer 3 Driffserv attributes in routing mode Translation from layer 3 to layer 2 with automatic recognition of IEEE 802.11 p-support in the destination device Security Intrusion Prevention Monitoring and blocking of login attempts and port scans Sequential of Service protection Monitoring and blocking of login attempts and port scans Separate Paddress check on all interfaces only IP addresses belonging to the defined IP networks are allowed Access control licts Filtering of IP or MAC addresses and presst protocols for configuration access Denial of Service protection Protection from fragmentation errors and SYN flooding General Detailed settings for handling reassembly, PING, steath mode and AUTH port URL blocker Filtering of unwanted URLs based on DNS hitlists and wildcard filters. Extended functionality with Content Filter Option Password protection Password protected configuration access can be set for each interface Alerts Alerts via e-mail, SNMP-Traps and SYSLOG EAP-TLS, PAP-TLS, PAP-MS-CHAP, MS-CHAPv2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAPv2 as PPP authentication mechanisms WLAN protocol filters Limitation of the allowed transfer protocols, source and targ	N:N IP address mapping	N:N IP address mapping for translation of IP addresses or entire networks
Notification Via e-mail, SYSLOG or SMMP trap Quality of Service Traffic shaping Dynamic bandwidth management with IP traffic shaping Bandwidth reservation Dynamic reservation of minimum and maximum bandwidths, totally or connection based, separate settings for send and receive directions. Settin relative bandwidth limits for QoS in percent. Bandwidth control and QoS also for UMTS connections DiffServTOS Priority queuing of packets based on DiffServTOS fields Automatic packet-size control Automatic packet-size control by fragmentation or Path Maximum Transmission Unit (PMTU) adjustment Layer 2/Layer 3 tagging Automatic or fixed translation of layer 2 priority information (IEEE 802.11 p-marked Ethemet frames) to layer-3 DiffServ attributes in routing mode Translation from layer 3 to layer 2 with automatic recognition of EEE 802.11 p-support in the destination device Security Initiusion Prevention Monitoring and blocking of login attempts and port scans IP spoofing Source IP address check on all interfaces: only IP addresses belonging to the defined IP networks are allowed Access control lists Filtering of IP or MAC addresses and preset protocols for configuration access Denial of Service protection Protection from fragmentation errors and SYN flooding General Detailed settings for handling reassembly, PING, stealth mode and AUTH port Password-protected on Password-protected configuration access can be set for each interface Allerts Allerts Allerts via e-mail, SNMP-Traps and SYSLOG Authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAP, Va se EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPv2 as PPP authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAP, Va se EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPv2 as PPP authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAP, Va se EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPv2 as PPP authentication of the allowed transfer protocols, source and target address	Tagging	
Province Traffic shaping Dynamic bandwidth management with IP traffic shaping Dynamic reservation of minimum and maximum bandwidths, totally or connection based, separate settings for send and receive directions. Settin relative bandwidth intints for QoS in percent. Bandwidth control and QoS also for UMTS connections DiffServTOS Priority queuing of packets based on DiffServTOS fields Pracket-size control Automatic packets-size control of packets based on DiffServTOS fields Automatic packets-size control of packets based on DiffServTOS fields Automatic packet-size control of packets based on DiffServTOS fields Automatic packets-size control of packets based on DiffServTOS fields Automatic of fixed translation of layer 2 priority information (IEEE 802.11) market befinement frames) to layer 3 DiffServ attributes in routing mode translation from layer 3 to layer 2 with automatic recognition of IEEE 802.11) p-support in the destination device Security Intrusion Prevention Monitoring and blocking of login attempts and port scans. Paponding Source IP address check on all interfaces: only IP addresses belonging to the defined IP networks are allowed Access control lists Filtering of IP or MAC addresses and preset protocols for configuration access Denial of Service protection Protection from fragmentation errors and STN flooding General Detailed settings for handling reassembly, PING, stealth mode and AUTH port Bulk blocker Filtering of unwanted URLs based on DNS hitlitiss and wildcard filters. Extended functionality with Content Filter Option Password protection Password protected configuration access can be set for each interface Alerts a e-mail, SNMP-Traps and SYSLOG Authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, PEAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAPv2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAPv3 and MS-CHAPv2 as PPP authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, PEAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAPv3 as EAP authentication mechanisms. Predierct Fixed redirection of any packet received over the WLAN interfac	Actions	Forward, drop, reject, block sender address, close destination port, disconnect
Bandwidth reservation Dynamic bandwidth management with IP traffic shaping Bandwidth reservation Dynamic reservation of minimum and maximum bandwidths, totally or connection based, separate settings for send and receive directions. Settin relative bandwidth limits for QoS in percent. Bandwidth control and QoS also for UMTS connections Priority queuing of packets based on DiffservTOS fields Packet-size control Automatic packet-size control by fragmentation or Path Maximum Transmission Unit (PMTU) adjustment Layer 2I.ayer 3 tagging Automatic or fixed translation of layer-2 priority information (IEEE 802.11p-marked Ethemet frames) to layer-3 DiffServ attributes in routing mode translation from layer 3 to layer 2 with automatic recognition of IEEE 802.11p-support in the destination device Security Intrusion Prevention Monitoring and blocking of login attempts and port scans Perpooling Source IP address check on all interfaces: only IP addresses belonging to the defined IP networks are allowed Access control lists Filtering of IP or MAC addresses and preset protocols for configuration access Denial of Service protection Protection from fragmentation errors and SYN flooding General Detailed settings for handling reassembly, PING, stealth mode and AUTH port But blocker Filtering of unwanted URLs based on DNS hitlists and wildcard filters. Extended functionality with Content Filter Option Password-protected configuration access can be set for each interface Alerts Alerts Alerts via e-mail, SNNP-Traps and SYSLOG Authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP-TLS, PEAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAPy2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAPy3 as PPP authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP-TLS, EAP-TLS, PEAP, MS-CHAPy3 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAPy3 as PPP authentication mechanisms WLAN protocol filters WLAN p	Notification	Via e-mail, SYSLOG or SNMP trap
Dynamic reservation of minimum and maximum bandwidths, totally or connection based, separate settings for send and receive directions. Settin relative bandwidth limits for QoS in percent. Bandwidth control and QoS also for UMTS connections Priority queuing of packets based on DiffservTOS fields Automatic packet-size control by fragmentation or Path Maximum Transmission Unit (PMTU) adjustment Automatic or fixed translation of layer-2 priority information (IEEE 802.11p-marked Ethernet frames) to layer-3 DiffServ attributes in routing mode Translation from layer 3 to layer 2 with automatic recognition of IEEE 802.11p-support in the destination device Security Intrusion Prevention Monitoring and blocking of login attempts and port scans IP spoofing Source IP address check on all interfaces: only IP addresses belonging to the defined IP networks are allowed Access control lists Filtering of IP or MAC addresses and preset protocols for configuration access Denial of Service protection Protection from fragmentation errors and SYN flooding General Detailed settings for handling reassembly, PING, stealth mode and AUTH port URL blocker Filtering of unwanted URLs based on DNS hitlists and wildcard filters. Extended functionality with Content Filter Option Password protection Password-protected configuration access can be set for each interface Alerts Alerts Alerts in e-mail, SNMP-Traps and SYSLOG Authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, PEAP, MS-CHAPy AS-CHAPy2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPy2 as PPP authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, PEAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAPy2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPy2 as PPP authentication mechanisms WALAN protocol filters Umitation of the allowed transfer protocols, source and target addresses on the WLAN interface Adjustable reset button for 'ignore', 'bood-only' and 'reset-or-boot' IP redirect Fixed redirection of any packet received over the WLAN interface to a dedicated target address VRRP (Vir	Quality of Service	
