

User Guide

AC2100 Wireless MU-MIMO VDSL/ADSL Telephony Modem Router Archer VR2100v

© 2021 TP-Link 1910013057 REV1.0.1

Contents

Abou	t This Guide1
Chap	ter 1. Get to Know Your Modem Router
1. 1. 1. 2.	Product Overview.4Physical Appearance41. 2. 1.Top Panel.441. 2. 2.Back Panel.61. 2. 3.Side Panel7
Chap	ter 2. Connect the Hardware8
2. 1. 2. 2.	Position Your Modem Router 9 Connect Your Modem Router 10
Chap	ter 3. Log In to Your Modem Router
Chap	ter 4. Set Up Internet Connections
4. 1. 4. 2. 4. 3. 4. 4. 4. 5.	Use Quick Setup Wizard15Manually Set Up an Internet Connection15Test Internet Connectivity16Set Up an IPv6 Connection17More Operation Modes184. 5. 1.Wireless Router Mode184. 5. 2.3G/4G Router Mode19
Chap	ter 5. TP-Link Cloud Service 20
5. 1. 5. 2. 5. 3. 5. 4.	Register a TP-Link ID.21Change Your TP-Link ID Information.21Manage the User TP-Link IDs225. 3. 1.Add an TP-Link ID to Manage the Router235. 3. 2.Remove TP-Link ID(s) From Managing the Router23Manage the Router via TP-Link Tether App24
6. 1. 6. 2.	ter 6. Telephony25Connecting the Telephone26DECT266. 2. 1. Registering DECT Handset26

	6. 2. 2.	Configuring DECT Settings	27
6.3.	Entering	Telephone Information	28
6.4.	Telephor	ne Book	31
	6. 4. 1.	Telephone Book	31
	6. 4. 2.	Emergency Calls	32
6. 5.		ny Devices Management	
6. 6.			
6.7.	0	ria Which Number	
6.8.		cks	
	6.8.1.	Do Not Disturb	
	6. 8. 2.	Blocking Certain Calls	
	6. 8. 3.	Prevent from Dialing	
6.9.		ing Calls	
6.10.		bugh	
6.11.)	
0.12.	voice ivia	ail	42
Chap	oter 7. C	DneMesh with Seamless Roaming	44
7.1.	Set Up a	OneMesh Network	45
7.2.	Manage	Devices in the OneMesh [™] Network	46
Chap	ter 8. IF	PTV	49
Chap	oter 9. G	Buest Network	51
9.1.	Create a	Network for Guests	52
9.2.	Customi	ze Guest Network Options	52
Chap	ter 10.U	JSB Settings	54
10.1.	Access t	the USB Storage Device	55
		Access the USB Device Locally	
		Access the USB Device Remotely	
		Customize the Access Settings	
10. 2.		haring	
		ettings	
		As a Backup Solution for Internet Access	
		As the Only Way to Access the Internet	
Chap	ter 11.P	Parental Controls	66
Chap	oter 12.G	QoS	70

12. 1.	Prioritize	Internet Traffic with QoS	71
12.2.	Update t	he Database	72
Chap	ter 13.N	etwork Security	
13. 1.	Firewall &	DoS Protection	75
13.2.	Service I	Filtering	76
13.3.	Access (Control	77
		Binding	
13. 5.	IPv6 Fire	wall	80
Chap	ter 14.N	AT Forwarding	82
14.1.	Translate	Address and Port by ALG	
14.2.	Share Lo	cal Resources over the Internet by Virtual Server	84
14.3.	•	rts Dynamically by Port Triggering	
14.4.		plications Free from Port Restriction by DMZ	
14. 5.	Make Xb	ox Online Games Run Smoothly by UPnP	87
Chap	ter 15.V	PN Server	89
15. 1.	Use Ope	nVPN to Access Your Home Network	90
15. 2.	Use PPT	P VPN to Access Your Home Network	
15.3.	Use IPSe	ec VPN to Access Your Home Network	95
Chap	ter 16.S	pecify Your Network Settings	
16. 1.	LAN Set	tings	
	16. 1. 1.	Change the LAN IP Address	
	16. 1. 2.	Use the Modem Router as a DHCP Server	
	16. 1. 3.	Reserve LAN IP Addresses	
16. 2.	IPv6 LAN	Settings	
	16.2.1.	Configure the RADVD Address Type	
	16. 2. 2.	Configure the DHCPv6 Server Address Type	
16. 3.	Wireless	Settings	104
	16. 3. 1.	Specify Basic Wireless Settings	104
	16. 3. 2.	Use WPS for Wireless Connection	107
	16. 3. 3.	Schedule Your Wireless Function	
	16. 3. 4.	View Wireless Information	110
	16. 3. 5.	Advanced Wireless Settings	
16. 4.		Dynamic DNS Service Account	
16. 5.		tatic Routes	
16. 6.	•	ne IPv6 Tunnel	
	16. 6. 1.	Use the Public IPv6 Tunnel Service-6to4	

Chap	ter 17.Administrate Your Network	
17. 1.	Set System Time	
17.2.	Control LEDs	
17.3.	Update the Firmware	
	17.3.1. Online Upgrade	
	17.3.2. Local Upgrade	
17.4.	Back up and Restore Configuration Settings	
17.5.	Reboot the Modem Router	
17.6.	Change the Administrator Account	
17.7.	Local Management	
17.8.	Remote Management	
17.9.	System Log	
17.10	. Monitor the Internet Traffic Statistics	
17.11	. CWMP Settings	
17.12	. SNMP Settings	

About This Guide

This guide is a complement to Quick Installation Guide. The Quick Installation Guide provides instructions for quick internet setup, while this guide contains details of each function and demonstrates how to configure them in typical scenarios.

Features available in the modem router may vary by model and software version. Modem router availability may also vary by region or ISP. All images, steps, and descriptions in this guide are only examples and may not reflect your actual modem router experience.

Conventions

In this guide, the following conventions are used:

Convention	Description
Underline	Hyperlinks are in teal and underlined. You can click to redirect to a website or a specific section.
Teal	Key information appears in teal, including management page text such as menus, items, buttons and so on.
>	The menu structures to show the path to load the corresponding page. For example, Advanced > Wireless > MAC Filtering means the MAC Filtering function page is under the Wireless menu that is located in the Advanced tab.
Note:	Ignoring this type of note might result in a malfunction or damage to the device.
Ø Tips:	Indicates important information that helps you make better use of your device.
Symbols on the web page	 Click to edit the corresponding entry. click to delete the corresponding entry. click to enable or disable the corresponding entry. click to view more information about items on the page.

Speed/Coverage Disclaimer

Maximum wireless signal rates are the physical rates derived from IEEE Standard 802.11 specifications. Range, coverage, and maximum quantity of connected devices are based on test results under normal usage conditions. Actual wireless data throughput, wireless coverage, and quantity of connected devices are not guaranteed and will vary as a result of 1) environmental factors, including building materials, physical objects, and obstacles, 2) network conditions, including local interference, volume and density of traffic, product location, network complexity, and network overhead, and 3) client limitations, including rated performance, location, connection quality, and client condition.

*Use of MU-MIMO requires clients to also support MU-MIMO.

More Info

- The latest firmware and management app are available from the Download Center at https://www.tp-link.com/support/download/.
- The Quick Installation Guide (QIG) can be found where you find this guide or inside the product packaging.
- Specifications can be found on the product page at https://www.tp-link.com.
- TP-Link Community is provided for you to share knowledge and discuss our products at https://community.tp-link.com.
- Our Technical Support contact information can be found at the Contact Technical Support page at https://www.tp-link.com/support.

Chapter 1

Get to Know Your Modem Router

This chapter introduces the modem router by detailing its main features and appearance. It contains the following sections:

- Product Overview
- Physical Appearance

1.1. Product Overview

TP-Link's modem router is a combined wired/wireless network connection device with wireless router and DSL modem capabilities.

With DSL and LAN/WAN ports, the modem router is compatible with DSL connections and fiber/cable access.

Ethernet ports and adjustable antennas enable the modem router to provide wired and wireless access for multiple computers and mobile devices.

With an array of additional features, the modem router is the perfect hub for your home or business network.

LED On/Off Button

1.2. Physical Appearance

1. 2. 1. Top Panel

The modem router's LEDs are located on the top panel. You can check the modem router's working status by following the LED Explanation table.

It also provides the LED On/Off button. You can press the button to turn on/off the LEDs without affecting the modem router's function.

LED Explanation

Name	Status	Indication
	On	The system has started up successfully.
் Power	Flashing	The system is starting up or firmware is being upgraded. Do not disconnect or power off your modem router.
	Off	Power is off. Please ensure that the power adapter is connected correctly.
	On	DSL synchronization is complete.
듼DSL	Flashing	DSL synchronization is in progress.
	Off	DSL synchronization failed. Please refer to <u>Note 1</u> for troubleshooting.
	Solid White	Internet service is available.
\mathscr{D} Internet	Solid Orange	DSL synchronization is complete but internet service is unavailable.
	Off	Internet connection is incorrect, DSL synchronization failed, or the modem router is operating in Bridge mode. Please refer to <u>Note 2</u> for troubleshooting.
	On	The wireless 2.4GHz/5GHz band is working properly.
S Wireless 2.4GHz	Flashing	WPS connection is in progress (about 2 minutes).
ி Wireless 5GHz	Off	The wireless 2.4GHz/5GHz band is disabled.
⊡LAN	On	At least one LAN port is connected to a powered-on device.
	Off	No LAN port is connected to a powered-on device.
	On	The USB device is ready to use.
ŮUSB	Flashing	The USB device is being identified.
	Off	No USB device is plugged into the USB port.
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	On	The phone is off-hook or DECT handset is busy.
Phone	Flashing	The phone is ringing or DECT handset is registering.
	Off	The phone is on-hook.

#### Note:

1. If the DSL LED is off, please check your internet connection. Refer to <u>Connect Your Modem Router</u> for more information about how to connect to the internet correctly. If you have already made a successful connection, please contact your ISP to make sure your internet service is available now.

2. If the Internet LED is off, please check your DSL LED first. If your DSL LED is also off, please refer to <u>Note 1</u>. If your DSL LED is ON, reconnect your modem router correctly by referring to related guide.

## 1. 2. 2. Back Panel



The modem router's back panel shows the ports, buttons and antennas. Refer to the following for detailed instructions.

Item	Description
Phone1/Phone2	For connecting your analog phone to the modem router. Connect your analog phones to the RJ11 ports on the back panel.
DSL	For connecting the modem router to the internet. Connect the port to the splitter or directly connect the port to the phone jack via a phone cable. For details, please refer to <u>Connect Your Modem Router</u> .
DECT	Press and hold for about 3 seconds until the Phone LED flashes to register your DECT handset. Press briefly to page your registered DECT handsets.
LAN1, LAN2, LAN3, LAN4/WAN	For connecting the modem router to your PC or other Ethernet network devices. In wireless router mode, the LAN4/WAN port is used for connecting to a Cable/FTTH/VDSL/ADSL device.
Power	For connecting the modem router to power socket via the provided power adapter.
Reset	Press and hold down for 10 seconds to reset the modem router to factory default settings.
Antennas	Used for wireless operation and data transmit. Upright them for the best Wi-Fi performance.

## 1. 2. 3. Side Panel



The modem router's side panel shows the buttons and ports. Refer to the following for detailed instructions.

Item	Description
Power On/Off	The switch for the power. Press it to power on or off the modem router.
USB	For connecting to a USB storage device.
WPS	Press to start a WPS synchronization.
Wi-Fi	Press to turn both 2.4GHz and 5GHz Wi-Fi on or off.

# Chapter 2

# **Connect the Hardware**

This chapter contains the following sections:

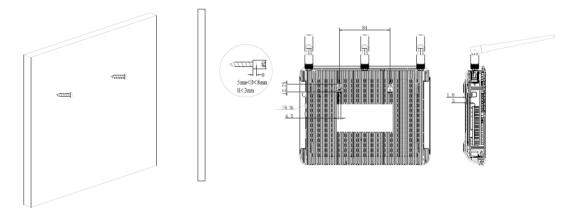
- Position Your Modem Router
- <u>Connect Your Modem Router</u>

# 2.1. Position Your Modem Router

With the modem router, you can access your network from anywhere within the wireless network coverage. However, the wireless signal strength and coverage varies depending on the actual environment where your modem router is in. Many obstacles may limit the range of the wireless signal, for example, concrete structures, thick walls.

For your security and best Wi-Fi performance, please:

- Do Not locate the modem router in the place where it will be exposed to moisture or excessive heat.
- Keep away from the strong electromagnetic radiation and the device of electromagnetic sensitive.
- Place the modem router in a location where it can be connected to the various devices as well as to a power source.
- Make sure the cables and power cord are safely placed out of the way so they do not create a tripping hazard.
- Keep the outside two antennas be outward at about 30 degrees (recommended).
- Generally, the router is placed on a horizontal surface, such as on a shelf or desktop. The device also can be mounted on the wall as shown in the following figure.



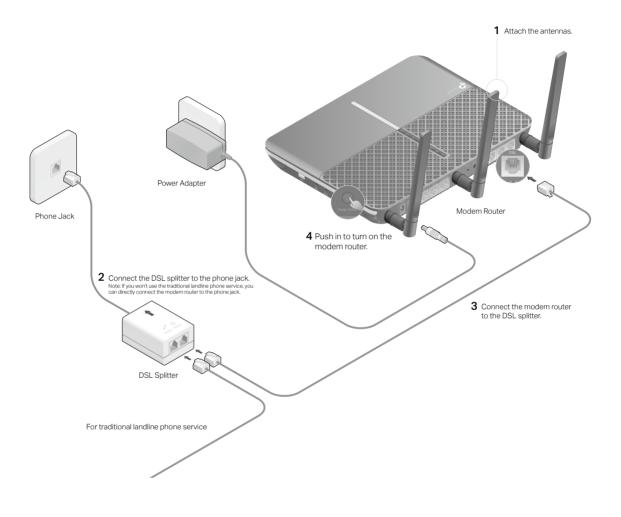
#### 🖉 Tips:

The diameter of the screw head, 5mm<D<8mm, and the distance of two screws is 84mm. The screw that project from the wall need around 3mm based, and the length of the screw need to be at least 20mm to withstand the weight of the product.

# 2.2. Connect Your Modem Router

Follow the steps below to connect your modem router.

1. Connect the DSL line and power adapter. The electrical outlet shall be installed near the device and shall be easily accessible.



#### 2. Connect your computer to the modem router.

#### Method 1: Wired

Connect your computer's Ethernet port to the LAN port on the modem router via the Ethernet cable.



#### Method 2: Wirelessly

Use the default SSID (Wireless Network Name) and Wireless Password printed on the included Wi-Fi Info Card or on the product label of the modem router to connect wirelessly.

Computer	Smart Device		
Connections are available	< Settings Wi-Fi		
Wireless Network Connection	Wi-Fi		
TP-Link_XXXX	CHOOSE A NETWORK		
TP-Link_XXX_5G     Image: Second state s	TP-Link_XXXX■  ♀ ①TP-Link_XXXX_5G■  ♀ ①Other		

#### Method 3: Use the WPS button

Wireless devices that support WPS, including Android phones, tablets, most USB network cards, can be connected to your router through this method. (WPS is not supported by iOS devices.)

#### Note:

The WPS function cannot be configured if the wireless function of the router is disabled. Also, the WPS function will be disabled if your wireless encryption is WEP. Please make sure the wireless function is enabled and is configured with the appropriate encryption before configuring the WPS.

- 1) Tap the WPS icon on the device's screen.
- 2) Immediately press the WPS button on your modem router.
- 3) The wireless LEDs flash for about two minutes during the WPS process.
- 4) When the wireless LEDs stabilize and remain on, the client device has successfully connected to the modem router.

Chapter 3

# Log In to Your Modem Router

With the web management page, it is easy to configure and manage the modem router. The web management page can be used on any Windows, Macintosh or UNIX OS with a Web browser, such as Microsoft Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox or Apple Safari.

Follow the steps below to log in to your modem router.

- 1. If the TCP/IP Protocol on your computer is set to the static (fixed) IP address, you need to change its settings to obtain an IP address automatically. Refer to <u>Appendix:</u> <u>Troubleshooting</u> to configure your computer.
- 2. Launch a web browser and go to <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u> or <u>http://192.168.1.1</u>. Create a strong password and click Let's Get Started to log in.