relative bandwidth limits for QoS in percent. Bandwidth control and QoS also for UMTS connections Priority queuing of packets based on DiffServ/TOS fields Automatic packet-size control Automatic packet-size control by fragmentation or Path Maximum Transmission Unit (PMTU) adjustment Layer 2/Layer 3 tagging Automatic or fixed translation of layer-2 priority information (IEEE 802.11p-marked Ethernet frames) to layer-3 DiffServ attributes in routing mode Translation from layer 3 to layer 2 with automatic recognition of IEEE 802.11p-support in the destination device Security Intrusion Prevention Monitoring and blocking of login attempts and port scans Proporting Source IP address check on all interfaces: only IP addresses belonging to the defined IP networks are allowed Access control lists Filtering of IP or MAC addresses and preset protocols for configuration access Denial of Service protection Protection from fragmentation errors and SYN flooding General Detailed settings for handling reassembly, PING, stealth mode and AUTH port URL blocker Filtering of unwanted URLs based on DNS hitlists and wildcard filters. Extended functionality with Content Filter Option Password protection Password-protected configuration access can be set for each interface Alerts Alerts Alerts is a e-mail, SNMP-Traps and SYSLOG Authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS,	Traffic shaping	Dynamic bandwidth management with IP traffic shaping
Automatic packet-size control by fragmentation or Path Maximum Transmission Unit (PMTU) adjustment Layer 2/Layer 3 tagging Automatic or fixed translation of layer-2 priority information (IEEE 802.11p-marked Ethernet frames) to layer-3 DiffServ attributes in routing mode Translation from layer 3 to layer 2 with automatic recognition of IEEE 802.11p-support in the destination device Security Intrusion Prevention Monitoring and blocking of login attempts and port scans Poporfing Source IP address check on all interfaces: only IP addresses belonging to the defined IP networks are allowed Access control lists Filtering of IP or MAC addresses and preset protocols for configuration access Denial of Service protection Protection from fragmentation errors and SYN flooding General Detailed settings for handling reassembly, PING, stealth mode and AUTH port URL blocker Filtering of unwanted URLs based on DNS hitlists and wildcard filters. Extended functionality with Content Filter Option Password-protected configuration access can be set for each interface Alerts is e-mail, SNMP-Traps and SYSLOG Authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, PEAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAPv2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPv2 as PPP authentication mechanisms WLAN protocol filters Limitation of the allowed transfer protocols, source and target addresses on the WLAN interface Adjustable reset button Adjustable reset button for 'ignore', 'boot-only' and 'reset-or-boot' IP redirect Fixed redirection of any packet received over the WLAN interface to a dedicated target address High availability / redundancy VRRP VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) for backup in case of failure of a device or remote station. Enables passive standby groups or reciprocabackup between multiple active devices including load balancing and user definable backup priorities FirmSafe For completely safe software upgrades thanks to two stored firmware versions, incl. test mode for firmware updates	Bandwidth reservation	Dynamic reservation of minimum and maximum bandwidths, totally or connection based, separate settings for send and receive directions. Setting relative bandwidth limits for QoS in percent. Bandwidth control and QoS also for UMTS connections
Automatic or fixed translation of layer-2 priority information (IEEE 802.11p-marked Ethernet frames) to layer-3 Diffserv attributes in routing mode Translation from layer 3 to layer 2 with automatic recognition of IEEE 802.11p-support in the destination device Security Intrusion Prevention Monitoring and blocking of login attempts and port scans IP spoofing Source IP address check on all interfaces: only IP addresses belonging to the defined IP networks are allowed Access control lists Filtering of IP or MAC addresses and preset protocols for configuration access Denial of Service protection Protection from fragmentation errors and SYN flooding General Detailed settings for handling reassembly, PING, stealth mode and AUTH port URL blocker Filtering of unwanted URLs based on DNS hitlists and wildcard filters. Extended functionality with Content Filter Option Password-protection Password-protected configuration access can be set for each interface Alerts via e-mail, SNMP-Traps and SYSLOG Authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP-TLS, PEAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAP v2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPv2 as PPP authentication mechanisms WIAN protocol filters Limitation of the allowed transfer protocols, source and target addresses on the WLAN interface Adjustable reset button Adjustable reset button for 'ignore', 'boot-only' and 'reset-or-boot' IP redirect Fixed redirection of any packet received over the WLAN interface to a dedicated target address High availability / redundancy VRRP Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) for backup in case of failure of a device or remote station. Enables passive standby groups or reciprocabckup between multiple active devices including load balancing and user definable backup priorities FirmSafe For completely safe software upgrades thanks to two stored firmware versions, incl. test mode for firmware updates	DiffServ/TOS	Priority queuing of packets based on DiffServ/TOS fields
Translation from layer 3 to layer 2 with automatic recognition of IEEE 802.11p-support in the destination device Security Intrusion Prevention Monitoring and blocking of login attempts and port scans IP spoofing Source IP address check on all interfaces: only IP addresses belonging to the defined IP networks are allowed Access control lists Filtering of IP or MAC addresses and preset protocols for configuration access Denial of Service protection Protection from fragmentation errors and SYN flooding General Detailed settings for handling reassembly, PING, stealth mode and AUTH port URL blocker Filtering of unwanted URLs based on DNS hitlists and wildcard filters. Extended functionality with Content Filter Option Password protection Password-protected configuration access can be set for each interface Alerts Alerts ia e-mail, SNMP-Traps and SYSLOG Authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP-TLS, PEAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAPv2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAPv2 as PPP authentication mechanisms WIAN protocol filters Limitation of the allowed transfer protocols, source and target addresses on the WLAN interface Adjustable reset button Adjustable reset button for 'ignore', 'boot-only' and 'reset-or-boot' IP redirect Fixed redirection of any packet received over the WLAN interface to a dedicated target address High availability / redundancy VRRP VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) for backup in case of failure of a device or remote station. Enables passive standby groups or reciproca backup between multiple active devices including load balancing and user definable backup priorities FirmSafe For completely safe software upgrades thanks to two stored firmware versions, incl. test mode for firmware updates	Packet-size control	Automatic packet-size control by fragmentation or Path Maximum Transmission Unit (PMTU) adjustment
Intrusion Prevention Monitoring and blocking of login attempts and port scans Preporfing Source IP address check on all interfaces: only IP addresses belonging to the defined IP networks are allowed Access control lists Filtering of IP or MAC addresses and preset protocols for configuration access Denial of Service protection Protection from fragmentation errors and SYN flooding General Detailed settings for handling reassembly, PING, stealth mode and AUTH port URL blocker Filtering of unwanted URLs based on DNS hitlists and wildcard filters. Extended functionality with Content Filter Option Password protection Password-protected configuration access can be set for each interface Alerts Alerts ia e-mail, SNMP-Traps and SYSLOG Authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, PEAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAPv2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAPva and MS-CHAPv2 as PPP authentication mechanisms WLAN protocol filters Limitation of the allowed transfer protocols, source and target addresses on the WLAN interface Adjustable reset button Adjustable reset button for 'ignore', 'boot-only' and 'reset-or-boot' IP redirect Fixed redirection of any packet received over the WLAN interface to a dedicated target address High availability / redundancy VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) for backup in case of failure of a device or remote station. Enables passive standby groups or reciprocal backup between multiple active devices including load balancing and user definable backup priorities FirmSafe For completely safe software upgrades thanks to two stored firmware versions, incl. test mode for firmware updates	Layer 2/Layer 3 tagging	Automatic or fixed translation of layer-2 priority information (IEEE 802.11p-marked Ethernet frames) to layer-3 DiffServ attributes in routing mode. Translation from layer 3 to layer 2 with automatic recognition of IEEE 802.11p-support in the destination device
Intrusion Prevention Monitoring and blocking of login attempts and port scans Source IP address check on all interfaces: only IP addresses belonging to the defined IP networks are allowed Access control lists Filtering of IP or MAC addresses and preset protocols for configuration access Denial of Service protection Protection from fragmentation errors and SYN flooding General Detailed settings for handling reassembly, PING, stealth mode and AUTH port URL blocker Filtering of unwanted URLs based on DNS hitlists and wildcard filters. Extended functionality with Content Filter Option Password protection Password-protected configuration access can be set for each interface Alerts Alerts via e-mail, SNMP-Traps and SYSLOG Authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, PEAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAPv2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPv2 as PPP authentication mechanisms WLAN protocol filters Limitation of the allowed transfer protocols, source and target addresses on the WLAN interface Adjustable reset button Adjustable reset button for 'ignore', 'boot-only' and 'reset-or-boot' IP redirect Fixed redirection of any packet received over the WLAN interface to a dedicated target address WRAP WRAP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) for backup in case of failure of a device or remote station. Enables passive standby groups or reciprocal backup between multiple active devices including load balancing and user definable backup priorities For completely safe software upgrades thanks to two stored firmware versions, incl. test mode for firmware updates	Security	The state of the s
Source IP address check on all interfaces: only IP addresses belonging to the defined IP networks are allowed Access control lists Filtering of IP or MAC addresses and preset protocols for configuration access Denial of Service protection Protection from fragmentation errors and SVN flooding General Detailed settings for handling reassembly, PING, stealth mode and AUTH port URL blocker Filtering of unwanted URLs based on DNS hitlists and wildcard filters. Extended functionality with Content Filter Option Password-protected configuration access can be set for each interface Alerts Alerts via e-mail, SNMP-Traps and SYSLOG Authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, PEAP, MS-CHAPv2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPv2 as PPP authentication mechanisms WLAN protocol filters Limitation of the allowed transfer protocols, source and target addresses on the WLAN interface Adjustable reset button Adjustable reset button for 'ignore', 'boot-only' and 'reset-or-boot' IP redirect Fixed redirection of any packet received over the WLAN interface to a dedicated target address WRAP VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) for backup in case of failure of a device or remote station. Enables passive standby groups or reciprocal backup between multiple active devices including load balancing and user definable backup priorities FirmSafe For completely safe software upgrades thanks to two stored firmware versions, incl. test mode for firmware updates	Intrusion Prevention	Monitoring and blocking of login attempts and port scans
Filtering of IP or MAC addresses and preset protocols for configuration access Denial of Service protection Protection from fragmentation errors and SYN flooding General Detailed settings for handling reassembly, PING, stealth mode and AUTH port URL blocker Filtering of unwanted URLs based on DNS hitlists and wildcard filters. Extended functionality with Content Filter Option Password protection Password-protected configuration access can be set for each interface Alerts Alerts ia e-mail, SNMP-Traps and SYSLOG Authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, PEAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAPv2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPv2 as PPP authentication mechanisms WLAN protocol filters Limitation of the allowed transfer protocols, source and target addresses on the WLAN interface Adjustable reset button Adjustable reset button Adjustable reset button for 'ignore', 'boot-only' and 'reset-or-boot' IP redirect Fixed redirection of any packet received over the WLAN interface to a dedicated target address High availability / redundancy VRRP VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) for backup in case of failure of a device or remote station. Enables passive standby groups or reciprocate backup between multiple active devices including load balancing and user definable backup priorities FirmSafe For completely safe software upgrades thanks to two stored firmware versions, incl. test mode for firmware updates	IP spoofing	
Denial of Service protection Protection from fragmentation errors and SYN flooding General Detailed settings for handling reassembly, PING, stealth mode and AUTH port Filtering of unwanted URLs based on DNS hitlists and wildcard filters. Extended functionality with Content Filter Option Password protection Password-protected configuration access can be set for each interface Alerts Alerts via e-mail, SNMP-Traps and SYSLOG Authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, PEAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAPv2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPv2 as PPP authentication mechanisms WLAN protocol filters Limitation of the allowed transfer protocols, source and target addresses on the WLAN interface Adjustable reset button Adjustable reset button for 'ignore', 'boot-only' and 'reset-or-boot' Predirect Fixed redirection of any packet received over the WLAN interface to a dedicated target address High availability / redundancy VRRP VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) for backup in case of failure of a device or remote station. Enables passive standby groups or reciprocal backup between multiple active devices including load balancing and user definable backup priorities For completely safe software upgrades thanks to two stored firmware versions, incl. test mode for firmware updates	Access control lists	, , , ,
Detailed settings for handling reassembly, PING, stealth mode and AUTH port URL blocker Filtering of unwanted URLs based on DNS hitlists and wildcard filters. Extended functionality with Content Filter Option Password protection Password-protected configuration access can be set for each interface Alerts Alerts via e-mail, SNMP-Traps and SYSLOG EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, PEAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAPv2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPv2 as PPP authentication mechanisms WLAN protocol filters Limitation of the allowed transfer protocols, source and target addresses on the WLAN interface Adjustable reset button Adjustable reset button for 'ignore', 'boot-only' and 'reset-or-boot' IP redirect Fixed redirection of any packet received over the WLAN interface to a dedicated target address High availability / redundancy VRRP VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) for backup in case of failure of a device or remote station. Enables passive standby groups or reciprocal backup between multiple active devices including load balancing and user definable backup priorities For completely safe software upgrades thanks to two stored firmware versions, incl. test mode for firmware updates	Denial of Service protection	