Address	http://tplinkmodem.net	*
	New Password     Low   Middle   High     Password   Ø	
	Let's Get Started	

# Chapter 4

# Set Up Internet Connections

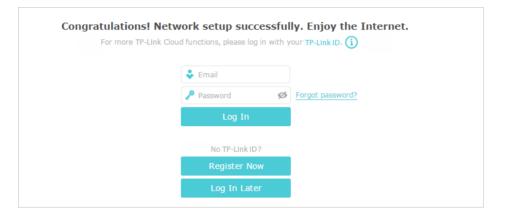
This chapter introduces how to connect your modem router to the internet. The modem router is equipped with a web-based Quick Setup wizard. It has many ISP information built in, automates many of the steps and verifies that those steps have been successfully completed. Furthermore, you can also set up an IPv6 connection if your ISP provides IPv6 service.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Use Quick Setup Wizard
- Manually Set Up an Internet Connection
- <u>Test Internet Connectivity</u>
- <u>Set Up an IPv6 Connection</u>
- More Operation Modes

# 4.1. Use Quick Setup Wizard

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the modem router.
- 2. Click Quick Setup on the top of the page. Then follow the step-by-step instructions to connect your router to the internet.
- **3.** To enjoy a more complete service from TP-Link (remote management, TP-Link DDNS, etc.), log in with your TP-Link ID or click Register Now to get one. Then follow the instructions to bind the modem router to your TP-Link ID.



Note:

- 1. To learn more about the TP-Link Cloud service, please refer to the TP-Link Cloud section.
- 2. If you do not want to register a TP-Link ID for now, you may click Log In Later to proceed.
- 3. If you have changed the preset wireless network name (SSID) and wireless password during the Quick Setup process, all your wireless devices must use the new SSID and password to connect to the router.

# 4.2. Manually Set Up an Internet Connection

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the modem router.
- Go to Basic > Internet page. Select your ISP, and related information will be automatically filled in. For some ISPs, you may need to manually specify some information provided. If you can't find your ISP in the ISP List, select Other and then enter the information provided by your ISP.

Internet Connection Setup	)		
ISP List	Other		
DSL Modulation Type:	VDSL O ADSL		
VLAN ID:	Enable		
VLAN ID (1-4094):	101		
Note: VLAN ID cannot be disat	oled when Ethernet Connection is	enabled.	
Internet Connection Type:	PPPoE		
Username:	PPPOE		
Password:		ø	
		~	

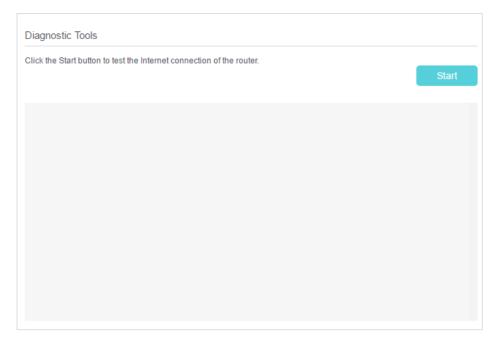
**3.** Click Save to make the settings effective, and you can refer to <u>Test Internet</u> <u>Connectivity</u> to test the internet connection.

Tips: You can view and edit all internet connection settings on the Advanced > Network > Internet page.

# 4.3. Test Internet Connectivity

After manually setting up the internet connection, you need to test the internet connectivity. The modem router provides a diagnostic tool to help you locate the source of any problems.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the modem router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > System Tools > Diagnostics page.



**3.** Click Start to test the internet connectivity and you will see the test result in the gray box.

# 4.4. Set Up an IPv6 Connection

If your ISP has provided a DSL line that supports IPv6 connection as well as some detailed IPv6 parameters, you can manually set up an IPv6 connection.

If your ISP provides an IPv4-only connection or IPv6 tunnel service, permit IPv6 connection by referring to <u>Set Up the IPv6 Tunnel</u>.

Follow the steps below to set up an IPv6 connection:

- 1. Make sure you have set up an IPv4 connection either manually or by using the Quick Setup wizard before setting up an IPv6 connection.
- 2. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the modem router.
- **3.** Go to Advanced > Network > Internet page.

			🖒 Refresh   A	
			O Reiresn 😈 A	idd Uelete All
WAN Interface Name	VPI/VCI	Status	Operation	Modify

4. Select your WAN Interface Name (Status should be Connected) and click the (Edit) icon. 5. Scroll down the page, enable IPv6, and configure the IPv6 parameters.

IPv6:	Enable
Addressing Type:	SLAAC 💌
IPv6 Gateway:	Current Connection 🔻

- Addressing Type: Consult your ISP for the addressing type (DHCPv6 or SLAAC). SLAAC is the most commonly used addressing type.
- IPv6 Gateway: Keep the default setting as Current Connection.

**Note:** If your ISP has provided the IPv6 address, click Advanced to reveal more settings. Check to use IPv6 specified by ISP and enter the parameters provided by your ISP.

6. Click OK to make the settings effective. Now IPv6 service is available for your network.

# 4.5. More Operation Modes

The modem router supports two more operation modes: Wireless Router mode and 3G/4G Router mode. You can change the mode according to your needs.

#### 4.5.1. Wireless Router Mode

If you already have a modem or your internet comes via an Ethernet jack on the wall, you can set up the modem router as a regular wireless router to share the internet.

- 1. Find the WAN port (labeled as LAN4/WAN) on the modem router, and connect it to your existing modem or the Ethernet jack on the wall. Then connect the power adapter and turn on the modem router. If you connect an existing modem, reboot it to get the modem router connected to the internet.
- 2. Connect your computer to the modem router. For details, refer to <u>Connect Your</u> <u>Modem Router</u>.
- **3.** Visit<u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the modem router.
- 4. Go to Advanced > Operation Mode, select the Wireless Router Mode, and click Save. The modem router will reboot.

Operation Mode	
Please select an operation mode:	
O DSL Modem Router Mode	
○ 3G/4G Router Mode	
Wireless Router Mode	
	Save

5. Go to Basic > Internet, select the Connection Type, and enter the information provided by your ISP.

Internet Connection Se	tup		
Connection Type:	PPPoE	•	
Username:			
Password:			
			Save

#### 6. Click Save to make the settings effective.

- Ø Tips:
- 1. You can view and edit all internet connections on Advanced > Network > Internet page.
- 2. In the Wireless Router Mode, you can also permit IPv6 connection by setting up an IPv6 connection or the IPv6 tunnel just as in the DSL Modem Router Mode. For details, refer to <u>Set Up an IPv6 Connection</u> and <u>Set Up the IPv6 Tunnel</u>.

#### 4. 5. 2. 3G/4G Router Mode

The modem router can be used as a 3G/4G wireless router if you have a 3G/4G USB modem. There are two ways to use your 3G/4G network:

• As a backup solution for internet access

Use this way if you have set up an internet connection successfully and want to use the 3G/4G network as a backup network. Your modem router will be directly connected to the 3G/4G network when the original network service fails. For detailed instructions, refer to <u>As a Backup Solution for Internet Access</u>.

· As the only way to access the internet

Use this way if wired internet access is not available and you can only use the 3G/4G network to access the internet. For detailed instructions, refer to <u>As the Only Way to</u> <u>Access the Internet</u>.

Ø Tips:

In the 3G/4G Router Mode, you can also permit IPv6 connection by setting up the IPv6 tunnel just as in the DSL Modem Router Mode. For details, refer to <u>Set Up the IPv6 Tunnel</u>.

# Chapter 5

# **TP-Link Cloud Service**

TP-Link Cloud service provides a better way to manage your cloud devices. Log in to your router with a TP-Link ID, and you can easily monitor and manage your home network when you are out and about via the Tether app on your smartphone or tablet. To ensure that your router stays new and gets better over time, the TP-Link Cloud will notify you when an important firmware upgrade is available. Surely you can also manage multiple TP-Link Cloud devices with a single TP-Link ID.

This chapter introduces how to register a new TP-Link ID, bind or unbind TP-Link IDs to manage your router, and the Tether app with which you can manage your home network no matter where you may find yourself.

It contains the following sections:

- <u>Register a TP-Link ID</u>
- <u>Change Your TP-Link ID Information</u>
- <u>Manage the User TP-Link IDs</u>
- <u>Manage the Router via TP-Link Tether App</u>

# 5.1. Register a TP-Link ID

If you have skipped the registration during the Quick Setup process, you can:

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with the account you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Basic > TP-Link Cloud.
- 3. Click Register Now and follow the instructions to register a TP-Link ID.

P-Link Cloud	tions, please log in with your TP-Lir	nk ID.	
		J	
	🕹 Email		
	Password	ø	Forgot password?
	Log In		
	No TP-Link ID?	,	
	Register Nov	v	

4. After activating your TP-Link ID, come back to the TP-Link Cloud page to log in. The first-time login TP-Link ID will be bound automatically to your cloud router as an Admin.

Note:

- To learn more about the Admin and User TP-Link ID, refer to Manage the User TP-Link IDs.
- You can register another TP-Link ID via the Tether APP. Please refer to Manage the Router via TP-Link Tether App to install the app and register a new one
- If you want to unbind the admin TP-Link ID from your router, please go to Basic > TP-Link Cloud, click Unbind in the Device Information section.

# 5.2. Change Your TP-Link ID Information

Follow the steps below to change your email address and password of your TP-Link ID as needed.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID.
- 2. Go to Basic > TP-Link Cloud, and focus on the Account Information section.

#### Change your email address

- 1. Click 🗹 behind the Email.
- 2. Enter the password of your TP-Link ID, then the new email address. And click Save.

Change Ema	il	e
Password		]
New Email		]
Si	ave	
		1

#### Change your password

- 1. Click 🗹 behind the Password.
- 2. Enter the current password, then a new password twice. And click Save.

Change Password  Current Password  Current Password  New Password  Confirm Password  Confirm Password  Confirm Password  Note: New email or password may not sync to client devices immediately. Please log in again when your device is connected to the Internet to update account information.			
New Password      Low Middle High      Confirm Password      Save  Note: New email or password may not sync to client devices immediately. Please log in again when your device is connected to the Internet to update	Cha	nge Password	C
Low Middle High Confirm Password Save Note: New email or password may not sync to client devices immediately. Please log in again when your device is connected to the Internet to update	~	Current Password	]
Confirm Password Save Note: New email or password may not sync to client devices immediately. Please log in again when your device is connected to the Internet to update	~	New Password	]
Save Note: New email or password may not sync to client devices immediately. Please log in again when your device is connected to the Internet to update		.ow   Middle   High	ĺ.
Note: New email or password may not sync to client devices immediately. Please log in again when your device is connected to the Internet to update	P	Confirm Password	]
may not sync to client devices immediately. Please log in again when your device is connected to the Internet to update		Save	
when your device is connected to the Internet to update	may	not sync to client devices	,
		, , ,	
account information.			
	to tl	ne Internet to update	

## 5.3. Manage the User TP-Link IDs

The first-time login TP-Link ID will be bound automatically to your router as an Admin account. An admin account can add or remove other TP-Link IDs to the same router as Users. Admin account and User accounts both can monitor and manage the router locally or remotely, except that user accounts cannot:

• Reset the router to its factory default settings from the web management page or the Tether app.

#### • Add/remove other TP-Link IDs to/from the router.

#### 5. 3. 1. Add an TP-Link ID to Manage the Router

1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID.

2. Go to Basic > TP-Link Cloud, and focus on the Bound Accounts section.

3. Click 🕂 Bind , enter another TP-Link ID as needed and click Save.

Note:

If you need another TP-Link ID, please refer to Manage the Router via TP-Link Tether App to install the app and register a new one.

_	d Account	8
	Email	Save
	Cancer	Save

4. The new TP-Link ID will be displayed in the Bound Accounts table as a User.

Bound	Bound Accounts						
				🕂 Bind 😑 Unbind			
	ID	Email	Binding Date	Role			
	1	Parger, redime on	16/11/2016	Admin			
	2	Parger Splitzgel (1).com	16/11/2016	User			

#### 5. 3. 2. Remove TP-Link ID(s) From Managing the Router

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID.
- 2. Go to Basic > TP-Link Cloud, and focus on the Bound Accounts section.
- 3. Check the box(es) of the TP-Link ID(s) you want to remove and click Unbind.

Bound Accounts						
				🕂 Bind 🛛 🖨 Unbind		
	ID	Email	Binding Date	Role		
	1	theraport_read/me.com	16/11/2016	Admin		
	2	thangourlighting@143.com	16/11/2016	User		

# 5.4. Manage the Router via TP-Link Tether App

The Tether app runs on iOS and Android devices like smartphones and tablets.

1. Open the Apple App Store or Google Play and search the key word TP-Link Tether or simply scan the QR code to download and install the app.



- 2. Open the Tether app and log in with your TP-Link ID. If you don't have an account, create one first.
- 3. Connect your device to the router's wireless network.
- 4. Select the model of your router and manage your router as needed.

# Chapter 6

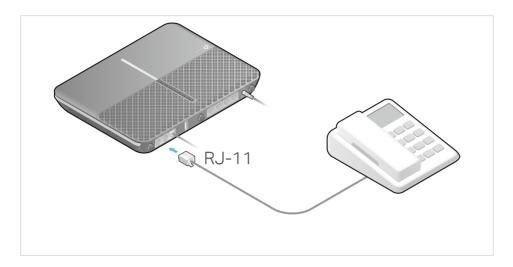
# **Telephony**

This chapter guides you on how to make telephone calls via internet.

- Connecting the Telephone
- <u>DECT</u>
- Entering Telephone Information
- <u>Telephone Book</u>
- <u>Telephony Devices Management</u>
- Call Log
- Calling via Which Number
- <u>Call Blocks</u>
- Forwarding Calls
- Call Through
- tpPhone
- Voice Mail

# 6.1. Connecting the Telephone

Connect your telephone to the TAE ports on the side panel or RJ11 ports on the back panel. Please note that you can only connect to two ports (one to a Phone 1 and the other to a Phone 2) at most.



# 6.2. DECT

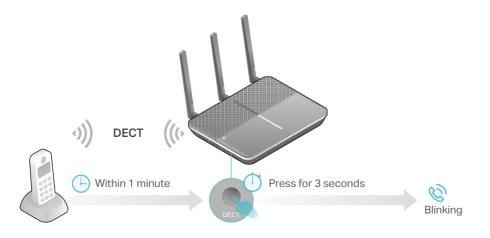
The modem router is integrated with DECT (Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications) function. With this function enabled, you can register your cordless phone on the modem router and make calls via internet.

## 6. 2. 1. Registering DECT Handset

There are two ways to register your DECT handset.

#### Method 1: Via DECT Button

1. Set your DECT handset in the registration mode, and then press and hold the DECT button on the DSL router for about 3 seconds until the Phone LED ⁽²⁾ flashes.



#### 2. Enter the PIN (Default: 0000) on the DECT handset if required.

Notes:

- 1. Up to six DECT handsets can be registered on the modem router.
- 2. If you press the DECT button for more than 4 seconds, and the Phone LED still does not light, release the button and try again.

#### Method 2: Via Web Management Interface

Follow the steps below to register:

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Telephony > Telephony Devices to open the registration page.

				🖰 Refr
Device Name	Number for Incoming Calls	Internal Number	Number for Outgoing Calls	Modify
Phone 1		**1	-	Ø
Phone 2		**2		Ø

**3.** Click Register New DECT Handset and follow instructions on the page to register your DECT handset.

#### 6. 2. 2. Configuring DECT Settings

Configure DECT settings on the web management page of the modem router.

Follow the steps below to configure:

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Telephony > DECT, and you will see the following screen.

DECT Settings		
DECT:		
Registration		
-	on the product for you to make calls. e default 0000) and enter it on the tp	For registration, a PIN is required. Define the PIN Phone during registration.
PIN:	0000	
Radio Field Strength		
Radio Field Strength	Reduce DECT Field Strength	Eco DECT
Security		
Encryption	<ul> <li>Enable (Recommended)</li> </ul>	
		Save

- 3. Enable DECT.
- 4. The PIN code is needed when registering your cordless phone. The default is 0000. Change it by entering a new one.
- 5. Reduce DECT field strength: Check the box to enable this function. In this mode, base transmit power will be decreased. Then the DECT Handset will have signal within a small distance.
- 6. Eco DECT: Only when all handsets support Eco Mode, will it take effect. In this mode, if all the handsets standby for more than one minutes, DECT Base and DECT Handsets would be in Eco Mode and do not emit any signal. It will wake up automatically when there is a call.
- 7. Security: Check the box if you want the DECT/CAT-iq encrypt security to take effect.
- 8. Click Save to make the settings effective.

## 6.3. Entering Telephone Information

Before using telephony services, you should first enter your telephone information provided by your telephony service provider.

Follow the steps below to enter information:

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Telephony > Telephone Numbers to open the configuration page. Click Add and you will see the following screen.

elephon	ne Numbers						
				0	Refresh	🕂 Add 🖨	Delete All
Status	Telephone Number		Provider			Modify	
	-		-				
Tel	lephony Provider:	Teleko	m 🔻				
Nu	imber:	Area C	ode	- Phone	e Number		*
E-i	mail address:						
Pa	issword:		ø				
				Car	ncel	Save	

- **3.** Choose your Telephony Provider and enter the necessary information as required, and click Save to make the settings effective.
- 4. If your telephony provider is not listed here, choose Other provider, enter the information as required, and click Save to make the settings effective.

				💍 Refresh 🕂 Add 🖨 Delete A
tatus	Telephone Number		Provider	Modify
	-		-	-
Tele	ephony Provider:	Other	▼	
Phone Number:			*	
Registrar Address:		0.0.0.0	*	
Aut	hentication ID			
Pas	ssword:		ø	
Are	a Code:			
	entering your area code, you c he prefix automatically each tir			rea code first. The area code is addeo
$\odot$	Advanced			
0				

Phone Number: The number you use to dial and answer.

Registrar Address: Usually a domain name, if not, an IP address.

Authentication ID and Password: Not necessary information, but if you have, fill them in. Area Code: The area code of your city or region. Advanced: Click to have more configuration.

- 5. In the Area Code section, enable this function and enter the area code of your city or region. This can spare you the trouble of including the area code each time you make a local call over the internet.
- 6. Click Save to make the settings effective.

Advanced: Click to have more configuration.

#### To have more configuration on telephony settings

Click Advanced under Advanced Settings to configure more telephony settings.

Advanced		
Bound Interface:	Any_WAN	•
Locale Selection:	DE - GERMANY	•
DSCP for SIP:	EF (101110)	•
DSCP for RTP:	EF (101110)	•
DTMF Relay Setting:	RFC2833	•
Registry Expiration Time:	3600	(300-3600 seconds)
Registry Retry Interval:	30	(30-300 seconds)
No Answer Time:	18	(5-60 seconds)
T.38 Support:	Enable	
End with #:	Enable	

Bound Interface: Bound Interface decides where to send/receive the VoIP traffic. An easy way to select the interface is to check the location of the SIP (Session Initiation Protocol) server. If it locates somewhere on the internet then select Any_WAN. If it is on the local network, select LAN.

Locale Selection: Select a country where you are located. The modem router is embedded with some default parameters according to different countries such as ring tones. The default country is Germany.

DSCP for SIP/RTP: DSCP (Differentiated Services Code Point) is the first 6 bits in the ToS byte. DSCP marking allows users to assign specific application traffic to be executed in priority by the next Router based on the DSCP value. Select DSCP for the SIP (Session Initiation Protocol) and RTP (Real-time Transport Protocol) respectively. If you are unsure, please always keep the default value.

DTMF Relay Setting: DTMF is Dual Tone Multi Frequency. Options available are SIP-Info, RFC2833, and In-band. If you are unsure which one to choose, please always keep the default value.

- SIP INFO: If it is selected, the modem router will capture the DTMF tone and transfer it into SIP form. Then it will be sent to the remote end with SIP message.
- RFC2833: If it is selected, the modem router will capture the keypad number you
  pressed and transfer it into digital form then send to the other side; the receiver will
  generate the tone according to the digital form it receives. This function is very useful
  when the network traffic congestion occurs and it still can remain the accuracy of
  DTMF tone.
- In-band: If it is selected, the modem router will send the DTMF tone as audio directly when you press the keypad on the phone.

Registry Expiration Time: Expiration time for the registration message sending.

Registration Retry Interval: Set the time duration for your SIP Registrar server to keep your registration record. Before the time expires, the Modem Router will send another register request to SIP Registrar again. If you are unsure of it, please always keep the default value.

"No answer" Time: Set a time period, after which the caller is told that the call is not answered and he or she can leave a message if the voice mail function is enabled.

T 38 support: Select the checkbox to enable this function. T 38 specifies a protocol for transmitting a fax across IP network in real time. It allows the transfer of fax documents in real-time between two standard Group 3 facsimile terminals over the internet or other networks using IP protocols. It will only function when both sites support this feature and are enabled.

End With '#': Choose whether to use "#" as the end signal of your dialing or not.

When the Status column change to  $\bigcirc$ , your telephone information is successfully registered. At this time, you can pick up your phone, dial the number, and call via internet!

# 6.4. Telephone Book

You can store all contacts on your modem router, have a telephone book, set speed dial number for some contacts and enable emergency calls.

## 6.4.1. Telephone Book

Follow the steps below to have a telephone book on the modem router.

1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.

2. Go to Advanced > Telephony > Telephone Book. Click Add to enter a new contact's information.

Telephone Book			
			🕂 Add 🧲 Delete All
Name	Telephone Number	Speed Dial Number	Modify
-	-	-	
First Name:			
Last Name:			
Private Phone Number	:		
Work Phone Number:			
Mobile Phone Number			
Speed Dial Number Ty	-Please Select-	•	
Speed Dial Number:			
	I	Cancel	Save

- **3.** You can set speed dial number for certain numbers. Speed dial function allows you to reach the desired party by dialing the reduced number of keys rather than a long phone number.
- 4. Click OK to save the settings.

### 6. 4. 2. Emergency Calls

I want to:	Make my telephone automatically call a specific contact when the handset is picked up but no operation is done within a period of time. In this way the old, the kids, the patient or the pregnant in house are able to send signals for help when emergencies occur.
How can I do that?	1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u> , and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
	<ol><li>Go to Advanced &gt; Telephony &gt; Telephone Book.</li></ol>

Emergency Number Set	tings	
Emergency Number:		
No Operation Time:	3s 🔻	
Emergency Number1:		
Emergency Number2:		
Emergency Number3:		
Emergency Number4:		
Emergency Number5:		

- 3. Enable Emergency Number.
- 4. No Operation Time: Set how long should the telephone wait before the first number is automatically dialed).
- 5. Emergency Number: Set the number to be automatically reached. If more than one number is set, the modem router will automatically call the next one if the previous is not answered.
- 6. Click Save to make the settings effective.
- **Done!** From now on, if you pick up your phone but do not dial within the no operation time, your phone will automatically call the emergency number!

## 6.5. Telephony Devices Management

- I want to: Bind different telephony devices with different incoming and outgoing call numbers, because I have more than one telephone number and telephony device and I don't want all telephones ring at the same time when a number is called.
- How can I1. Visit <a href="http://tplinkmodem.net">http://tplinkmodem.net</a>, and log in with your TP-Link IDdo that?or the password you set for the router.
  - 2. Go to Advanced > Telephony > Telephony Devices.

				🖰 Ref
Device Name	Number for Incoming Calls	Internal Number	Number for Outgoing Calls	Modify
Phone 1		**1		Ø
Phone 2		**2		Ø

### 3. Click ^{III} to manage your telephony devices.

				🖰 Re
Device Name	Number for Incoming Calls	Internal Number	Number for Outgoing Calls	Modify
Phone 1	-	**1	-	Ø
Device name:		P	hone 1	
Number for Outg	oing Calls:	A	uto	W
Number for Incor	ning Calls:			
VAD Support:		Enable	VAD	
Speaker Gain:				-
Mic Gain:				-
			Cancel	Save
Phone 2	-	**2	-	Ø

- 4. Device Name: Name the telephone device here.
- **5.** Number for Outgoing Calls: Assign an outgoing number for this phone.
- **6.** Number for Incoming Calls: Tick the incoming number for this phone.
- 7. VAD Support: VAD (Voice Activation Detection) prevents transmitting the silence packets to consume the bandwidth. It is also known as Silence Suppression, a software application that ensures bandwidth when voice activity is activated.
- 8. Adjust the Speaker Gain slider to control the speaker sound.
- **9.** Adjust the Mic Gain slider to control the speaker sound of microphone.

#### 10. Click OK to make the settings effective.

# **Done!** Now your telephony devices are bound to different incoming call numbers and outgoing call numbers.

Ø Tips:

Internal number showed on the table are used to make calls between telephony devices connected to the same modem router. It is preset and cannot be changed.

# 6.6. Call Log

I want to: Have a call list recording detailed information of incoming calls and outgoing calls on your modem router.

How can I do that?

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Telephony > Call Log.

Call Log					
Call Log:					
Push Notification via E-m	nail for Misse	d Calls:			
				💍 Refresh 🧲	Delete All
Date/Time	Туре	Duration (hh:mm:ss)	Number/Contacts	Device Number	Telephony Device

3. Enable Call Log.

# **Done!** From now on, all calls in and out are recorded here. If you've already had a telephone book, name of the contact would be shown on the call list.

🖉 Tips:

You can enable Push Notification via E-mail for Missed Calls to have e-mail sent to you informing you of the latest events that you are interested in, such as missed calls or voice mails. You should first go to Advanced > System Tools > Push Service page to enable Push Notification via E-mail, and click ⑦ to see the help page for detailed configuration about Push Service.

# 6.7. Calling via Which Number

# I want to: Use different outgoing numbers to call different types of numbers.

For example, one of my phone number has a relatively low charge in making long distance calls. I want all long distance calls to be dialed via this number.

#### How can I do that?

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- Go to Advanced > Telephony > Call Rules. Click Add to set call rules.

Call Rules				
				🕂 Add 😑 Delete All
Call Type or Prefix	Number	for Outgoing Calls		Modify
-		-		-
Call Type or Prefix:		Long Distance	▼	
Number for Outgoing Calls:		-Please Select-	•	
			Cancel	Save

- **3.** Choose Long Distance in Call Type or Prefix. Prefixes and call types can vary according to your own circumstances.
- **4.** In Number for Outgoing Calls, choose the number that has low charge in making long distance calls.
- 5. Click OK to make the settings effective.
- **Done!** From now on, whenever you are dialing a long distance call, the call is made via the number you chose in step 5.
- In addition: Call type can vary according to your circumstances. You can also set prefix by choosing Calls with Specific Number Prefix in Call Type or Prefix. When a prefix is set, all numbers with this prefix is called via the assigned number.

# 6.8. Call Blocks

When you do not want calls to be received or dialed, use call block functions. This part consists of three functions: Do Not Disturb, Block Certain Calls and Prevent from Dialing.

### 6.8.1. Do Not Disturb

I want to: Have no telephone ring at a certain period of time.

### How can I do that?

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Telephony > DND & Call Blocking.

DND (Do Not Disturb)					
DND:					
Daily					
<ul> <li>Saturday and Sunday</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Monday to Friday</li> </ul>					
From:	0	•	:	0	•
To:	6	▼	:	0	•

- 3. Enable DND.
- 4. Set the day(s) when DND is enabled.
- 5. Click Save to make the settings effective.
- Done! Now, within this period of time, no telephone will ring, but all incoming calls would be recorded in call log. Enjoy your peaceful time and when you are back, check the call log to see what was missed.

#### 6.8.2. Blocking Certain Calls

How can I

do that?

I want to: Block certain calls, for example, the anonymous calls, or calls from the annoying salesmen.

- Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
  - 2. Go to Advanced > Telephony > DND & Call Blocking.

Call Blocking		
Incoming Calls		
🕀 Ad	d 😑 Delete All	
Number	Modify	
-		

- 3. Click Add under Incoming Calls.
- 4. Choose to block a specific number or anonymous calls.

- 5. Click OK to make the settings effective.
- **Done!** From now on, these calls are all automatically blocked by your modem router.

#### 6.8.3. Prevent from Dialing

- I want to: Prevent my modem router from dialing a certain type of numbers. For example, it costs a lot to call a mobile phone via my telephone number, so I don't want anyone to call a mobile phone using my number.
- How can I1. Visit <a href="http://tplinkmodem.net">http://tplinkmodem.net</a>, and log in with your TP-Link IDdo that?or the password you set for the router.
  - 2. Go to Advanced > Telephony > DND & Call Blocking.

Call Blocking			
	Ou	itgoing Calls	
		<b>(</b> )	Add 😑 Delete All
		Call Type or Prefix	Modify
			-

- 3. Click Add under Outgoing Calls.
- 4. Choose to prevent mobile phone from being dialed. Number type may vary according to your circumstances.
- 5. Click OK to make the settings effective.
- **Done!** Now your modem router will prevent all mobile phone from being dialed.
- In addition: Number type may vary according to your circumstances. You can also set prefix by choosing Calls with Specific Number Prefix. When a prefix is set, all numbers with this prefix is prevented from being called.

### 6.9. Forwarding Calls

I want to: Forward some incoming calls to a designated telephone number. For example, when no one answers the incoming call, it would be How can I

do that?

forwarded to my mobile phone so that I won't miss it.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Telephony > Call Forwarding. Click Add to set how calls should be forwarded.

all Forwarding					
				G	Add 😑 Delete /
Calls	Forward via	Destination Numbe	r Forward Type	e Status	Modify
			-		-
Select the incom	ing calls to be forwarded	J.			
All Incoming	Calls				
<ul> <li>Calls to the T</li> </ul>	elephone Number		-Please Select-	▼	
<ul> <li>Calls to the F</li> </ul>	Phone		-Please Select-	▼	
<ul> <li>Calls from a</li> </ul>	Person in the Telephone	Book	-Please Select-	▼	
<ul> <li>Calls from the</li> </ul>	e Telephone Number				
Set Forwarding F	Rules:				
Destination Tele	phone Number:				
Forward the Call	ls via:	Auto	T		
Call Forward Co	ndition:	Unconditional	W		
			Can	cel	Save

- **3**. Select the incoming calls to be forwarded: Choose to forward which call or call type.
- **4.** Destination Telephone Number: Set the destination where calls should be forwarded.
- 5. Forward the Calls via: Choose via which phone number the calls will be forwarded.
- 6. Call Forward Condition: Choose the forwarding type (Unconditional or No Answer) of the entry.
- 7. Click OK to make the settings effective.
- **Done!** Now your modem router will automatically forward the call according to your rule.

## 6.10. Call Through

I want to: Call someone through my telephone number registered on my modem router.

For example, I am away from home, and want to call a friend who is aboard. I can call the friend using my mobile phone of course, but that would cost a huge sum. Meantime, my telephone number has a low charge in making international calls. So it would be great if I can call the friend using my mobile phone and my telephone number. Fortunately, you can do that.

How can I do that?

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Telephony > Call Through. Enable Call Through.

Call Through		
Call Through:		
Number for Incoming:	-Please Select-	▼
Number for Outgoing Calls:	Auto	▼
PIN:	0000	
Only Accept Calls from the Number Bel     Add More Numbers	ow	

- **3.** Number for Incoming: Select the number you are going to use to call home via your mobile.
- 4. Number for Outgoing: Select the number you are going to use to call your friend who is abroad.
- 5. If you tick Only Accept Calls from the Numbers below, you should add numbers that are allowed to use Call Through function on your modem router. In this example, add your mobile number.
- 6. Click Save to make the settings effective.

**Done!** Now you could follow the process below to call your friend using your mobile phone and telephone number:

- **1.** Use your mobile to call the incoming number you selected in step 4.
- 2. Put in the PIN code when you hear the tone, remember to end the PIN with a "#". Change of the default PIN code is recommended.
- 3. Dial the number of your friend.
- **4.** At this time, your friend will receive a call from the outgoing number your selected in step 5. You can talk to your friend from your mobile phone.

# 6.11. tpPhone

tpPhone is an App allowing you to make and receive calls through VoIP modem router. Follow the steps below to configure tpPhone settings:

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Telephony > tpPhone and you will see the following screen.

tpPhone Settings				
tpPhone				
Registration				
		-	stration a PIN is required. Define the PIN gured. You can keep this PIN or enter	
PIN:	0000			
			Save	

- 3. Enable tpPhone and it is enabled by default.
- **4.** The PIN code is used when registering tpPhone on the modem router. You can change it by entering a new one in the field.
- 5. Click Save to make the settings effective.

You can go to the App Store or Google Play or scan the QR code below to download tpPhone and start to make phones over the internet.