Filtering of unwanted URLs based on DNS hitlists and wildcard filters. Extended functionality with Content Filter Option Password protection Password-protected configuration access can be set for each interface Alerts Alerts via e-mail, SNMP-Traps and SYSLOG Authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, PEAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAPv2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPv2 as PPP authentication mechanisms WLAN protocol filters Limitation of the allowed transfer protocols, source and target addresses on the WLAN interface Adjustable reset button Adjustable reset button for 'ignore', 'boot-only' and 'reset-or-boot' IP redirect Fixed redirection of any packet received over the WLAN interface to a dedicated target address High availability / redundancy VRRP VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) for backup in case of failure of a device or remote station. Enables passive standby groups or reciprocal backup between multiple active devices including load balancing and user definable backup priorities For completely safe software upgrades thanks to two stored firmware versions, incl. test mode for firmware updates		
Password protection Password-protected configuration access can be set for each interface Alerts Alerts via e-mail, SNMP-Traps and SYSLOG Authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, PEAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAPv2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPv2 as PPP authentication mechanisms WLAN protocol filters Limitation of the allowed transfer protocols, source and target addresses on the WLAN interface Adjustable reset button Adjustable reset button for 'ignore', 'boot-only' and 'reset-or-boot' IP redirect Fixed redirection of any packet received over the WLAN interface to a dedicated target address High availability / redundancy VRRP VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) for backup in case of failure of a device or remote station. Enables passive standby groups or reciprocal backup between multiple active devices including load balancing and user definable backup priorities For completely safe software upgrades thanks to two stored firmware versions, incl. test mode for firmware updates	URL blocker	
Alerts via e-mail, SNMP-Traps and SYSLOG Authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, PEAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAPv2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPv2 as PPP authentication mechanisms WLAN protocol filters Limitation of the allowed transfer protocols, source and target addresses on the WLAN interface Adjustable reset button Adjustable reset button for 'ignore', 'boot-only' and 'reset-or-boot' IP redirect Fixed redirection of any packet received over the WLAN interface to a dedicated target address High availability / redundancy VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) for backup in case of failure of a device or remote station. Enables passive standby groups or reciprocate backup between multiple active devices including load balancing and user definable backup priorities For completely safe software upgrades thanks to two stored firmware versions, incl. test mode for firmware updates	Password protection	
Authentication mechanisms EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, PEAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAPv2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPv2 as PPP authentication mechanisms Limitation of the allowed transfer protocols, source and target addresses on the WLAN interface Adjustable reset button Adjustable reset button for 'ignore', 'boot-only' and 'reset-or-boot' IP redirect Fixed redirection of any packet received over the WLAN interface to a dedicated target address High availability / redundancy VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) for backup in case of failure of a device or remote station. Enables passive standby groups or reciprocate backup between multiple active devices including load balancing and user definable backup priorities For completely safe software upgrades thanks to two stored firmware versions, incl. test mode for firmware updates	Alerts	
Limitation of the allowed transfer protocols, source and target addresses on the WLAN interface Adjustable reset button Adjustable reset button for 'ignore', 'boot-only' and 'reset-or-boot' Fixed redirection of any packet received over the WLAN interface to a dedicated target address High availability / redundancy VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) for backup in case of failure of a device or remote station. Enables passive standby groups or reciprocal backup between multiple active devices including load balancing and user definable backup priorities For completely safe software upgrades thanks to two stored firmware versions, incl. test mode for firmware updates	Authentication mechanisms	EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, PEAP, MS-CHAP, MS-CHAPv2 as EAP authentication mechanisms, PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPv2 as PPP authentication
Adjustable reset button Adjustable reset button for 'ignore', 'boot-only' and 'reset-or-boot' Fixed redirection of any packet received over the WLAN interface to a dedicated target address High availability / redundancy VRRP VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) for backup in case of failure of a device or remote station. Enables passive standby groups or reciprocal backup between multiple active devices including load balancing and user definable backup priorities For completely safe software upgrades thanks to two stored firmware versions, incl. test mode for firmware updates	WLAN protocol filters	
Fixed redirection of any packet received over the WLAN interface to a dedicated target address High availability / redundancy VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) for backup in case of failure of a device or remote station. Enables passive standby groups or reciprocate backup between multiple active devices including load balancing and user definable backup priorities For completely safe software upgrades thanks to two stored firmware versions, incl. test mode for firmware updates	Adjustable reset button	
VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) for backup in case of failure of a device or remote station. Enables passive standby groups or reciprocal backup between multiple active devices including load balancing and user definable backup priorities For completely safe software upgrades thanks to two stored firmware versions, incl. test mode for firmware updates	IP redirect	
VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) for backup in case of failure of a device or remote station. Enables passive standby groups or reciprocal backup between multiple active devices including load balancing and user definable backup priorities For completely safe software upgrades thanks to two stored firmware versions, incl. test mode for firmware updates	High availability / redundancy	
FirmSafe For completely safe software upgrades thanks to two stored firmware versions, incl. test mode for firmware updates	VRRP	VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) for backup in case of failure of a device or remote station. Enables passive standby groups or reciprocal backup between multiple active devices including load balancing and user definable backup priorities
	FirmSafe	
	UMTS backup	In case of failure of the main connection, a backup connection is established over the internal UMTS modem; automatic return to the main connection
Analog/GSM modem backup Optional operation of an analog or GSM modem at the serial interface	Analog/GSM modem backup	

High availability / redundancy	
Load balancing	Static and dynamic load balancing over up to 2 WAN connections. Channel bundling with Multilink PPP (if supported by network operator)
VPN redundancy	Backup of VPN connections across different hierarchy levels, e.g. in case of failure of a central VPN concentrator and re-routing to multiple distributed remote sites. Any number of VPN remote sites can be defined (the tunnel limit applies only to active connections). Up to 32 alternative remote stations, each with its own routing tag, can be defined per VPN connection. Automatic selection may be sequential, or dependant on the last connection, or random (VPN load balancing)
Line monitoring	Line monitoring with LCP echo monitoring, dead-peer detection and up to 4 addresses for end-to-end monitoring with ICMP polling
VPN	
IPSec over HTTPS	Enables IPsec VPN based on TCP (at port 443 like HTTPS) which can go through firewalls in networks where e. g. port 500 for IKE is blocked. Suitable for client-to-site connections (with LANCOM Advanced VPN Client 2.22 or later) and site-to-site connections (LANCOM VPN gateways or routers with LCOS 8.0 or later). IPSec over HTTPS is based on the NCP VPN Path Finder technology
Number of VPN tunnels	Max. number of concurrent active IPSec and PPTP tunnels (MPPE): 5 (25 with VPN 25 Option). Unlimited configurable connections. Configuration of all remote sites via one configuration entry when using the RAS user template or Proadaptive VPN.