# 6.12. Voice Mail

l want to:	Allow the caller who is not answered to leave a voice mail.							
	the m	For example, I'm on my vocation, and cannot receive any call at the moment. If people who called can leave a voice mail, I would know what was going on when I was absent from home.						
How can I do that?	OI	isit <u>http://tplinkmo</u> r the password you o to Advanced > T	u set for the	router.	your T	P-Link ID		
	Voice	Mail Settings						
	Voice M	lail:						
	No Ans	wer Time:	18		(5-60s)			
	Greetin	g for Voice Mail:	defau	lt 🔍				
	Note: P mail.	ick up the phone (analog phone or E	DECT handset) and dial *	30 to record a personali	zed greeting t	for your voice		
	Voice N	lail Duration:	60		(20-120s)	)		
	Remote	Access to Voice Mail:						
	Remote	Access PIN:	0000					
		o access your voice mail remotely, di our Remote Access PIN when promp		ng calls. When your pers	sonal greeting	) starts, press *.		
	Push N	otification via E-mail for Voice Mails:						
	Expand	Storage Capacity with USB Storage	e Device:					
		ter can record voice messages with lessages.	a total length of 4 hours 3	26 minutes. Pick up the p	phone and dia	al *20 to listen to		
						Save		
	Voice	Mail List						
	Back	t Up Voice Mails from the Flash			🖒 Refrest	n 😑 Delete All		
	Stored	Date/Time	Incoming Number	Telephone Number	Duration (hh:mm:ss)	Setting		
	-	-	-	-		-		

3. Enable Voice Mail.

- 4. Set the "No answer" Time. A time period. If the call is not answered within this time period, the caller can leave a voice mail.
- 5. Choose greetings for your Voice Mail. You can record the greeting by dialing *30 on the keyboard of your telephone.
- 6. Set how long a voice mail can last at Voice Mail Duration.
- 7. If you want to access your voice mail remotely, enable Remote Access Voice Mail and create a new Remote Access PIN to make this function available. You need to enter this new PIN when listening to your voice mails remotely.
- 8. You can enable Push Notification via E-mail for Voice Mails to have e-mail sent to you informing you of voice mails. You should first go to Advanced > System Tools > Push Service page to enable Push Notification via E-mail, and click to see the help page for detailed configuration about Push Service.
- 9. If you have inserted a USB storage device, you can enable Expand Storage Capacity with USB Storage Device to save voice mails to your USB storage device after the internal flash is full.
- **10.** Click Save to make the settings effective.

**Done!** When a voice mail is recorded, the modem router will display it in the following table.

Баск Ор	Voice Mails from the Fla			🖰 Refresh	😑 Delete A
Stored in	Date/Time	Incoming Number	Telephone Number	Duration (hh:mm:ss)	Setting
	_	_	_	_	

There are three ways to listen to these voice mails.

- Click 🕑 on the table to listen.
- Press *20 on the telephone keyboard to listen.
- Dial the number of your telephone, press * when you hear the greeting and follow the voice prompt to enter the Remote Access PIN to listen.

# Chapter 7

# OneMesh with Seamless Roaming

This chapter introduces the TP-Link OneMesh[™] feature.

It contains the following sections:

- Set Up a OneMesh Network
- Manage Devices in the OneMeshTM Network

TP-Link OneMesh[™] औ router and TP-Link OneMesh[™] औ extenders work together to form one unified Wi-Fi network. Walk through your home and stay connected with the fastest possible speeds thanks to OneMesh's seamless coverage.

# 🚖 Unified Wi-Fi Network

Router and extenders share the same wireless settings, including network name, password, access control settings and more.

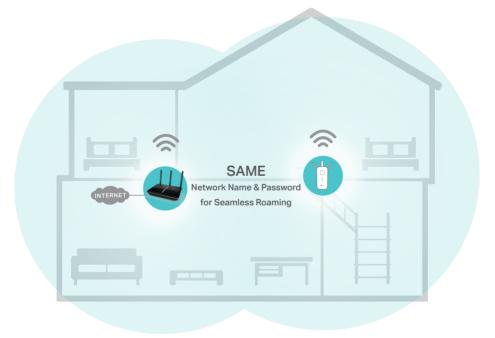
### Beamless Roaming

Devices automatically switch between your router and extenders as you move through your home for the fastest possible speeds.

## 🙆 Easy Setup and Management

Set up a OneMesh[™] network with a push of WPS buttons. Manage all network devices on the Tether app or at your router's web management page.

### Unified OneMesh[™] Network



# 7.1. Set Up a OneMesh Network

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Basic > OneMesh or Advanced > Wireless > OneMesh.

#### Note:

Chapter 7

Early firmware versions may not support OneMesh[™]. If you can't find the OneMesh page, please upgrade your router to the latest firmware version. For upgrade instructions, refer to <u>Update the Firmware</u>.

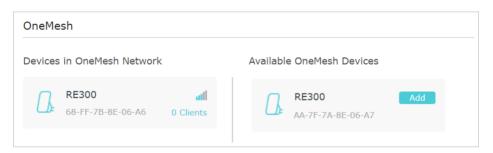
OneMesh					
No OneMesh device to work with this mesh router. View OneMesh Device List					
In a OneMesh network, your mobile device will seamle provides the fastest speed as you move through your					
© OneMesh Network	Common Network				

3. Connect one or more OneMesh[™] extenders to this router by following the setup instructions in the extenders' manuals.

#### Note:

To check full list of TP-Link OneMesh[™] devices, visit <u>https://www.tp-link.com/onemesh/compatibility</u>.

4. If you have set up an extender to join the OneMesh[™] network, it will be listed in the Devices in OneMesh Network list. Otherwise, you need to find it in the Available OneMesh Devices list and click Add to add it to the OneMesh[™] network.



Now your router and extenders successfully form one OneMesh™ network!

# 7. 2. Manage Devices in the OneMesh[™] Network

In a OneMesh[™] network, you can manage all mesh devices and clients on your router's web page.

- To view all mesh devices and clients in the OneMesh[™] network:
- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Basic > Network Map.
- 3. Click the Mesh Devices, Wired Clients, or Wireless Clients icon to view the related device or client list.

	Inter	net	2.4GH	2 5GH2	2 Devices
W	Vired Clients	Wircless Clie	nts		USB Disk
esh D					
esh De	Name	Model	Status	Location	Modity
		Model RE300	Status	Location	Modity

- To manage each OneMesh[™] device in the network:
- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Basic > OneMesh or Advanced > Wireless > OneMesh.

OneMesh					
Devices	in OneMesh Network		Available OneMesh Devices		
	RE300 68-FF-7B-8E-06-A6	<b>all</b> 3 Clients	No more OneMesh device to be added.		
	<b>RE300</b> AA-7F-7A-8E-06-A7	<b>all</b> 2 Clients			

3. Click a OneMesh[™] device to view the device information, or click <number> Clients to view the clients connected to this device.

On the Device Info page, you can:

- Click Manage Device to redirect to the web mangement page of this OneMesh[™] device.
- Click Leave OneMesh to delete this device from the OneMesh[™] network.

Manage Device		
Name:	RE300	
Location:	Living Room 👻	
IP Address:	192.168.0.30	
MAC Address:	68-FF-7B-8E-06-A6	
Signal Strength:	all	
Link Speed:	233Mbps (2.4GHz) 150Mbps (5GHz)	

# Chapter 8

# IPTV

IPTV is the abbreviation of Internet Protocol Television. The service can only be delivered through the Internet, and our modem router provides a specific LAN port for IPTV.

By automatically separating IPTV from Internet surfing, you can enjoy a high quality of video streaming and fast browsing speeds at the same time.

#### I want to:

Configure the modem router to enable Internet Protocol Television (IPTV) Services.

For example, I already bought IPTV service, but this service can only be delivered through the Internet. Therefore, I need to configure my modem router first.

### How can I do that?

. .

1. Visit http://tplinkmodem.net, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.

2.	Go to Advanced > IPTV to open the configuration page.

IPTV				
IPTV:	Enable			
Profile:	Others	w		
VLAN Tag:	Enable			
VLAN Tag:	-1	(1-4094)		
Priority:	-1	(0-7)		
Connection Type:	Bridge 💌			
LAN Port:	🗷 LAN1 🗆 LAN2 🔲 LAI	13		
		Save		

- 3. Check Enable to enable IPTV function.
- 4. Select your ISP from the Profile drop-down listand and then the VLAN ID will be automatically filled in. If your ISP is not listed, select Others and then configure your VLAN ID using the parameters provided by your IPTV service provider.
- 5. Select a connection type from the Profile drop-down listand according to your IPTV connection. If you select Bridge, specify a LAN port for the IPTV connection and connect the set-top box to this port.
- 6. Click Save to make the settings effective.

### Done!

Modem router configuration is complete! You may still need to configure settings on your set-top box before enjoying your IPTV service.

# Chapter 9

# **Guest Network**

This function allows you to provide Wi-Fi access for guests without disclosing your main network. When you have guests in your house, apartment, or workplace, you can create a guest network for them. In addition, you can assign network authorities and bandwidth for guests to ensure network security, privacy, and fluency.

- <u>Create a Network for Guests</u>
- <u>Customize Guest Network Options</u>

# 9.1. Create a Network for Guests

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Guest Network. Locate the Wireless Settings section.
- 3. Create 2.4GHz and 5GHz guest network according to your needs.

Wireless		
2.4GHz Wireless:	Enable Guest Network	
Network Name (SSID):	TP-LINK_Guest_0969	Hide SSID
5GHz Wireless:	Enable Guest Network	
Network Name (SSID):	TP-LINK_Guest_0969_5G	Hide SSID
Security:	No Security     No Security     WPA/WPA2 Pers	sonal
Version:	O Auto I WPA2-PSK	
Encryption:	🔿 Auto 🔿 TKIP 💿 AES	
Password:	password_1234	
		Save

- Enable 2.4GHz Wireless or 5GHz Wireless or enable both according to your needs.
- 2) Set an easy-to-identify SSID. Don't select Hide SSID unless you want your guests and other people to manually input this SSID for Wi-Fi access.
- 3) Set Security to WPA/WPA2 Personal, keep the default Version and Encryption values, and set an easy-to-remember password. 2.4GHz and 5GHz guest networks share the same password.
- 4. Click Save. Now your guests can access your guest network using the SSID and password you set!

Ø Tips:

To view guest network information, go to Advanced > Status and find the Guest Network section.

# 9.2. Customize Guest Network Options

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Guest Network.

Settings		
	✓ Allow Guests to Access Each Other	
	Allow Guests to Access My Local Network	
	Allow Guests to Access My USB Storage Sharing	
QoS Settings:	Enable QoS for Guest Network	
		Save

- 3. Assign network authorities and bandwidth according to your needs.
  - Allow Guests to Access Each Other

Select this check box to allow the clients in your guest network to access each other's files.

Allow Guests to Access My Local Network

Select this check box to allow the clients in your guest network to access your local network, not just the internet.

Allow Guests to Access My USB Storage Sharing

Select this check box to allow the clients in your guest network to access your router's USB storage sharing.

• Enable QoS for Guest Network

Select this check box to set the QoS Priority of the guest network. This option is available only when QoS is enabled on the Advanced > QoS page.

QoS Settings:	Enable QoS for a second sec	r Guest Network	
QoS Priority:	Low	Ŧ	
			Save

4. Click Save. Now users in your guest network can enjoy only the network authorities at the priority you assigned!

Ø Tips:

To view guest network information, go to Advanced > Status and find the Guest Network section.

# Chapter 10

# **USB Settings**

This chapter describes how to use the USB ports to share files, and media from the USB storage devices over your home network locally, or remotely through the internet.

The modem router supports USB external flash drives, and hard drives.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- <u>Access the USB Storage Device</u>
- Media Sharing
- 3G/4G Settings

# 10.1. Access the USB Storage Device

# Insert your USB storage device into the modem router's USB port and then access files stored there locally or remotely.

- Ø Tips:
- If you use USB hubs, make sure no more than 4 devices are connected to the modem router.
- If the USB storage device requires using bundled external power, make sure the external power has been connected.
- If you use a USB hard drive, make sure its file system is FAT32 or NTFS. Some modem routers also support the HFS+ and exFAT file systems.
- Before you physically disconnect a USB device from the modem router, safely remove it to avoid data damage: Go to Advanced > USB Sharing > USB Storage Device and click Remove.

### 10.1.1. Access the USB Device Locally

Insert your USB storage device into the modem router's USB port and then refer to the following table to access files stored on your USB storage device:

	• Method 1:						
		then click the Network Server Name default) in the Computer section.					
	<ul> <li>Note:</li> <li>1. Operations in different systems are similar. Here we take Windows 7 as an example</li> <li>2. Network Server Name can be customized on the web management page.</li> </ul>						
	G ⊂ • Network File Edit View Tools						
Windows	Organize 🔻 Network a	and Sharing Center Add a printer					
computer	🔶 Favorites	Computer (3)					
	🥽 Libraries	ARCHER_					
	輚 Homegroup	Media Devices (1)					
	1 Computer						
	👊 Network	<ul> <li>Network Infrastructure (1)</li> </ul>					
		Antes 33					

Windows computer	• Method 2: Open the Windows Explorer (or go to Computer) and type the server address \tplinkmodem.net or ftp://tplinkmodem.net in the address bar, then press Enter.
	File Edit View Tools Help Organize  Include in library
Мас	<ol> <li>Select Go &gt; Connect to Server</li> <li>Type the server address smb://tplinkmodem.net</li> <li>Click Connect</li> <li>Connect to Server</li> <li>Server Address:</li> <li>smb://tplinkmodem.net</li> <li>Favorite Servers:</li> </ol>
	<ul> <li>(? Remove Browse Connect</li> <li>4) When prompted, select the Guest radio box. (If you have set up a username and a password to deny anonymous access to the USB disks, you should select the Registered User radio box. To learn how to set up an account for the access, refer to To Set up Authentication for Data Security.)</li> <li>(? Tips: You can also use the FTP, http and SFTP methods to access the USB storage device.</li> </ul>
Tablet	Use a third-party app for network files management.

### 10. 1. 2. Access the USB Device Remotely

You can access your USB disk outside the local area network. For example, you can:

- Share photos and other large files with your friends without logging in to (and paying for) a photo-sharing site or email system.
- Get a safe backup for the materials for a presentation.
- Save and remove the files on your camera's memory card during your travels.

#### Note:

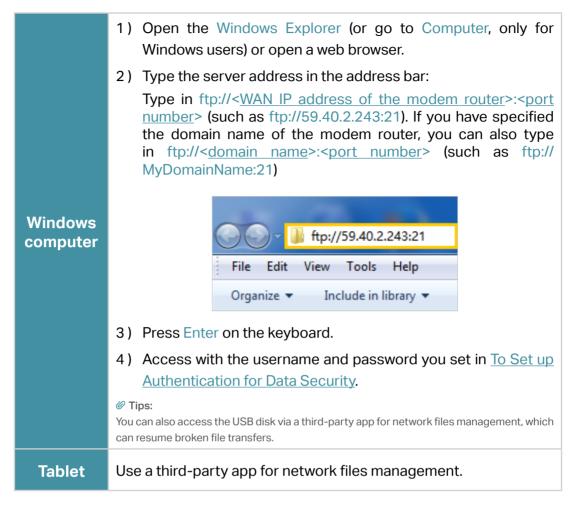
If your ISP assigns a private WAN IP address (such as 192.168.x.x or 10.x.x.x), you cannot use this feature because private addresses are not routed on the internet.

#### Follow the steps below to configure remote access settings.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, then log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the modem router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > USB Sharing > USB Storage Device page and locate the Sharing Settings section.
- 3. Select the check box to enable FTP (via Internet), or https (via Internet), or SFTP (via Internet), then click Save.

etwork/Media Se	rver Name:	MyShare		
Enable	Acces	Access Method Access Address		Port
	Media Server		55a)	
	Network Neighborhood		\\MyShare	
	FTP		ftp://192.168.1.1:21	21
	FTP(vi	a Internet)	ftp://0.0.0.0:21	21

4. Refer to the following table to access your USB disk remotely.



Ø Tips:

Click Set Up a Dynamic DNS Service Account to learn how to set up a domain name for your modem router.

### 10. 1. 3. Customize the Access Settings

By default, all the network clients can access all folders on your USB disk. You can customize your sharing settings by setting a sharing account, sharing specific contents and setting a new sharing address on the modem router's web management page.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, then log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the modem router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > USB Sharing > USB Storage Device page.
- To Customize the Address of the USB Disk

You can customize the server name and use the name to access your USB disk.

1. On the Sharing Settings part, make sure Network Neighborhood is ticked, and enter a Network/Media Server Name as you like, such as MyShare, then click Save.

vork/Media Se	rver Name:	MyShare		
Enable	Acces	s Method	Access Address	Port
	Media Server			1
	Network Neighborhood		\\MyShare	141
	FTP		ftp://192.168.1.1:21	21
	FTP(vi	a Internet)	ftp://0.0.0.0:21	21

- 2. Now you can access the USB disk by visiting \\MyShare (for Windows) or smb:// MyShare (for Mac).
- To Only Share Specific Content
- 1. Focus on the Folder Sharing section. Click the button to disable Share All, then click Add to add a new sharing folder.

are Al	l:	(					Add 😑 Dele
	ID	Folder Name	Folder Path	Media Sharing	Volume Name	Status	Modify
		-	-	-			
V	olume	Name:	G:	v			
F	older F	Path:	G:/.TPDLNA		Br	owse	
F	older N	Name:	TPDLNA				
			Enable Auther	ntication			
		sable authentication of the second seco	on, <mark>if you are still as</mark> k	ked to login, ty	pe "guest'	' in accoun	t and leave the
			Enable Write	Access			
			Enable Media	Sharing			

- 2. Select the Volume Name and Folder Path, then enter a Folder Name as you like.
- 3. Decide the way you share the folder:

- Enable Authentication: Select to enable authentication for this folder sharing, and you will be required to log in to the Sharing Account to access the USB disk. Refer to <u>To Set up Authentication for Data Security</u> to learn more.
- Enable Write Access: If you tick this check box, network clients can modify this folder.
- Enable Media Sharing: Tick to enable media sharing for this folder, and you can view photos, play music and watch movies stored on the USB disk directly from DLNA-supported devices. Refer to <u>Media Sharing</u> to learn more.

#### 4. Click Save.

#### Ø Tips:

The modem router can share eight volumes at most. You can click Q on the page to detach the corresponding volume you do not need to share.

older	Sharin	ıg					
are Al	11:	(				0	Add 😑 Delet
	ID	Folder Name	Folder Path	Media Sharing	Volume Name	Status	Modify
	1	1	G:/.TPDLNA	Off	sda1	8	0

#### To Set up Authentication for Data Security

You can set up authentication for your USB device so that network clients will be required to enter the username and password when accessing the USB disk.

1. Under Sharing Account, choose Use Default Account or Use New Account. The username and password are both admin for the default account. If your choose Use New Account, you have to customize the username and a password.

Sharing Account	
Content sharing requires	a sharing account. You can use the login account or create a new one.
Account:	Use Default Account
	<ul> <li>Use New Account</li> </ul>
Username:	admin
Password:	Ø (Same as Login Password)
	Save

#### Note:

For Windows users, do not set the sharing username the same as the Windows username. Otherwise, Windows credential mechanism may cause the following problems:

- If the sharing password is also the same as the Windows password, authentication will not work since the Windows system will automatically use its account information for USB access.
- If the sharing password is different from the Windows password, the Windows system will be unable to remember your credentials and you will always be required to enter the sharing password for USB access.

- 2. Specify the folder(s) to enable authentication.
  - If you want to enable authentication for all folders, leave Share All enabled, and toggle on Enable Authentication.

Folder Sharing		
Share All:		
Enable Authentication:		

• If you want to enable authentication for specific folders, disable Share All and click Add to specify the folders, and select Enable Authentication.

are Al	Ŀ					e	Add 😑 Delet
	ID	Folder Name	Folder Path	Media Sharing	Volume Name	Status	Modify
		-	-	12		-	-
V	olume	Name:	G:	v			
F	older F	Path:	G:/.TPDLNA		B	owse	
F	older N	lame:	TPDLNA				
			Enable Authe	ntication			
		sable authentica ord blank.	tion, if you are still ask	ed to login, ty	pe "guest	' in account	t and leave the
8			Enable Write	Access			
			Enable Media	Sharing			

#### Note:

Due to Windows credential mechanism, you might be unable to access the USB disk after changing Authentication settings. Please log out from the Windows and try to access again. Or you can change the address of the USB disk by referring to <u>To Customize the Address of the USB Disk</u>.

# 10.2. Media Sharing

Media Sharing allows you to view photos, play music and watch movies stored on the USB disk directly from DLNA-supported devices, such as your computer, tablet or games console.

1. When your USB disk is inserted into the modem router, your DLNA-supported devices (such as your computer and tablet) connected to the modem router can detect and play the media files on the USB disks.

2. Refer to the following table for detailed instructions.



# 10.3. 3G/4G Settings

The modem router can be used as a 3G/4G wireless router if you have a 3G/4G USB modem. There are two ways to use your 3G/4G network:

- As a backup solution for internet access
- As the only way to access the internet

### 10. 3. 1. As a Backup Solution for Internet Access

Using 3G/4G network as a backup solution for internet access, your modem router will be directly connected to the 3G/4G network when the original network service fails.

Follow the steps below to set your 3G/4G network as a backup for internet access:

- 1. Plug your USB modem into the USB port of your modem router.
- 2. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, then log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the modem router.
- **3.** Go to Advanced > USB Settings > 3G/4G Settings, and select the box of Enable 3G/4G as a backup solution for Internet access.

3G/4G Settings	
mode to 3G/4G Router mode.	n the current operation mode. Please enable 3G/4G backup or change the operation
<ul> <li>Enable 3G/4G as a backup solutio</li> </ul>	n for Internet access
3G/4G USB Modem:	Detected successfully.
PIN Status:	Unknown
Mobile ISP:	3
🗌 Set Dial Number, APN, Username	and Password manually
Authentication Type:	Auto 🔻
Connection Status:	Disconnected
Or Advanced	
3G/4G USB Modem Settings	Save

#### 4. Verify that your 3G/4G USB Modem is successfully identified.

Note:

The 3G/4G USB modem will not be identified if it is incompatible with the modem router. Find the 3G/4G Compatibility List on the web page: <u>http://www.tp-link.com/en/comp-list.html</u>. If your USB modem is incompatible, contact our technical support.

- 5. Verify that the modem router has correctly recognized your Mobile ISP. When your Mobile ISP is correct, you have successfully set 3G/4G network as a backup solution for internet access. Otherwise, select the box Set the Dial Number, APN, Username and Password manually and enter the information provided by your 3G/4G network service provider.
- 6. Click Advanced to have more configurations if needed.
- 7. Click Save to make the settings effective.

### 10. 3. 2. As the Only Way to Access the Internet

If you want the 3G/4G network to be your only way to access the internet, follow the steps below to configure:

- 1. Plug your USB modem into the USB port of your modem router.
- 2. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the modem router.
- 3. Go to Advanced > Operation Mode and choose 3G/4G Router Mode.
- 4. Click Save and when the modem router is successfully rebooted, the settings will be effective.
- 5. Go to Advanced > USB Sharing > 3G/4G Settings.

3G/4G Settings		
3G/4G USB Modem:	Detected successfully.	
PIN Status:	Unknown	
Mobile ISP:	3	•
🗌 Set Dial Number, APN, Username	and Password manually	
Connection Mode:	Auto	
Authentication Type:	Auto	
Connect Disconnect Co	nnecting	
Advanced		
3G/4G USB Modem Settings		Save

#### 6. Verify that your 3G/4G USB Modem is successfully detected.

#### Note:

If your 3G/4G USB modem is incompatible with the modem router, it will not be identified. Find the 3G/4G Compatibility List on the web page: <u>http://www.tp-link.com/en/comp-list.html</u>. If your USB modem is incompatible, contact our technical support.

- 7. Verify that the modem router has correctly recognized your Mobile ISP. When your Mobile ISP is correct, you can enjoy the internet! Otherwise, select the box Set the Dial Number, APN, Username and Password manually and enter the information provided by your 3G/4G network service provider.
- 8. Select the Connection Mode. The default mode is Always on. You can choose Connect on demand or Connect manually.

- If you choose Connect manually, you need to click the Connect or Disconnect button to manually turn on or off the internet.
- If you choose Connect on demand, the network will automatically turn off when there is no internet request in Max Idle Time, and turn on again when you try to connect to the internet.
- 9. Click Advanced to have more configurations if needed.
- **10.** Click Save to make the settings effective.

Chapter 11

# **Parental Controls**

This function allows you to block inappropriate, explicit and malicious websites and limit internet access during specified time periods.

#### I want to:

Control what types of websites my children or other home network users can visit and the time of day they are allowed to access the internet.

For example, I want to allow my children's devices (for example, a computer or a tablet) to access only www.tp-link.com and wikipedia.org from 18:00 (6PM) to 22:00 (10PM) on weekdays and not other time.

#### How can I do that?

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Basic or Advanced > Parental Controls and enable Parental Controls.

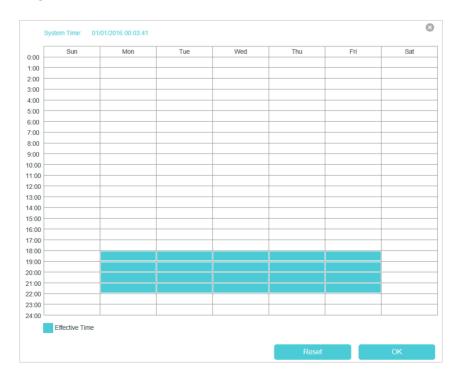
Parental (	Contro	le:					
ratematy	Jonuo	15.					
Devices	Und	er Parental Controls	5				
The Effect	tive Tin	ne is based on the time	of the router. The time can b	e set in "Adva	nced > System To	ols > Time (	Settings"
						h 🕂 Add	-
	ID	Device Name	MAC Address	Effective Time	Description	Status	Modif
		-	-		_		
Content	Rest	riction					
Content F	estrict	ion:	0				
Restrictio	n Polic	ey: 💿	Blacklist 🔘 Whitelist				
	Now	Keyword					
🔂 Add i	anew	Reyword					

3. Click Add.

[	Devices	Und	er Parental Control	S				
٦	The Effec	tive Ti	me is based on the time	of the router. The time can be	set in "Adva	nced > System To	ols > Time S	Settings".
						O Refrest	h 🛨 Add	Delete
		ID	Device Name	MAC Address	Effective Time	Description	Status	Modify
				-				
	D	evice	Name:			Scan		
	Μ	AC Ac	ldress:		-			
	E	ffective	e Time:	۲				
	D	escrip	tion:					
				Enable This Entry				
						Cancel	Save	
l								

- 4. Click Scan, and add the device to be controlled. Or, enter the Device Name and MAC Address manually.
- 5. Click the Sicon to set the Effective Time. Drag the cursor over the appropriate cell(s) and click OK.

Note: The time of Parental Controls is based on the system time of the modem router. Please go to Advanced > System Tools > Time Settings to set the correct time..



- 6. Enter a Description for the entry.
- 7. Select the check box to enable this entry and click OK.
- 8. Enable Content Restriction and select the restriction mode.

- 1) In Blacklist mode, the controlled devices cannot access any websites containing the specified keywords during the Effective Time period.
- 2) In Whitelist mode, the controlled devices can only access websites containing the specified keywords during the Effective Time period.

Content Restriction		
Restriction Type:	O Blacklist   Whitelist	
🕂 Add a New Keyword		
www.tp-link.com	\varTheta wikipedia	
		Save

- **9.** Click Add a New Keyword. You can add many keywords for both Blacklist and Whitelist. Below are some sample entries to allow access.
  - 1) Enter a web address (for example, www.tp-link.com) or a web address keyword (for example, wikipedia) to only allow or block access to the websites containing that keyword.
  - 2) Specify the domain suffix (for example, .edu or .org) to allow access only to the websites with that suffix.
- **10.** Enter the keywords or websites you want to add and click Save.

### Done!

Now you can control your children's internet access according to your needs.

# Chapter 12

# QoS

This chapter explains how to create a QoS (Quality of Service) rule to prioritize your online activities, which minimizes the impact caused by heavy internet traffic.

It contains the following sections:

- Prioritize Internet Traffic with QoS
- Update the Database

# 12.1. Prioritize Internet Traffic with QoS

QoS (Quality of Service) is designed to ensure the efficient operation of the network when network congestion is encountered.

### I want to:

Specify priority levels for some devices or applications.

For example, I have several devices that are connected to my wireless network. I would like to set an intermediate speed on the internet for my phone.

### How can I do that?

- 1. Enable QoS and set bandwidth allocation.
  - 1) Visit<u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
  - 2) Go to Advanced > QoS > Settings.
  - 3) Select Enable QoS.
  - 4) Choose your Line Type.
  - 5) Input the maximum upload and download bandwidth provided by your internet service provider. 1Mbps equals to 1000Kbps.
  - 6) If you want to prioritize the IPTV traffic, select Enable, the IPTV Priority will be high.
  - 7) Click Advanced and drag the scroll bar to set the bandwidth priority percentage.
  - 8) Click Save.

QoS				
QoS:	Enable			
Line Type:	ADSL O VD	SL/3G/4G/Wir	eless Router Mode	
Upload Bandwidth:	1000	Mbps	¥	
Download Bandwidth:	1000	Mbps	W	
IPTV QoS:	Enable			
VoIP QoS:	Enable			
Advanced				
				Save

- 2. Add a middle priority QoS rule for the phone.
  - 1) Click Add in the Middle Priority area and then select By Device and click Scan.

QoS Rule	
Туре:	By Device O By Application
Device Name:	scan
MAC Address:	
	Cancel Save

2) Choose the respective device from the list.

				$\otimes$
ID	Device Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Operation
1	Unknown	192.168.1.200	50-E5-49-1E-06-80	0

3) Click Save.

				8
QoS Rule				
Туре:	By Device O By Application			
Device Name:	s	scan		
MAC Address:	50 - E5 - 49 - 1E - 06 - 80			
		Cancel	Save	

## 3. Refer to the steps above to apply other QoS rules if any.

Note:

If you want to delete a QoS rule, click 🧵 to remove the responding rule from the list.

## Done!

Now QoS is implemented to prioritize internet traffic.

## 12.2. Update the Database

This function can help to add or update the applications the router supports. If the applications you need are not listed in the Application list, you can try to download the new version and upgrade the database. New database versions are posted at <u>www.tp-link.com</u> and can be downloaded for free.

- 1. Download the latest QoS database from our website (<u>www.tp-link.com</u>).
- 2. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.

3. Go to Advanced > QoS > Database. Click Browse to select the database upgrade file, and then click Upgrade. Wait until the upgrade is complete and do not operate the router during the process.

Database Upgrade			
New Database File:		Browse	
Database Version:	1.5.0		
			Upgrade

# Chapter 13

# **Network Security**

This chapter guides you on how to protect your home network from unauthorized users by implementing these five network security functions. You can protect the router from cyber attacks using the Firewall, prevent certain users from accessing the specified service, and even block internet access completely using Service Filtering, or use Access Control to block or allow specific client devices to access your network. Or you can prevent ARP spoofing and ARP attacks by using IP & MAC Binding and you can protect your IPv6 network by preventing access from the internet using IPv6 Firewall.

- Firewall & DoS Protection
- <u>Service Filtering</u>
- <u>Access Control</u>
- IP & MAC Binding
- <u>IPv6 Firewall</u>

## 13.1. Firewall & DoS Protection

The SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection) Firewall and DoS (Denial of Service) Protection protect the router from cyber attacks.

The SPI Firewall can prevent cyber attacks and validate the traffic that is passing through the router based on the protocol. This function is enabled by default, and it's recommended to keep the default settings.

Firewall	
IPv4 SPI Firewall:	
IPv6 SPI Firewall:	

DoS Protection can protect your home network against DoS attacks from flooding your network with server requests. Follow the steps below to configure DoS Protection.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Security > Firewall & DoS Protection.

DoS Protection:		
DoS Protection		
ICMP-Flood Attack Filtering:	-Please Select-	•
UDP-Flood Attack Filtering:	-Please Select-	▼
TCP-Flood Attack Filtering:	-Please Select-	•

- 3. Enable DoS Protection.
- 4. Set the level (Low, Middle or High) of protection for ICMP-Flood Attack Filtering, UDP-Flood Attack Filtering and TCP-Flood Attack Filtering.
  - ICMP-Flood Attack Filtering Enable to prevent the ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol) flood attack.
  - UDP-Flood Attack Filtering Enable to prevent the UDP (User Datagram Protocol) flood attack.
  - TCP-Flood Attack Filtering Enable to prevent the TCP (Transmission Control Protocol) flood attack.

#### 5. Click Save.

🖉 Tips:

^{1.} The level of protection is based on the number of traffic packets. Specify the level at DoS Protection Level Settings.

os Protection Level Settings			
CMP-Flood Protection Level:	Low:	3600	(5-3600) packets/sec
	Middle:	2400	(5-3600) packets/sec
	High:	1200	(5-3600) packets/sec
DP-Flood Protection Level:	Low:	3600	(5-3600) packets/sec
	Middle:	2400	(5-3600) packets/sec
	High:	1200	(5-3600) packets/sec
CP-SYN-Flood Protection Level:	Low:	3600	(5-3600) packets/sec
	Middle:	2400	(5-3600) packets/sec
	High:	1200	(5-3600) packets/sec

2. The protection will be triggered immediately when the number of packets exceeds the preset threshold value, and the vicious host will be displayed in the Blocked DoS Host List.