Hardware accelerator	Integrated hardware accelerator for 3DES/AES encryption and decryption
Realtime clock	Integrated, buffered realtime clock to save the date and time during power failure. Assures timely validation of certificates in any case
Random number generator	Generates real random numbers in hardware, e. g. for improved key generation for certificates immediately after switching-on
1-Click-VPN Client assistant	One click function in LANconfig to create VPN client connections, incl. automatic profile creation for the LANCOM Advanced VPN Client
1-Click-VPN Site-to-Site	Creation of VPN connections between LANCOM routers via drag and drop in LANconfig
IKE	IPSec key exchange with Preshared Key or certificate
Certificates	X.509 digital multi-level certificate support, compatible with Microsoft Server / Enterprise Server and OpenSSL, upload of PKCS#12 files via HTTPS interface and LANconfig. Simultaneous support of multiple certification authorities with the management of up to nine parallel certificate hierarchies as containers (VPN-1 to VPN-9). Simplified addressing of individual certificates by the hierarchy's container name (VPN-1 to VPN-9). Wildcards for certificate checks of parts of the identity in the subject. Secure Key Storage protects a private key (PKCS#12) from theft
Certificate rollout	Automatic creation, rollout and renewal of certificates via SCEP (Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol) per certificate hierarchy
Certificate revocation lists (CRL)	CRL retrieval via HTTP per certificate hierarchy
OCSP Client	Check X.509 certifications by using OCSP (Online Certificate Status Protocol) in real time as an alternative to CRLs
XAUTH	XAUTH client for registering LANCOM routers and access points at XAUTH servers incl. IKE-config mode. XAUTH server enables clients to register via XAUTH at LANCOM routers. Connection of the XAUTH server to RADIUS servers provides the central authentication of VPN-access with user name and password. Authentication of VPN-client access via XAUTH and RADIUS connection additionally by OTP token
RAS user template	Configuration of all VPN client connections in IKE ConfigMode via a single configuration entry
Proadaptive VPN	Automated configuration and dynamic creation of all necessary VPN and routing entries based on a default entry for site-to-site connections. Propagation of dynamically learned routes via RIPv2 if required
Algorithms	3DES (168 bit), AES (128, 192 or 256 bit), Blowfish (128 bit), RSA (1024-4096 bit) and CAST (128 bit). OpenSSL implementation with FIPS-140 certified algorithms. MD-5 or SHA-1 hashes
NAT-Traversal	NAT-Traversal (NAT-T) support for VPN over routes without VPN passthrough
IPCOMP	VPN data compression based on LZS or Deflate compression for higher IPSec throughput on low-bandwidth connections (must be supported by remote endpoint)
Dynamic DNS	Enables the registration of IP addresses with a Dynamic DNS provider in the case that fixed IP addresses are not used for the VPN connection
Specific DNS forwarding	DNS forwarding according to DNS domain, e.g. internal names are translated by proprietary DNS servers in the VPN. External names are translated by Internet DNS servers
IPv4 VPN over IPv6 WAN	Enables the use of IPv4 VPN over IPv6 WAN connections
Content Filter (optional)	
Demo version	Activate the 30-day trial version after free registration under http://www.lancom.eu/routeroptions
URL filter database/rating server	Worldwide, redundant rating servers from IBM Security Solutions for querying URL classifications. Database with over 100 million entries covering about 10 billion web pages. Web crawlers automatically search and classify web sites to provide nearly 150,000 updates per day: They use text classification by optical character recognition, key word searches, classification by word frequency and combinations, web-site comparison of text, images and page elements, object recognition of special characters, symbols, trademarks and prohibited images, recognition of pornography and nudity by analyzing the concentration of skin tones in images, by structure and link analysis, by malware detection in binary files and installation packages
HTTPS filter	Additional filtering of HTTPS requests with separate firewall entries

Content Filter (optional)	
Categories/category profiles	Filter rules can be defined in each profile by collecting category profiles from 58 categories, for example to restrict Internet access to business purposes only (limiting private use) or by providing protection from content that is harmful to minors or hazardous content (e.g. malware sites). Clearly structured selection due to the grouping of similar categories. Content for each category can be allowed, blocked, or released by override
Override	Each category can be given an optional manual override that allows the user to access blocked content on a case-by-case basis. The override operates for a limited time period by allowing the category or domain, or a combination of both. Optional notification of the administrator in case of overrides
Black-/whitelist	Lists that are manually configured to explicitly allow (whitelist) or block (blacklist) web sites for each profile, independent of the rating server. Wildcards can be used when defining groups of pages or for filtering sub pages
Profiles	Timeframes, blacklists, whitelists and categories are collected into profiles that can be activated separately for content-filter actions. A default profile with standard settings blocks racist, pornographic, criminal, and extremist content as well as anonymous proxies, weapons/military, drugs, SPAM and malware
Time frames	Timeframes can be flexibly defined for control over filtering depending on the time of day or weekday, e.g. to relax controls during break times for private surfing
Flexible firewall action	Activation of the content filter by selecting the required firewall profile that contains content-filter actions. Firewall rules enable the flexible use of your own profiles for different clients, networks or connections to certain servers
Individual display pages (for blocked, error, override)	Response pages displayed by the content filter in case of blocked sites, errors or overrides can be custom designed. Variables enable the inclusion of current information such as the category, URL, and rating-server categorization. Response pages can be issued in any language depending on the language set in the user's web browser
Redirection to external pages	As an alternative to displaying the device's own internal response pages to blockings, errors or overrides, you can redirect to external web servers
License management	Automatic notification of license expiry by e-mail, LANmonitor, SYSLOG or SNMP trap. Activation of license renewal at any time before expiry of the current license (the new licensing period starts immediately after expiry of the current license)
Statistics	Display of the number of checked and blocked web pages by category in LANmonitor. Logging of all content-filter events in LANmonitor; log file created daily, weekly or monthly. Hit list of the most frequently called pages and rating results. Analysis of the connection properties; minimum, maximum and average rating-server response time
Notifications	Messaging in case of content-filter events optionally by e-mail, SNMP, SYSLOG or LANmonitor
Wizard for typical configurations	Wizard sets up the content filters for a range of typical scenarios in a few simple steps, including the creation of the necessary firewall rules with the corresponding action
Max. users	Simultaneous checking of HTTP traffic for a maximum of 100 different IP addresses in the LAN
VoIP	
SIP ALG	The SIP ALG (Application Layer Gateway) acts as a proxy for SIP communication. For SIP calls the ALG opens the necessary ports on the firewall for the corresponding media packets. By using automatic address translation for devices inside the LAN, the use of STUN is no longer needed.
Routing functions	
Router	IP and NetBIOS/IP multi-protocol router
Advanced Routing and Forwarding	Separate processing of 16 contexts due to virtualization of the routers. Mapping to VLANs and complete independent management and configuration of IP networks in the device, i.e. individual settings for DHCP, DNS, Firewalling, QoS, VLAN, Routing etc. Automatic learning of routing tags for ARF contexts from the routing table
НТТР	HTTP and HTTPS server for configuration by web interface
DNS	DNS client, DNS server, DNS relay, DNS proxy and dynamic DNS client
DHCP	DHCP client, DHCP relay and DHCP server with autodetection. Cluster of several LANCOM DHCP servers per context (ARF network) enables caching of all DNS assignments at each router. DHCP forwarding to multiple (redundant) DHCP servers
NetBIOS	NetBIOS/IP proxy
NTP	NTP client and SNTP server, automatic adjustment for daylight-saving time
Policy-based routing	Policy-based routing based on routing tags. Based on firewall rules, certain data types are marked for specific routing, e.g. to particular remote sites or lines