Blocked DoS H	lost List		
Host Number: 0			💍 Refresh 😑 Delete
	ID	IP Address	MAC Address

## 13.2. Service Filtering

With Service Filtering, you can prevent certain users from accessing the specified service, and even block internet access completely.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Security > Service Filtering.
- 3. Toggle on Service Filtering.
- 4. Click Add.

ID         Service Type         Port         IP Address         Status         Mo						0	Refresh 🕂 Ad	d 😑 Dele
Service Type:     Any(ALL)       Protocol:     TCP/UDP       Starting Port:     1       Ending Port:     65535		ID	Service Type	Port		IP Address	Status	Modify
Protocol:     TCP/UDP       Starting Port:     1       Ending Port:     65535								
Starting Port:         1         (1-65535)           Ending Port:         65535         (1-65535)	Service	Туре:	Any(ALL)					
Ending Port: 65535 (1-65535)	Protocol	l:	TCP/UDP		T			
	Starting	Port:	1			(1-65535)		
Service Type: Any (ALL)	Ending I	Port:	65535			(1-65535)		
	Service	Туре:	Any(ALL)					
Filter Service For: O Single IP Address O IP Address Range      All IP Addresses	Filter Se	rvice For	Single IP Ac	Idress 🔿 IP /	Address	Range 💿 All IP	Addresses	

- 5. Select a Service Type from the drop-down list and the following four fields will be auto-populated. Select Custom when your desired service type is not listed, and enter the information manually.
- 6. Specify the IP address(es) that this filtering rule will apply to.

#### 7. Click Save.

Note: If you want to disable this entry, click the  ${f Q}$  icon.

## 13.3. Access Control

Access Control is used to block or allow specific client devices to access your network (via wired or wireless) based on a list of blocked devices (Blacklist) or a list of allowed devices (Whitelist).

#### I want to:

Block or allow specific client devices to access my network (via wired or wireless).

#### How can I do that?

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Security > Access Control and enable Access Control.

ccess C	ontrol				
ccess Con	trol:				
ccess M	lode				
ccess Moc	le:	Biacklin	st		
		O Whiteli	ist		
					Save
evices i	n Blackl	ist			
evices i	n Blackl	ist			🔁 Add 😑 Delet
)evices ii	n Blackl		ne	MAC Address	🔁 Add 🗢 Delet
		) Device Nan	ne	MAC Address	
	10	) Device Nan	ne		Modify
-	10	) Device Nan	ne		Modify 
-	10	) Device Nan	ne IP Address		22122030

3. Select the access mode to either block (recommended) or allow the device(s) in the list.

#### To block specific device(s)

- 1) Select Blacklist and click Save.
- 2) Select the device(s) to be blocked in the Online Devices table.
- 3) Click Block above the Online Devices table. The selected devices will be added to Devices in Blacklist automatically.

#### To allow specific device(s)

- 1) Select Whitelist and click Save.
- 2) Click Add.

				🔂 Add 😑 De
	ID	Device Name	MAC Address	Modify
-	-		-	-
Device	Name:		Scan	
MAC A	ddress:	14 MA	)	
			Cancel	Save

- 1) Click San and the Device Name and MAC Address will be automatically filled in. Or enter the Device Name and MAC Address manually.
- 2) Click Save.

### Done!

Now you can block or allow specific client devices to access your network (via wired or wireless) using the Blacklist or Whitelist.

# 13.4. IP & MAC Binding

IP & MAC Binding, namely, ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) Binding, is used to bind a network device's IP address to its MAC address. This will prevent ARP spoofing and other ARP attacks by denying network access to a device with a matching IP address in the Binding list, but an unrecognized MAC address.

## I want to:

Prevent ARP spoofing and ARP attacks.

## How can I do that?

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Security > IP & MAC Binding and enable IP & MAC Binding.

Setting	,5					
P & MA	C Bind	ing:				
lindin	g List					
, non i	g List				+ A	ld 😑 Delet
	ID	MAC Address	IP Address	Status	Enable	Modify
ARP L	ict		1			
					🖒 Refi	resh 🏉 Bin
	ID	Device Name	MAC Address	IP Address	Bour	nd Modi
	1	BRCM-CM	E8:94:F6:DE:AD:07	192.168.1.8	6 Unioa	ded
	2	Unknown	50:E5:49:1E:06:80	192.168.1.20	10 Unioa	ded

3. Bind your device(s) according to your needs.

#### To bind the connected device(s)

- 1) Select the device(s) to be bound in the ARP List.
- 2) Click Bind to add to the Binding List.

#### To bind the unconnected device

1) Click Add.

Bindin	g List					
					🕂 Ad	dd 😑 Delete
	ID	MAC Address	IP Address	Status	Enable	Modify
	MAC A	ddress:	E8:94:F6:DE:AD:07	)		
	IP Addr	ess:	1921.168.1.100			
			Enable			
				Cancel	OK	

- 2) Enter the MAC Address and IP Address that you want to bind.
- 3) Select the check box to enable the entry and click OK.

#### Done!

Enjoy the internet without worrying about ARP spoofing and ARP attacks.

## 13.5. IPv6 Firewall

IPv6 Firewall protects your IPv6 network by preventing access from the internet. However, when you are hosting a service, such as a file sharing server in your local network, you can choose to allow access to the server from the internet by adding entries on this page. This feature is available only when you've set up an IPv6 connection.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Security > IPv6 Firewall.
- 3. Click Add.

Pv6 Fir	ewall								
								🕂 Add	Delete
	ID	Service Type	P	ort	Internal IP		Protocol	Status	Modify
In	terface	Name:		pppoe	_ptm_101_0_d	T			
Se	ervice	Туре:					Scan		
Po	ort:						(XX-XX or XX)		
In	ternal I	P:					Scan		
Pr	rotocol	:		ALL		•			
				Enable	e This Entry				
							Cancel	Save	

- 4. Select an interface name from the drop-down list. Interface names are names of the internet connections you have set up.
- 5. Click Scan to select a service from the list to automatically populate the Port field with an appropriate port number. It is recommended to keep the default Port if you are unsure about which one to use. If the service is not listed, manually enter the Service Type and the Port number (e.g., 21 or 21-25).
- 6. Click Scan to select the local host device running the service. If the device is not listed, enter its global IPv6 address in the Internal IP field
- 7. Select a protocol for the service from the drop-down list.

8. Tick Enable This Entry and click Save.
Note: If you want to disable this entry, click the \$\varphi\$ icon.

# Chapter 14

# **NAT Forwarding**

Modem router's NAT (Network Address Translation) feature makes the devices in the LAN use the same public IP address to communicate in the internet, which protects the local network by hiding IP addresses of the devices. However, it also brings about the problem that external host cannot initiatively communicate with the specified device in the local network.

The modem router can use a forwarding feature to remove the isolation of NAT and allow external internet hosts to intuitively communicate with the devices in the local network, thus enabling some special features.

TP-Link modem router includes four forwarding rules. If two or more rules are set, the priority of implementation from high to low is Virtual Servers, Port Triggering, UPNP and DMZ.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Translate Address and Port by ALG
- Share Local Resources over the Internet by Virtual Server
- Open Ports Dynamically by Port Triggering
- <u>Make Applications Free from Port Restriction by DMZ</u>
- Make Xbox Online Games Run Smoothly by UPnP

# 14.1. Translate Address and Port by ALG

ALG (Application Layer Gateway) allows customized NAT (Network Address Translation) traversal filters to be plugged into the gateway to support address and port translation for certain application layer "control/data" protocols: FTP, TFTP, H323 etc. Enabling ALG is recommended.

1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.

ALG		
PPTP Pass-through:	Enable	
L2TP Pass-through:	Enable	
IPSec Pass-through:	Enable	
FTP ALG:	Enable	
TFTP ALG:	Enable	
H323 ALG:	Enable	
SIP ALG:	Enable	
RTSP ALG:	Enable	
		Save

2. Go to Advanced > NAT Forwarding > ALG.

- PPTP Pass-through: If enabled, it allows Point-to-Point sessions to be tunneled through an IP network and passed through the router.
- L2TP Pass-through: If enabled, it allows Layer 2 Point-to-Point sessions to be tunneled through an IP network and passed through the router.
- IPSec Pass-through: If enabled, it allows IPSec (Internet Protocol Security) to be tunneled through an IP network and passed through the router. IPSec uses cryptographic security services to ensure private and secure communications over IP networks.
- FTP ALG: If enabled, it allows FTP (File Transfer Protocol) clients and servers to transfer data via NAT.
- TFTP ALG: If enabled, it allows TFTP (Trivial File Transfer Protocol) clients and servers to transfer data via NAT.
- H323 ALG: If enabled, it allows Microsoft NetMeeting clients to communicate via NAT.
- SIP ALG: If enabled, it allows clients communicate with SIP (Session Initiation Protocol) servers via NAT.

• RTSP ALG: If enabled, it allows RTSP (Real-Time Stream Protocol) clients and servers to transfer data via NAT.

# 14.2. Share Local Resources over the Internet by Virtual Server

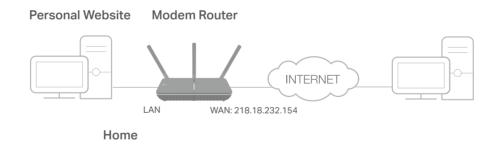
When you build up a server in the local network and want to share it on the internet, Virtual Server can realize the service and provide it to the internet users. At the same time virtual server can keep the local network safe as other services are still invisible from the internet.

Virtual server can be used for setting up public services in your local network, such as HTTP, FTP, DNS, POP3/SMTP and Telnet. Different service uses different service port. Port 80 is used in HTTP service, port 21 in FTP service, port 25 in SMTP service and port 110 in POP3 service. Please verify the service port number before the configuration.

## I want to:

Share my personal website I've built in a local network with my friends through the internet.

For example, the personal website has been built on my home PC (192.168.1.100). I hope that my friends can visit my website. The PC is connected to the modem router with the WAN IP address 218.18.232.154.



## How can I do that?

- 1. Assign a static IP address to your PC, for example 192.168.1.100.
- 2. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 3. Go to Advanced > NAT Forwarding > Virtual Servers, click Add.

rtual S	Serve	rs								
									🕂 Add	Delete
	ID	Service Type	External P	ort	Internal IP	Interr Por		Protocol	Status	Modify
		-			-					
					when there is an availabl Server will not take effect		ice. I	f the externa	al port is alre	ady used
Int	terface	e Name:		pppo	pe_ptm_0_0_d	Ŧ				
Se	ervice	Туре:		HTTF	>			Scan		
Ð	dernai	Port:		80			(XX	(-XX or XX)		
Int	ternal	IP:		192	. 168 . 1 .	100				
Int	ternal	Port:		80			(XX	Cor Blank, 1-	65535)	
Pr	otocol	l:		ТСР		W				
				Enal	ble This Entry					
							Car	ncel	Save	
							Jui		euve	

4. Click Scan, and choose HTTP. The external port, internal port and protocol will be automatically filled with contents. Enter the PC's IP address 192.168.1.100 in the Internal IP field.

#### 5. Click Save to save the settings.

- Ø Tips:
- 1. It is recommended to keep the default settings of Internal Port and Protocol if you are not clear about which port and protocol to use.
- 2. If the service you want to use is not in the Service Type, you can enter the corresponding parameters manually. You should verify the port number that the service needs.
- 3. You can add multiple virtual server rules if you want to provide several services from a modem router. Please note that the External Port cannot be overlapped.

### Done!

# Internet users can enter http://WAN IP (in this example: http://218.18.232.154) to visit your personal website.

- Ø Tips:
- For a WAN IP that is assigned dynamically by ISP, it is recommended to apply and register a domain name for the WAN by DDNS, go to <u>Set Up a Dynamic DNS Service Account</u> for more information. Then you can use http://domain name to visit the website.
- 2. If you have changed the default External Port, you should use http://WAN IP: External Port or http://domain name: External Port to visit the website.

# 14.3. Open Ports Dynamically by Port Triggering

Port triggering can specify a triggering port and its corresponding external ports. When a host in the local network initiates a connection to the triggering port, all the external ports will be opened for subsequent connections. The modem router can record the IP address of the host. When the data from the internet returns to the external ports, the modem router can forward them to the corresponding host. Port triggering is mainly applied to online games, VoIPs and video players. Common applications include MSN Gaming Zone, Dialpad, Quick Time 4 players, and so on.

Follow the steps below to configure the port triggering rules:

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > NAT Forwarding > Port Triggering and click Add.

Po	ort Trig	ggeri	ng								
										🕂 Add	Delete
		ID	Application	Triggerir	ng Port	Triggering Protocol	External Port		External Protocol	Status	Modify
			-				-				
	In	terface	e Name:		pppo	pe_ptm_0	_0_d				
	Ap	oplicat	tion:		MSN	Gaming Zor	ie		Scan		
	Tr	iggeri	ng Port:		4762	47624 (XX, 1-65535)					
	Tr	iggeri	ng Protocol:		ТСР		~				
	Đ	derna	l Port:		2300	-2400,28800	-29000	(XX pair	( or XX-XX, 1 s)	I-65535, at r	most 5
	Ð	derna	Protocol:		ТСР						
					🕑 Enal	ble This Entr	у				
								Car	ncel	Save	

- **3.** Click Scan, and select the desired application. The triggering port and protocol, the external port and protocol will be automatically filled with contents. Here we take MSN Gaming Zone as an example.
- 4. Click Save to save the settings.

Ø Tips:

- 1. You can add multiple port triggering rules according to your network need.
- 2. If the application you need is not listed in the Existing Applications list, please enter the parameters manually. You should verify the external ports the application uses first and enter them into External Port field according to the format the page displays.

# 14.4. Make Applications Free from Port Restriction by DMZ

When a PC is set to be a DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) host in the local network, it is totally exposed to the internet, which can realize the unlimited bidirectional communication

between internal hosts and external hosts. The DMZ host becomes a virtual server with all ports opened. When you are not clear about which ports to open in some special applications, like IP camera and database software, you can set the PC to be a DMZ host.

#### Note:

DMZ is most applicable when you don't know which ports to open. When it is enabled, the DMZ host is totally exposed to the internet, which may bring some potential safety hazard. If DMZ is not in use, please disable it in time.

#### I want to:

Make the home PC join the internet online game without port restriction.

For example, Due to some port restriction, when playing the online games, you can login normally but cannot join a team with other players. To solve this problem, set your PC as a DMZ with all ports opened.

#### How can I do that?

- 1. Assign a static IP address to your PC, for example 192.168.1.100.
- 2. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 3. Go to Advanced > NAT Forwarding > DMZ and select the checkbox to enable DMZ.

DMZ		
DMZ:	Enable DMZ	
DMZ Host IP Address:	192.168.1.100	
		Save

- 4. Enter the IP address 192.168.1.100 in the DMZ Host IP Address filed.
- 5. Click Save to save the settings.

#### Done!

The configuration is completed. You've set your PC to a DMZ host and now you can make a team to game with other players.

# 14.5. Make Xbox Online Games Run Smoothly by UPnP

UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) protocol allows the applications or host devices to automatically find the front-end NAT device and send request to it to open the corresponding ports. With UPnP enabled, the applications or host devices in the both sides of NAT device can freely communicate with each other realizing the

seamless connection of the network. You may need to enable the UPnP if you want to use applications such as multiplayer gaming, peer-to-peer connections, real-time communication (for example, VoIP or telephone conference), or remote assistance.

- Ø Tips:
- 1. UPnP is enabled by default in this modem router.
- 2. Only the application supporting UPnP protocol can use this feature.
- 3. UPnP feature needs the support of operating system (e.g. Windows Vista/ Windows 7/ Windows 8, etc. Some of operating system need to install the UPnP components).

For example, when you connect your Xbox to the modem router which has connected to the internet to play online games, UPnP will send request to the modem router to open the corresponding ports allowing the following data penetrating the NAT to transmit. Therefore, you can play Xbox online games without a hitch.



If necessary, you can follow the steps to change the status of UPnP.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the modem router;
- Go to Advanced > NAT Forwarding > UPnP and toggle on or off according to your needs.

JPnP					
PnP:					
	ervice List				1) Patras
IPnP S					<b>O</b> Refres
		External Port	Protocol	Internal IP Address	C Refres

# Chapter 15

# **VPN Server**

The VPN (Virtual Private Networking) Server allows you to access your home network in a secured way through the internet when you are out of the house. The router offers three ways to setup VPN connection: OpenVPN, PPTP (Point to Point Tunneling Protocol) VPN and IPSec (Internet Protocol Security) VPN.

OpenVPN is somewhat complex but with greater security and more stability. It is suitable for restricted environment, such as campus network and company intranet.

PPTP VPN is easier to use and its speed is faster. It's compatible with most operating systems and also supports mobile devices. However, its security is poor and packets may be cracked easily. PPTP VPN may be blocked by some ISPs.

IPSec (IP Security) is a set of services and protocols defined by IETF (Internet Engineering Task Force) to provide high security for IP packets and prevent attacks.

This chapter contains the following sections, please choose the appropriate VPN server connection type according to your needs.

- <u>Use OpenVPN to Access Your Home Network</u>
- Use PPTP VPN to Access Your Home Network
- Use IPSec VPN to Access Your Home Network

# 15. 1. Use OpenVPN to Access Your Home Network

In an OpenVPN connection, the home network can act as a server, and the remote device can access the server through the router which acts as an OpenVPN Server gateway. To use the VPN feature, you should enable OpenVPN Server on your router, install and run VPN client software on the remote device. Please follow the steps below to set up an OpenVPN connection.



## Step 1. Set up OpenVPN Server on Your Router

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > VPN > OpenVPN, and select Enable VPN Server.

OpenVPN			
Note: No certificate curren	tly, please <b>Generate</b> one befor	e enabling VPN Server.	
	Enable VPN Server		
Service Type:	● UDP ○ TCP		
Service Port:	1194		
VPN Subnet/Netmask:	10.8.0.0	255.255.255.0	
Client Access:	Home Network Only	Internet and Home Network	
			Save

#### Note:

- Before you enable VPN Server, we recommend you configure Dynamic DNS Service (recommended) or assign a static IP address for your router's WAN port and synchronize your System Time via the internet.
- The first time you configure the OpenVPN Server, you may need to Generate a certificate before you enable the VPN Server.
- 3. Select the Service Type (communication protocol) for OpenVPN Server: UDP, TCP.
- 4. Enter a VPN Service Port to which a VPN device connects. The port number should be between 1024 and 65535.
- 5. In the VPN Subnet/Netmask fields, enter the range of IP addresses that can be leased to the device by the OpenVPN server.

- 6. Select your Client Access type. Select Home Network Only if you only want the remote device to access your home network; select Internet and Home Network if you also want the remote device to access the internet through the VPN Server.
- 7. Click Save.
- 8. Click Generate to get a new certificate.

Certificate	
Generate the certificate.	Generate

#### Note:

9. Click Export to save the OpenVPN configuration file which will be used by the remote device to access your router.

Configuration File	
Export the configuration.	Export

## Step 2. Configure OpenVPN Connection on Your Remote Device

1. Visit <u>http://openvpn.net/index.php/download/community-downloads.html</u> to download the OpenVPN software, and install it on your device where you want to run the OpenVPN client utility.

#### Note:

You need to install the OpenVPN client utility on each device that you want to be able to use the VPN function. Mobile devices should download a third-party app from Google Play or Apple App Store.

- 2. After the installation, copy the file exported from your router to the OpenVPN client utility's "config" folder (for example, C:\Program Files\OpenVPN\config on Windows). The path depends on where the OpenVPN client utility is installed.
- 3. Run the OpenVPN client utility and connect it to OpenVPN Server.

## 15.2. Use PPTP VPN to Access Your Home Network

PPTP VPN Server is used to create a VPN connection for remote devices. To use the VPN feature, you should enable PPTP VPN Server on your router, and configure the PPTP connection on the remote device. Please follow the steps below to set up a PPTP VPN connection.

### Step 1. Set up PPTP VPN Server on Your Router

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > VPN > PPTP VPN, and select Enable VPN Server.

If you have already generated one, please skip this step, or click Generate to update the certificate.

PPTP VPN	
	✓ Enable VPN Server
Client IP Address:	10 · 7 · 0 · 11 -10.7.0. 20 (up to 10 clients)
Username:	admin
Password:	admin
	Save

#### Note:

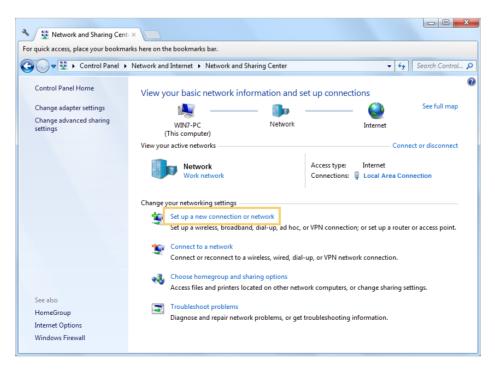
Before you enable VPN Server, we recommend you configure Dynamic DNS Service (recommended) or assign a static IP address for router's WAN port and synchronize your System Time with internet.

- 3. In the Client IP Address field, enter the range of IP addresses (up to 10) that can be leased to the devices by the PPTP VPN server.
- 4. Enter the Username and Password to authenticate clients to the PPTP VPN server.
- 5. Click Save.

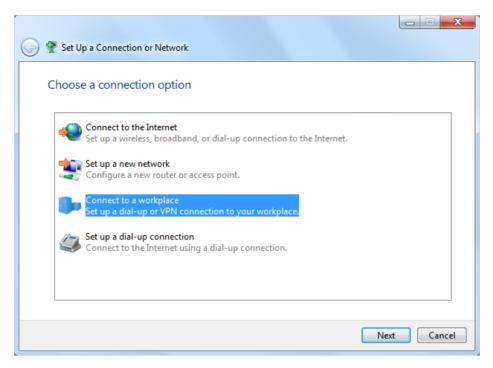
#### Step 2. Configure PPTP VPN Connection on Your Remote Device

The remote device can use the Windows built-in PPTP software or a third-party PPTP software to connect to PPTP Server. Here we use the Windows built-in PPTP software as an example.

- 1. Go to Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center.
- 2. Select Set up a new connection or network.



3. Select Connect to a workplace and click Next.



4. Select Use my Internet connection (VPN).

🕝 🔚 Connect to a Workplace	
How do you want to connect?	
Use my Internet connection (VPN) Connect using a virtual private network (VPN) connection through the Internet.	
🧔 — 🎱 — 🦫	
Dial directly Connect directly to a phone number without going through the Internet.	
ing	
What is a VPN connection?	
	Cancel

5. Enter the internet IP address of the router (for example: 218.18.1.73) in the Internet address field. Click Next.

G	Connect to a Workplace		
	Type the Internet addre	ess to connect to	
	Your network administrator c	an give you this address.	
	Internet address:	218.18.1.73	
	Destination name:	VPN Connection	
		use this connection yone with access to this computer to use this connection. ust set it up so I can connect later	
		Ne	t Cancel

6. Enter the Username and Password you have set for the PPTP VPN server on your router, and click Connect.

🚱 🌆 Connect to a Workpla	ice	
Type your user nan	ne and password	
User name:	admin	
Password:	••••	
	Show characters Remember this password	
Domain (optional):	Remember this password	
Domain (optional).		
		Connect Cancel

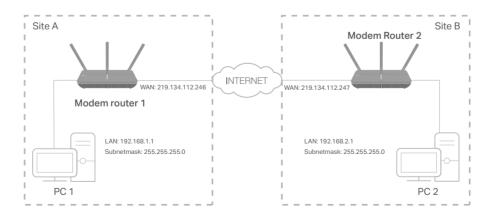
7. The PPTP VPN connection is created and ready to use.

🕞 🌆 Connect to a Workplace	
The connection is ready to use	
in the second se	
Connect now	
	Close

# 15.3. Use IPSec VPN to Access Your Home Network

IPSec VPN is used to create a VPN connection between local and remote networks. To use IPSec VPN, you should check that both local and remote routers support IPSec VPN feature. Then, follow the steps below to set up an IPSec VPN connection.

1. The typical VPN topology is here. Site A refers to local network, and Site B refers to the remote network that is to be connected. Record Site A and Site B's LAN and WAN IP addresses before you start configuration.



#### 2. Configuration on Site A (local network).

- 1) Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2) Go to Advanced > VPN > IPSec VPN, and click Add.

Sec V	PN						
ad Pee	r Detection:					•	d 😑 Delete
	Connection Name	Remote Gateway	Local Address	Remote Address	Status	Enable	
	-		-				
IP	Sec Connection Name:			VPN1			
Re	emote IPSec Gateway (U	JRL):		219.134.112.247	7		Site B's WAN
Tu	nnel access from local l	P addresses:		Subnet Address		•	
IP	Address for VPN:			192 . 168 .	. 1 .	0 L	AN IP range Site A
Su	ibnet Mask:			255 . 255 .	255 .	0	
Tu	nnel access from remot	e IP addresses:		Subnet Address			
IP	Address for VPN:			192 . 168 .	2.	0	
Su	ibnet Mask:			255 . 255 .	255 .	0	AN IP range Site B
Ke	ey Exchange Method:			Auto (IKE)			
	thentication Method:			Pre-Shared Key		•	
Pr	e-Shared Key:			psk_key			
Pe	erfect Forward Secrecy:			Enable		•	
G	Advanced						
C	Advanced						
				Car	ncel	Save	÷

- 3) In the IPSec Connection Name column, specify a name.
- 4) In the Remote IPSec Gateway (URL) column, Enter Site B's WAN IP address.
- 5) Configure Site A's LAN. In the Tunnel access from local IP address

In the Tunnel access from local IP addresses column, we take Subnet Address as an example. Input the LAN IP range of Site A in the IP Address for VPN column, and input Subnet Mask of Site A.

6) Configure Site B's LAN.

In the Tunnel access from remote IP addresses column, we take Subnet Address as an example. Input the LAN IP range of Site B in the IP Address for VPN column, and input Subnet Mask of Site B.

7) Select the Key Exchange Method for the policy. We select Auto(IKE) here.

8) Enter the Pre-Shared Key for IKE authentication. Then keep Perfect Forward Secrecy enabled.

Note: Make sure Site A and Site B use the same key.

9) Leave the Advanced Settings as default value. Then click Save.

Connection Name	Remote Gateway	Local Address	Remote Address	Status	Enable	Modify
VPN1	219.134.112.247	192.168.1.0	192.168.2.0	Down	Ŷ	0

Note: The Status column is Down after the configuration, and it will change to UP only when Site A and Site B are communicating via the VPN connection.

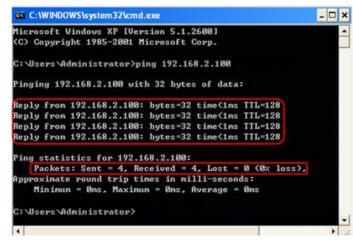
- 3. Configuration on Site B (remote network). Refer to step 2 configuration on Site A and make sure that Site A and Site B use the same pre-shared keys and Perfect Forward Secrecy settings.
- 4. Check the VPN connection. You can ping site B' LAN IP from your computer in site A to verify that the IPSec VPN connection is set up correctly.

Tips: To check the VPN connection, you can do the following.

1. On the host in Site A, press [Windows Logo] + [R] to open Run dialog. Input "cmd" and hit OK.

Run	? 🛛
	Type the name of a program, folder, document, or Internet resource, and Windows will open it for you.
Open:	cmd 💌
	OK Cancel Browse

2. In the CLI window, type in "ping 192.168.2.x" ("192.168.2.x" can be IP address of any host in Site B). Then press [Enter].



- 3. If Ping proceeds successfully (gets replies from host in Site B), the IPSec connection is working properly now.
- 5. Now IPSec VPN is implemented to establish a connection.

#### Note:

- 1. The product supports a maximum of ten simultaneous connections.
- 2. If one of the site has been offline for a while, for example, if Site A has been disconnected, on Site B you need to click Disable and then click Enable after Site A back on line in order to re-establish the IPSec tunnel.

# Chapter 16

# Specify Your Network Settings

This chapter introduces how to change the default settings or adjust the basic configuration of the modem router using the web management page.

It contains the following sections:

- LAN Settings
- IPv6 LAN Settings
- <u>Wireless Settings</u>
- Set Up a Dynamic DNS Service Account
- <u>Create Static Routes</u>
- Set Up the IPv6 Tunnel

# 16.1. LAN Settings

### 16.1.1. Change the LAN IP Address

The modem router is preset with a default LAN IP 192.168.1.1, which you can use to log in to its web management page. The LAN IP address together with the Subnet Mask also defines the subnet that the connected devices are on. If the IP address conflicts with another device in your local network or your network requires a specific IP subnet, you can change it.

Follow the steps below to change your IP address.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Network > LAN Settings page and select IPv4.

#### Note:

If you have created an interface group, you can configure different IPv4 LAN settings for the default and created interface groups.

DHCP Server	
IP Version:	● IPv4 ○ IPv6
MAC Address:	00-0A-EB-13-09-69
IP Address:	192 . 168 . 1 . 60
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
IGMP Snooping:	✓ Enable
Snooping Mode:	O Block   Allow
Second IP:	Enable

- 3. Type in a new IP Address appropriate to your needs.
- 4. Select the Subnet Mask from the drop-down list. The subnet mask together with the IP address identifies the local IP subnet.
- 5. Keep IGMP Snooping enabled by default. IGMP snooping is the process of listening to IGMP (Internet Group Management Protocol) network traffic. The function prevents hosts on a local network from receiving traffic for a multicast group they have not explicitly joined.
- 6. You can configure the modem router's Second IP and Subnet Mask for LAN interface through which you can also access the web management page.
- 7. Leave the rest of the default settings as they are.
- 8. Click Save to make the settings effective.

## 16. 1. 2. Use the Modem Router as a DHCP Server

You can configure the modem router to act as a DHCP server to assign IP addresses to its clients. To use the DHCP server function of the modem router, you must configure all computers on the LAN to obtain an IP Address automatically.

Follow the steps below to configure DHCP server.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Network > LAN Settings page and select IPv4.

#### Note:

If you have created an interface group, you can configure different IPv4 LAN settings for the default and created interface groups.

DHCP:	Enable
	DHCP Server O DHCP Relay
IP Address Pool:	192 . 168 . 1 . 100 - 192 . 168 . 1 . 199
Address Lease Time:	1440 minutes. (1-2880. The default value is 1440.)
Default Gateway:	192 . 168 . 1 . 1 (Optional)
Default Domain:	(Optional)
Primary DNS:	192 . 168 . 1 . 1 (Optional)
Secondary DNS:	(Optional)

- 3. Select DHCP to enable the DHCP function and select DHCP Server.
- 4. Specify the IP Address Pool, the start address and end address must be on the same subnet with LAN IP. The modem router will assign addresses within this specified range to its clients. It is from 192.168.1.100 to 192.168.1.199 by default.
- 5. Enter a value for the Address Lease Time. The Address Lease Time is the amount of time in which a DHCP client can lease its current dynamic IP address assigned by the modem router. After the dynamic IP address expires, the user will be automatically assigned a new dynamic IP address. The default is 1440 minutes.
- 6. Keep the rest of the settings as default and click Save.

#### Note:

- The modem router can be configured to work as a DHCP Relay. A DHCP relay is a computer that forwards DHCP data between computers that request IP addresses and the DHCP server that assigns the addresses. Each of the device's interfaces can be configured as a DHCP relay. If it is enabled, the DHCP requests from local PCs will be forwarded to the DHCP server that runs on WAN side.
- 2. You can also appoint IP addresses within a specified range to devices of the same type by using Condition Pool feature. For example, you can assign IP addresses within the range (192.168.1.50 to192.168.1.80) to Camera devices, thus facilitating the network management. Enable DHCP feature and configure the parameters according to your situation on the Advanced > Network > LAN Settings page.

## 16. 1. 3. Reserve LAN IP Addresses

You can view and add a reserved address for a client. When you specify an IP address for a device on the LAN, that device will always receive the same IP address each time when it accesses the DHCP server. If there are some devices in the LAN that require permanent IP addresses, please configure Address Reservation on the router for the purpose.

Follow the steps below to reserve an IP address for your device.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Network > LAN Settings page and select IPv4.
- **3.** Scroll down to locate the Address Reservation table and click Add to add an address reservation entry for your device.

				🔂 Add	Delete
	MAC Address	Reserved IP Address	Group	Status	Modify
	1. <u></u>				-
MAC A	ddress:		Scan		
IP Add	ress:	(			
Group:		Default 💌			
		Enable This Entry			
			Cancel	Save	

- 4. Click Scan and select the device for which you want to reserve IP address. Then the MAC Address and IP Address fields will be automatically filled in.
- 5. Specify the IP address which will be reserved by the router.
- 6. Check to Enable this entry and click Save to make the settings effective.