Dynamic routing	Dynamic routing with RIPv2. Learning and propagating routes; separate settings for LAN and WAN. Extended RIPv2 including HopCount, Poisoned Reverse, Triggered Update for LAN (acc. to RFC 2453) and WAN (acc. to RFC 2091) as well as filter options for propagation of routes. Definition of RIP sources with wildcards
DHCPv6	DHCPv6 client, DHCPv6 server, DHCPv6 relay, stateless- and stateful mode, IPv6 address (IA_NA), prefix delegation (IA_PD), DHCPv6 reconfigure (server and client)

Layer 2 functions	
ARP lookup	Packets sent in response to LCOS service requests (e.g. for Telnet, SSH, SNTP, SMTP, HTTP(S), SNMP, etc.) via Ethernet can be routed directly to the requesting station (default) or to a target determined by ARP lookup
LLDP	Automatic discovery of network topology in layer 2 networks (Link Layer Discover Protocol)
COM port server	
COM port forwarding	COM-port server for the DIN interface. For a serial device connected to it, the server manages its own virtual COM port via Telnet (RFC 2217) for remote maintenance (works with popular virtual COM-port drivers compliant with RFC 2217). Switchable newline conversion and alternative binary mode. TCP keepalive according to RFC 1122 with configurable keepalive interval, retransmission timeout and retries
LAN protocols	
IP	ARP, proxy ARP, BOOTP, DHCP, DNS, HTTP, HTTPS, IP, ICMP, NTP/SNTP, NetBIOS, PPPoE (server), RADIUS, RIP-1, RIP-2, RTP, SIP, SNMP, TCP, TFTP, UDP, VRRP, VLAN
Rapid Spanning Tree	IEEE 802.1d Spanning Tree and IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree support for dynamic path selection with redundant layer 2 connections
IPv6	NDP, stateless address autoconfiguration (SLAAC), stateful address autoconfiguration (with DHCPv6), router advertisements, ICMPv6, DHCPv6, DNS, HTTP, HTTPS, PPPoE, TCP, UDP
WAN protocols	
Ethernet	PPPoE, Multi-PPPoE, ML-PPP, PPTP (PAC or PNS) and IPoE (with or without DHCP), RIP-1, RIP-2, VLAN, IP
IPv6	IPv6 over PPP (IPv6 and IPv4/IPv6 dual stack session), IPoE (autoconfiguration, DHCPv6 or static)
Tunneling protocols (IPv4/IPv6)	6to4, 6in4, 6rd (static and via DHCP)
WAN operating mode	
xDSL (ext. modem)	ADSL1, ADSL2 or ADSL2+ with external ADSL2+ modem
UMTS/HSPA+	GPRS, Edge, UMTS or HSPA+ with internal UMTS modem
Analog/GPRS (ext. modem)	Analog or GPRS operation via serial interface
Interfaces	
LAN	10/100/1000 Base-TX, autosensing, auto node hub
WAN	10/100 Mbps, auto node hub
Serial interface	Serial configuration interface / COM port (8 pin Mini-DIN): 9,600 - 115,000 baud, suitable for optional connection of analog/GPRS modems. Supports internal COM port server and allows for transparent asynchronous transmission of serial data via TCP
External antenna connectors	Two reverse SMA connectors for external LANCOM AirLancer Extender antennas or for antennas from other vendors. Please respect the restrictions which apply in your country when setting up an antenna system. For information about calculating the correct antenna setup, please refer to www.lancom-systems.eu
External antenna connectors	Two SMA antenna connectors for external UMTS antennas (rx diversity) or use of a gps antenna at the aux connector
LCMS (LANCOM Management System)	
LANconfig	Configuration program for Microsoft Windows, incl. convenient Setup Wizards. Optional group configuration, simultaneous remote configuration and management of multiple devices over IP connection (HTTPS, HTTP, TFTP). A tree view of the setting pages like in WEBconfig provides quick access to all settings in the configuration window. Password fields which optionally display the password in plain text and can generate complex passwords. Configuration program properties per project or user. Automatic storage of the current configuration before firmware updates. Exchange of configuration files between similar devices, e.g. for migrating existing configurations to new LANCOM products. Detection and display of the LANCOM managed switches. Extensive application help for LANconfig and parameter help for device configuration. LANCOM QuickFinder as search filter within LANconfig and device configurations that reduces the view to devices with matching properties
LANmonitor	Monitoring application for Microsoft Windows for (remote) surveillance and logging of the status of LANCOM devices and connections, incl. PING diagnosis and TRACE with filters and save to file. Search function within TRACE tasks. Wizards for standard diagnostics. Export of diagnostic files for support purposes (including bootlog, sysinfo and device configuration without passwords). Graphic display of key values (marked with an icon in LANmonitor view) over time as well as table for minimum, maximum and average in a separate window, e. g. for Rx, Tx, CPU load, free memory. Monitoring of the LANCOM managed switches. Flick easily through different search results by LANCOM QuickFinder
WLANmonitor	Monitoring application for Microsoft Windows for the visualization and monitoring of LANCOM WLAN installations, incl. Rogue AP and Rogue Client visualization. LANCOM QuickFinder as search filter that reduces the view to devices with matching properties
Firewall GUI	Graphical user interface for configuring the object-oriented firewall in LANconfig: Tabular presentation with symbols for rapid understanding of objects, choice of symbols for objects, objects for actions/Quality of Service/remote sites/services, default objects for common scenarios, individual object definition (e.g. for user groups)
Automatic software update	Voluntary automatic updates for LCMS. Search online for LCOS updates for devices managed by LANconfig on the myLANCOM download server (myLANCOM account mandatory). Updates can be applied directly after the download or at a later time

Management	
WEBconfig	Integrated web server for the configuration of LANCOM devices via Internet browsers with HTTPS or HTTP. Similar to LANconfig with a system overview, SYSLOG and events display, symbols in the menu tree, quick access with side tabs. WEBconfig also features Wizards for basic configuration, security, Internet access, LAN-LAN coupling. Online help for parameters in LCOS menu tree
LANCOM Layer 2 Management (emergency management)	The LANCOM Layer 2 Management protocol (LL2M) enables an encrypted access between the command line interfaces of two LANCOM device directly via a Layer 2 connection
Alternative boot configuration	During rollout devices can be preset with project- or customer-specific settings. Up to two boot- and reset-persistent memory spaces can store customized configurations for customer-specific standard settings (memory space '1') or as a rollout configuration (memory space '2'). A further option is the storage of a persistent standard certificate for the authentication of connections during rollouts
Device SYSLOG	SYSLOG buffer in the RAM (size depending on device memory) to store events for diagnosis. Default set of rules for the event protocol in SYSLOG. The rules can be modified by the administrator. Display and saving of internal SYSLOG buffer (events) from LANCOM devices with LANmonitor, display only with WEBconfig
SMS	Send and receive SMS. The management can be comfortably conducted via LANmonitor. Additionally, notifications can be sent by SMS at defined network events. SMS can be sent via HTTP with URL parameters, too. Therefore, a cellular router can be utilized as an SMS gateway. Suitable for installations with a maximum throughput of 10 SMS per minute.
Access rights	Individual access and function rights for up to 16 administrators. Alternative access control on a per parameter basis with TACACS+
User administration	RADIUS user administration for dial-in access (PPP/PPTP). Support for RADSEC (Secure RADIUS) providing secure communication with RADIUS servers
Remote maintenance	Remote configuration with Telnet/SSL, SSH (with password or public key), browser (HTTP/HTTPS), TFTP or SNMP, firmware upload via HTTP/HTTPS or TFTP
TACACS+	Support of TACACS+ protocol for authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) with reliable connections and encrypted payload. Authentication and authorization are separated completely. LANCOM access rights are converted to TACACS+ levels. With TACACS+ access can be granted per parameter, path, command or functionality for LANconfig, WEBconfig or Telnet/SSH. Each access and all changes of configuration are logged. Access verification and logging of SNMP Get and Set requests. WEBconfig supports the access rights of TACACS+ and choice of TACACS+ server at login. LANconfig provides a device login with the TACACS+ request conveyed by the addressed device. Authorization to execute scripts and each command within them by checking the TACACS+ server's database. CRON, action-table and script processing can be diverted to avoid TACACS+ to relieve TACACS+ servers. Redundancy by setting several alternative TACACS+ servers. Configurable option to fall back to local user accounts in case of connection drops to the TACACS+ servers. Compatibility mode to support several free TACACS+ implementations
RADIUS	Support of RADIUS protocol for authentication of configuration access. Administrative privileges can be assigned for each administrator.
Remote maintenance of 3rd party devices	A remote configuration for devices behind der LANCOM can be accomplished (after authentication) via tunneling of arbitrary TCP-based protocols, e.g. for HTTP(S) remote maintenance of VoIP phones or printers of the LAN. Additionally, SSH and Telnet client allow to access other devices from a LANCOM device with an interface to the target subnet if the LANCOM device can be reached at its command line interface
TFTP & HTTP(S) client	For downloading firmware and configuration files from a TFTP, HTTP or HTTPS server with variable file names (wildcards for name, MAC/IP address, serial number), e.g. for roll-out management. Commands for live Telnet session, scripts or CRON jobs. HTTPS Client authentication possible by username and password or by certificate
SSH & Telnet client	SSH-client function compatible to Open SSH under Linux and Unix operating systems for accessing third-party components from a LANCOM router. Also usable when working with SSH to login to the LANCOM device. Support for certificate- and password-based authentication. Generates its own key with sshkeygen. SSH client functions are restricted to administrators with appropriate rights. Telnet client function to login/administer third party devices or other LANCOM devices from command line interface
Basic HTTP(S) file server	HTML pages, images and templates for Public Spot pages, vouchers, information pages of the Content Filter can be stored in the internal memory
HTTPS Server	Option to choose if an uploaded certificate or the default certificate is used by the HTTPS server
Security	Access rights (read/write) over WAN or (W)LAN can be set up separately (Telnet/SSL, SSH, SNMP, HTTPS/HTTP), access control list
Scripting	Scripting function for batch-programming of all command-line parameters and for transferring (partial) configurations, irrespective of software versions and device types, incl. test mode for parameter changes. Utilization of timed control (CRON) or connection establishment and termination to run scripts for automation. Scripts can send e-mails with various command line outputs as attachments
Load commands	LoadFirmware, LoadConfig and LoadScript can be executed conditionally in case certain requirements are met. For example, the command LoadFirmware could be executed on a daily basis and check each time if the current firmware is up to date or if a new version is available. In addition, LoadFile allows the upload of files including certificates and secured PKCS#12 containers
SNMP	SNMP management via SNMPv2, private MIB exportable by WEBconfig, MIB II
Timed control	Scheduled control of parameters and actions with CRON service
Diagnosis	Extensive LOG and TRACE options, PING and TRACEROUTE for checking connections, LANmonitor status display, internal logging buffer for SYSLOG and firewall events
LANCOM WLAN controller	Supported by all LANCOM WLAN controller (separate optional hardware equipment for installation, optimization, operating and monitoring of WLAN networks, except for P2P connections)

Management	
Programmable Rollout Wizard	Allows the programming of a customized wizard to simplify the rollout in projects. Support for customized templates and logos provide a way to generate a brand specific look
Statistics	
Statistics	Extensive Ethernet, IP and DNS statistics; SYSLOG error counter
Volume budget	The used data volume of WAN connections (PPP, IPOE, PPTP, IPSec) can be monitored and different actions can be triggered once certain thresholds are passed
Accounting	Connection time, online time, transfer volumes per station. Snapshot function for regular read-out of values at the end of a billing period. Timed (CRON) command to reset all counters at once
Export	Accounting information exportable via LANmonitor and SYSLOG
Hardware	
Power supply	12 V DC, external power adapter (230 V) with bayonet cap to protect against accidentally unplugging
Environment	Temperature range 5–40° C; humidity 0–95%; non-condensing
Housing	Robust synthetic housing, rear connectors, ready for wall mounting, Kensington lock; 210 x 45 x 140 mm (W x H x D)
Fans	None; fanless design without rotating parts, high MTBF
Power consumption (max)	14.4 Watts
Declarations of conformity*	
CE	EN 60950-1, EN 301 489-1, EN 301 489-17, EN 301 489-24
Wi-Fi Alliance Certification	Wi-Fi Certified
2.4 GHz WLAN	EN 300 328
5 GHz WLAN	EN 301 893, EN 302 502
Notifications	Certifications notified in Germany, Belgium, Netherlands, Luxembourg, Austria, Switzerland, UK, Italy, Spain, France, Portugal, Czech Republic, Denmark
IPv6	IPv6 Ready Gold
*) Note	You will find all declarations of conformity in the products section of our website at www.lancom-systems.eu
Scope of delivery	
Manual	Hardware Quick Reference (EN, DE), Installation Guide (DE/EN/FR/ES/IT/PT/NL)
CD/DVD	Data medium with firmware, management software (LANconfig, LANmonitor, LANCAPI) and documentation
Cable	2 Ethernet cables, 3m
Antennas	Two 4-5 dBi dipole antennas (Gain depends on frequency.)
Antennas	Two 2 dBi dipole UMTS/GPRS antennas (850-960 Mhz and 1700-2220 Mhz)
GPS antenna	Passive GPS antenna can be ordered free of charge with enclosed voucher
Power supply unit	External power adapter (230 V), NEST 12 V/1.5 A DC/S, coaxial power connector 2.1/5.5 mm bayonet, temperature range from -5 to +45° C, LANCOM item no. 110723 (EU)/LANCOM item no 110829 (UK)
Support	
Warranty	3 years Support via Hotline and Internet KnowledgeBase
Software updates	Regular free updates (LCOS operating system and LANCOM Management System) via Internet
Options	
VPN	LANCOM VPN-25 Option (25 channels), item no. 60083
LANCOM Content Filter	LANCOM Content Filter +10 user, 1 year subscription
LANCOM Content Filter	LANCOM Content Filter +25 user, 1 year subscription
LANCOM Content Filter	LANCOM Content Filter +100 user, 1 year subscription
LANCOM Content Filter	LANCOM Content Filter +10 user, 3 year subscription
LANCOM Content Filter	LANCOM Content Filter +25 user, 3 year subscription

Options	
LANCOM Content Filter	LANCOM Content Filter +100 user, 3 year subscription
Advance Replacement	LANCOM Next Business Day Service Extension CPE, item no. 61411
Warranty Extension	LANCOM 2-Year Warranty Extension CPE, item no. 61414
Public Spot	LANCOM Public Spot Option (authentication and accounting software for hotspots, incl. Voucher printing through Standard PC printer), item no. 60642
LANCOM Public Spot PMS Accounting Plus	Extension of the LANCOM Public Spot (XL) Option for the connection to hotel billing systems with FIAS interface (such as Micros Fidelio) for authentication and billing of guest accesses for 178x routers, WLCs, and current central-site gateways, item no. 61638
Accessories	
LANCOM WLC-4006+ (EU/UK/US)	LANCOM WLAN controller for central management of 6 (opt. up to 30) LANCOM access points and WLAN routers, item no. 62035 (EU), item no. 62036 (UK) and item no. 62037 (US)
LANCOM WLC-4006 (EU/UK)	LANCOM WLAN controller for central management of 6 or 12 LANCOM access points and WLAN routers, item no. 61367 (EU) and item no. 61368 (UK) - only stock devices, article is no longer available
LANCOM WLC-4025+ (EU/UK/US)	LANCOM WLAN controller for central management of 25 (opt. up to 100) LANCOM access points and WLAN routers, item no. 61378, item no. ArtNr. 61379 and item no. 61384 (US)
LANCOM WLC-4025 (EU/UK)	LANCOM WLAN controller for central management of 25 (opt. up to 100) LANCOM access points and WLAN routers, item no. 61550 (EU) and item no. 61551 (UK) - only stock devices, article is no longer available
LANCOM WLC-4100 (EU/UK)	LANCOM WLAN controller for central management of 100 (opt. up to 1000) LANCOM access points and WLAN routers, item no. 61369 (EU) and item no. 61377 (UK)
External antenna	AirLancer Extender O-30 2.4 GHz outdoor antenna, item no. 60478
External antenna	AirLancer Extender O-70 2.4 GHz outdoor antenna, item no. 60469
External antenna	AirLancer Extender O-9a 5 GHz outdoor antenna, item no. 61220
External antenna	AirLancer Extender O-18a 5 GHz outdoor antenna, item no. 61210
External antenna*	AirLancer Extender O-D80g 2.4 GHz 'dual linear' polarisation diversity outdoor sector antenna, item no. 61221
External antenna*	AirLancer Extender O-D60a 5 GHz 'dual linear' polarisation diversity outdoor sector antenna, item no. 61222
External antenna	AirLancer Extender O-360ag dual-band omnidirectional outdoor antenna, item no. 61223
External antenna	AirLancer Extender I-60ag dual-band indoor sector antenna, item no. 61214
External antenna	AirLancer Extender I-180 omnidirectional 2.4 GHz indoor antenna, item no. 60914
External antenna	AirLancer Extender O-360-3G 4 dBi omnidirectional GSM/GPRS/EDGE/3G outdoor antenna, item no. 61225
External antenna	AirLancer Extender I-360-3G 2dBi GSM/GPRS/EDGE, 5dBi 3G, omnidirectional indoor antenna, item no. 60916
Antenna cable	AirLancer cable NJ-NP 3m antenna cable extension for connection with LANCOM outdoor antennas, item no. 61230
Antenna cable	AirLancer cable NJ-NP 6m antenna cable extension for connection with LANCOM outdoor antennas, item no. 61231
Antenna cable	AirLancer cable NJ-NP 9m antenna cable extension for connection with LANCOM outdoor antennas, item no. 61232
Surge arrestor (antenna cable)	AirLancer Extender SA-5L surge arrestor (2.4 and 5 GHz), to be integrated between Access Point and antenna, item no. 61553
Surge arrestor (LAN cable)	AirLancer Extender SA-LAN surge arrestor (LAN cable), item no. 61213
19" Rack Mount	19" Rackmount-Adapter, ArtNr. 61501
LANCOM Wall Mount	For simple, theft-proof mounting of LANCOM devices with plastic housings, item no. 61349
Analog modem backup/serial adapter	LANCOM Serial Adapter Kit, item no. 61500
VPN Client Software	LANCOM Advanced VPN Client for Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows 8.1, single license, item no. 61600
VPN Client Software	LANCOM Advanced VPN Client for Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows 8.1, 10 licenses, item no. 61601
VPN Client Software	LANCOM Advanced VPN Client for Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows 8.1, 25 licenses, item no. 61602
VPN Client Software	LANCOM Advanced VPN Client for Mac OS X (10.5 Intel only, 10.6 or higher), single license, item no. 61606
VPN Client Software	LANCOM Advanced VPN Client for Mac OS X (10.5 Intel only, 10.6 or higher), 10 licenses, item no. 61607
*) Note	The Polarization Diversity antennas require 2 cables and surge arrestors

0	
S	
~	
×	
a	
Ĕ	
Φ	
ō	
ā	
_	
_	
0	
a)	
_	
$_{\odot}$	
\sim	
9	
(T)	
_	
_	
\overline{a}	
$\overline{}$	
S	
\sim	
aľ	
=	
em	
ğ	
\simeq	
g	
=	
-	
æ	
Q	
_	
æ	
Ξ	
O	
nse	
Š	
\equiv	
2	
\subseteq	
0	
Ē	
Ö	
\equiv	
_	
Ų	
S	
8	
0	
_	
0	
S	
Φ	
\equiv	
a	
_	
	_
	1/1
ther	717
ther	1017
ther	1701/
ther	1/10/7
. All other I	2/2014
. All other I	2/2014
. All other I	c 2/201
. All other I	nc 2/201
. All other I	nnc 2/201
marks. All other I	nc 2/201
emarks. All other I	nnc 2/201
emarks. All other I	nnc 2/201
emarks. All other I	nnc 2/201
emarks. All other I	nnc 2/201
trademarks. All other I	nnc 2/201
demarks. All other I	r omissions 2/201
d trademarks. All other I	nnc 2/201
ed trademarks. All other I	7/2011 Onliceione 2/2011
ered trademarks. All other I	r omissions 2/201
ered trademarks. All other I	nd/or omissions 2/201
red trademarks. All other I	7/2011 Onliceione 2/2011
ered trademarks. All other I	and/or omissions 2/201
ıstered trademarks. All other ı	re and/or omissions 2/201
egistered trademarks. All other i	re and/or omissions 2/201
registered trademarks. All other I	re and/or omissions 2/201
e registered trademarks. All other i	re and/or omissions 2/201
e registered trademarks. All other i	and/or omissions 2/201
registered trademarks. All other I	re and/or omissions 2/201
e registered trademarks. All other i	re and/or omissions 2/201
S are registered trademarks. All other I	re and/or omissions 2/201
e registered trademarks. All other i	re and/or omissions 2/201
S are registered trademarks. All other I	nical arrors and/or omissions 2/201
S are registered trademarks. All other I	nical arrors and/or omissions 2/201
LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	re and/or omissions 2/201
d LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	nical arrors and/or omissions 2/201
nd LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	nical arrors and/or omissions 2/201
nd LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	nical arrors and/or omissions 2/201
and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	nical arrors and/or omissions 2/201
s and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	nical arrors and/or omissions 2/201
s and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	nical arrors and/or omissions 2/201
ms and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	nical arrors and/or omissions 2/201
ems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	nical arrors and/or omissions 2/201
ems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	nical arrors and/or omissions 2/201
ystems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	nical arrors and/or omissions 2/201
ystems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	nical arrors and/or omissions 2/201
ystems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	nical arrors and/or omissions 2/201
ystems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	nical arrors and/or omissions 2/201
ystems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	n liability for technical errors and/or omissions 2/201
ystems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	n liability for technical errors and/or omissions 2/201
ystems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	nical arrors and/or omissions 2/201
ystems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	n liability for technical errors and/or omissions 2/201
ystems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	n liability for technical errors and/or omissions 2/201
ANCOM Systems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	a No liability for technical arrors and/or omissions 2/201
ystems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	a No liability for technical arrors and/or omissions 2/201
LANCOM Systems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	otice. No liability for technical errors and/or omissions, 2/201
LANCOM Systems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	a No liability for technical arrors and/or omissions 2/201
LANCOM Systems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	otice. No liability for technical errors and/or omissions, 2/201
LANCOM Systems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	it notice. No liability for technical arrors and/or omissions, 2/201
OM, LANCOM Systems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other i	it notice. No liability for technical arrors and/or omissions, 2/201
OM, LANCOM Systems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other i	out notice. No liability for technical errors and/or omissions, 2/201
OM, LANCOM Systems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other i	hour notice. No liability for technical errors and/or omissions 2/201
OM, LANCOM Systems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other i	out notice. No liability for technical errors and/or omissions, 2/201
LANCOM Systems and LCOS are registered trademarks. All other I	hour notice. No liability for technical errors and/or omissions 2/201

Item number(s)	
LANCOM 1780EW-3G (EU)	61382
LANCOM 1780EW-3G (UK)	61383