## 16.2. IPv6 LAN Settings

Based on the IPv6 protocol, the modem router provides two ways to assign IPv6 LAN addresses:

- Configure the RADVD (Router Advertisement Daemon) address type
- Configure the DHCPv6 Server address type

## 16.2.1. Configure the RADVD Address Type

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Network > LAN Settings.
- 3. Select IPv6 to configure IPv6 LAN parameters.

#### Note:

If you have created an interface group, you can configure IPv6 LAN settings for the default interface group only.

DHCP Server		
IP Version:	O IPv4   IPv6	
Group:	Default	
	IPv6 Enable	
Address Type:	RADVD O DHCPv6 Server	
	Enable RDNSS	
	Enable ULA Prefix	
Site Prefix Type:	Delegated      Static	
WAN Connection:	No available interface	

1) Select the RADVD address type to make the modem router assign IPv6 address prefixes to hosts.

#### Note:

Do not select the Enable RDNSS and Enable ULA Prefix check boxes unless required by your ISP. Otherwise you may not be able to access the IPv6 network. For more information about RDNSS and ULA Prefix, contact our technical support.

- 2) Keep Site Prefix Type as the default value Delegated. If your ISP has provided a specific IPv6 site prefix, select Static and enter the prefix.
- 3) Keep WAN Connection as the default value.
- 4. Click Save to make the settings effective.

### 16. 2. 2. Configure the DHCPv6 Server Address Type

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Network > LAN Settings.
- 3. Select IPv6 to configure IPv6 LAN parameters.

#### Note:

If you have created an interface group, you can configure IPv6 LAN settings for the default interface group only.

Version:	O IPv4   IPv6	
oup:	Default	
	IPv6 Enable	
dress Type:		HCPv6 Server
arting IPv6 Address:	: 1	(1~FFFE)
ding IPv6 Address:	: FFFE	(1~FFFE)
dress Lease Time:	86400	seconds
Prefix Type:	Delegated O	Static
AN Connection:	No available inte	rface 💌

- 1) Select the DHCPv6 Server address type to make the modem router assign IPv6 addresses to hosts.
- 2) Specify the Starting/Ending IPv6 Address for the IPv6 suffixes. The modem router will generate IPv6 addresses within the specified range.
- 3) Keep Address Lease Time as the default value.
- 4) Keep Site Prefix Type as the default value Delegated. If your ISP has provided a specific IPv6 site prefix, select Static and enter the prefix.
- 5) Keep WAN Connection as the default value.
- 4. Click Save to make the settings effective.

## 16.3. Wireless Settings

#### 16.3.1. Specify Basic Wireless Settings

The modem router's wireless network name (SSID) and password, and security option are preset in the factory. The preset SSID and password can be found on the product label. You can customize the wireless settings according to your needs.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Basic > Wireless page.

ile device to automatically switch	to the Wi-Fi band that provides the fastest
Enable	
TP-Link_0298	Hide SSID
12345670	
Enable	
TP-Link_0298	Hide SSID
	Enable       TP-Link_0298       12345670       Image: Enable

#### • To enable or disable the wireless function:

Enable the 2.4 GHz or 5GHz Wireless Network. If you don't want to use the wireless function, just deselect the box. If you disable the wireless function, all the wireless settings won't be effective.

#### • To change the wireless network name (SSID) and wireless password:

Enter a new SSID using up to 32 characters. The value is case-sensitive.

#### Note:

If you use a wireless device to change the wireless settings, you will be disconnected after the new settings are effective. Please write down the new SSID and password for future use.

#### • To hide SSID:

Select Hide SSID, and your SSID will not be broadcast. Your SSID won't display on your wireless device when you scan for local wireless network list and you need to manually join the network.

#### • To use the Smart Connect function:

The smart connect function lets you to enjoy a more high-speed network by assigning your devices to best wireless bands based on actual conditions to balance network demands.

- 1. Go to Advanced > Wireless > Wireless Settings.
- 2. Enable Smart Connect.
- 3. Keep the default or set a new SSID and password, and click Save. This SSID and password will be applied both for 2.4GHz and 5GHz wireless networks.

Smart Connect		
Smart Connect		
Smart Connect allows your me speed.	obile device to automatically switch to the V	Ni-Fi band that provides the fastest
Wireless Settings		
Wireless Network	Enable	
Network Name (SSID):	TP-Link_0298	Hide SSID
Security:	WPA/WPA2-Personal (Recomm	ended) 🔻
version:	CAUTO 🔿 WPA-PSK 🔿 V	WPA2-PSK
Encryption :	C Auto 🔿 TKIP 🔿 AFS	
Password:	12345570	
Mode:	802.11b/g/n mixed 🛛 🔻	
Channel Width:	Auto 👻	
Channel:	Auto 🔻	

#### • To change the mode or channel:

Go to Advanced > Wireless > Wireless Settings page and select the wireless network 2.4GHz or 5GHz.

Mode: Select the desired mode.

- 802.11n only: Select only if all of your wireless clients are 802.11n devices.
- 802.11gn mixed: Select if you are using both 802.11g and 802.11n wireless clients.
- 802.11bgn mixed: Select if you are using a mix of 802.11b, 11g, and 11n wireless clients.

Note: When 802.11n only mode is selected, only 802.11n wireless stations can connect to the modem router. It is strongly recommended that you select 802.11bgn mixed, and all of 802.11b, 802.11g, and 802.11n wireless stations can connect to the modem router.

- 802.11ac/n mixed (5GHz): Select if you are using both 802.11ac and 802.11n wireless clients.
- 802.11a/n/ac mixed (5GHz): Select if you are using a mix of 802.11a, 802.11n and 802.11ac wireless clients. It is strongly recommended that you select 11a/n/ac mixed.

Channel: Select the channel you want to use from the drop-down list. This field determines which operating frequency will be used. It is not necessary to change the wireless channel unless you notice interference problems with another nearby access point.

Channel Width: Select the channel width from the drop-down list. The default setting is Auto, which can adjust the channel width for your clients automatically.

Transmit Power: Select Low, Middle, or High to specify the data transmit power. The default and recommended setting is High.

- To change the security option:
- 1. Go to Advanced > Wireless > Wireless Settings page.
- 2. Select the wireless network 2.4GHz or 5GHz.
- 3. Select an option from the Security drop-down list. The router provides four options, None, WPA/WPA2 Personal (Recommended), WPA/WPA2 Enterprise, WEP. WPA2 uses the newest standard and the security level is the highest. We recommend you don't change the default settings unless necessary.

#### 16. 3. 2. Use WPS for Wireless Connection

You can use WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) to add a new wireless device to your existing network quickly and easily.

#### Method 1: Use the WPS button

Use this method if your client device has a WPS button.

- 1. Press the WPS button the modem router for 1 second.
- 2. Press the WPS button of the client device directly.
- 3. The WPS LED flashes for about 2 minutes during the WPS process.
- **4.** When the WPS LED is on, the client device has successfully connected to the modem router.

#### Method 2: Use the WPS button on the web management page

Use this method if your client device has a WPS button.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Wireless > WPS page.



3. Click Start WPS on the page.

- 4. Press the WPS button of the client device directly.
- 5. The WPS LED of the router flashes for about 2 minutes during the WPS process.
- 6. When the WPS LED is on, the client device has successfully connected to the modem router.

#### Method 3: Enter the modem router's PIN on your client device

Use this method if your client device asks for the modem router's PIN.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Wireless > WPS page. Click Method Two--PIN.

Method TwoPIN			
Router's PIN      Client's PIN			
Router's PIN			
Router's PIN:	12345670	Generate	Default

- **3.** Take a note of the Current PIN of the modem router. You can also click the Generate button to get a new PIN.
- 4. On the client device, enter the modem router's PIN. (The default PIN is also printed on the label of the modem router.)
- 5. The WPS LED flashes for about two minutes during the WPS process.
- 6. When the WPS LED is on, the client device has successfully connected to the modem router.

#### Note:

- 1. The WPS LED on the modem router will light on for five minutes if the device has been successfully added to the network.
- 2. The WPS function cannot be configured if the wireless function of the modem router is disabled. Please make sure the wireless function is enabled before configuring WPS.

#### Method 4: Enter the client device's PIN on the modem router

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Wireless > WPS page. Click Method Two--PIN.

Method TwoPIN	
Router's PIN	
Enter the client's PIN:	
Connect	

- 3. Select Client's PIN.
- 4. Enter the client device's PIN in the field. Then click the Connect button.
- 5. Device has been added successfully! will appear on the above screen, which means the client device has successfully connected to the modem router.

#### 16.3.3. Schedule Your Wireless Function

You can automatically turn off your wireless network (both 2.4GHz and 5GHz) when you do not need the wireless connection.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Wireless > Wireless Schedule page.
- 3. Toggle on the button to enable the Wireless Schedule feature.

1	Nireles	s Schedul	le			
		Schedule:				
	Vireles	s Off Time	9			
						🕂 Add 😑 Delete
		ID	Wireless Off Time	Repeat		Modify
		-	-	-		-
	Fi	rom:	07:00	•		
	Т	D:	12:00	•		
	R	epeat:	🔿 Every Day 🧯	Selected Day		
	S	elected Day	Sun 🖸	Mon 🕑 Tue	✓ Wed	🕑 Thu
		Fri	Sat			
					Cancel	Save

#### 4. Click Add to set the Wireless Off Time, and click Save to save the settings.

#### 5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 to set another entry.

#### Note:

- 1. Make sure that the time of the router is correct before using this function. For details, refer to Set System Time.
- 2. If you just set time for one wireless band, the other wireless band is still always on, so set time for both of the two bands to schedule your whole wireless network.
- 3. The wireless LED (2.4GHz , 5GHz) will turn off if the corresponding wireless network is disabled.
- 4. The wireless network will be automatically turned on after the time period you set.

#### 16.3.4. View Wireless Information

- To view the detailed wireless network settings:
- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Status page. You can see the Wireless box.
- 3. Select 2.4GHz or 5GHz to view the wireless details.

🔊 Wireless 🥱	2.4GHz   5GHz
Network Name:	TP-LINK_0969
Wireless Radio:	On
Mode:	802.11bgn mixed
Channel Width:	Auto
Channel:	Auto(0)
MAC Address:	00:0A:EB:13:09:69

Tips: You can also see the wireless details by clicking the router icon on Basic> Network Map.

- To view the detailed information of the connected wireless clients:
- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Wireless > Statistics page.
- **3.** You can view the detailed information of the wireless clients, including its connected wireless band and security option as well as the packets transmitted.

@ Tips: You can also see the wireless details by clicking the wireless clients icon on Basic > Network Map.

#### 16.3.5. Advanced Wireless Settings

Advanced wireless settings are for those who have a network concept. If you are not familiar with the settings on this page, it's strongly recommended that you keep the provided default values; otherwise it may result in lower wireless network performance.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Wireless > Advanced Settings page.

Advanced Settings		2.4GHz   5GHz
Beacon Interval:	100	(25-1000)
RTS Threshold:	2346	(1-2346)
DTIM Interval:	1	(1-255)
Group Key Update Period:	0	seconds
WMM:	Enable	
Short GI:	C Enable	
AP Isolation:	Enable	
		Save

- Beacon Interval: Enter a value between 25 and 1000 in milliseconds to determine the duration between which beacon packets are broadcasted by the router to synchronize the wireless network. The default is 100 milliseconds.
- RTS Threshold: Enter a value between 1 and 2346 to determine the packet size of data transmission through the router. By default, the RTS (Request to Send) Threshold size is 2346. If the packet size is greater than the preset threshold, the router sends Request to Send frames to a particular receiving station and negotiates the sending of a data frame, or else the packet will be sent immediately.
- DTIM Interval: Enter a value between 1 and 255 to determine the interval of the Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM). 1 indicates the DTIM Interval is the same as Beacon Interval.
- Group Key Update Period: Enter the number of seconds to control the time interval for the encryption key automatic renewal. The default is 0, indicating no key renewal.
- WMM: This feature guarantees the packets with high-priority messages being transmitted preferentially. WMM is enabled compulsively under 802.11n or 802.11ac mode.
- Short GI: This feature is enabled by default and recommended to increase the data capacity by reducing the Guard Interval (GI) time.
- AP Isolation: Select this check box to enable the AP Isolation feature that allows you to confine and restrict all wireless devices on your network from interacting with each other, but still able to access the internet. AP isolation is disabled by default.

# 16.4. Set Up a Dynamic DNS Service Account

Most ISPs (Internet service providers) assign a dynamic IP address to the router and you can use this IP address to access your router remotely. However, the IP address can change any time and you don't know when it changes. In this case, you might need

the DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name Server) feature on the router to allow you and your friends to access your router and local servers (FTP, HTTP, etc.) using domain name, in no need of checking and remembering the IP address.

Note: DDNS does not work if the ISP assigns a private WAN IP address (such as 192.168.1.x) to the modem router.

To set up DDNS, please follow the instructions below:

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Network > Dynamic DNS.
- 3. Select the DDNS service provider (TP-Link, Dyndns or NO-IP).
- 4. To use TP-Link DDNS service, you should log in with your TP-Link ID.
- 5. If you choose other DDNS service, you should also log in with your DDNS account, select a service provider and click Go to register ... Enter the username, password and domain name of the account (such as lisa.ddns.net).

ervice Provider:	🔿 TP-Link 💿 Dyndns 🔿 I	NO-IP Go to register
sername:		
assword:	ø	
omain Name:		
Log in Log o	ut Disconnected	
		Sav

#### 6. Click Log in and Save.

Tips: If you want to use a new DDNS account, please Logout first, then login with the new account.

## 16.5. Create Static Routes

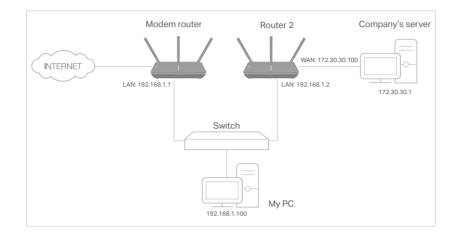
A static route is a pre-determined path that network information must travel to reach a specific host or network. Data from one point to another will always follow the same path regardless of other considerations. Normal internet usage does not require this setting to be configured.

#### I want to:

Visit multiple networks and multiple servers at the same time.

For example, in a small office, my PC can surf the internet, but I also want to visit my company's server. Now I have a switch and another router. I connect the devices as

shown in the following figure so that the physical connection between my PC and my company's server is achieved. To surf the internet and visit my company's network at the same time, I need to configure the static routing.



#### How can I do that?

- 1. Make sure the routers use different LAN IP addresses on the same subnet. Disable Router 2's DHCP function.
- 2. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 3. Go to Advanced > Network > Static Routing. Select your current WAN Interface and click Save.

Default Ga	ateway Se	ttings				IPv4   IPv6
Select a WA	N interface a	s the system defau	ilt gateway.			
Select WAN	Interface:		pppoe_ptm_0_	_0_d 💌		
						Save
Static Rou	Iting					
					C	Add 😑 Delete
	ID	Network Destination	Subnet Mask	Gateway	Status	Modify

**4.** Click Add to add a new static routing entry. Finish the settings according to the following explanations:

atic Rou	ting						
						C	Add 😑 Delete
	ID	Network Destination	Subnet Mask	G	ateway	Status	Modify
			-			-	-
Netw	ork Destinat	ion	172 . 30 . 30	. 1			
Subr	iet Mask:		255 . 255 . 255	. 255			
Gate	way:		192 . 168 . 1	. 2			
Inter	iace:		LAN	▼			
			Enable This Entry				
					Cancel	s	ave

- Network Destination: The destination IP address that you want to assign to a static route. This IP address cannot be on the same subnet with the WAN IP or LAN IP of the router. In the example, the IP address of the company network is the destination IP address, so here enters 172.30.30.1.
- Subnet Mask: Determines the destination network with the destination IP address. If the destination is a single IP address, enter 255.255.255.255; otherwise, enter the subnet mask of the corresponding network IP. In the example, the destination network is a single IP, so here enters 255.255.255.255.
- Gateway: The IP address of the gateway device to which the data packets will be sent. This IP address must be on the same subnet with the router's IP which sends out the data. In the example, the data packets will be sent to the LAN port of Router 2 and then to the Server, so the default gateway should be 192.168.1.2.
- Interface: Determined by the port (WAN/LAN) that sends out the data packets. In the example, the data is sent to the gateway through the LAN port, so LAN should be selected.
- 5. Select the check box to enable this entry.
- 6. Click Save to save the settings.

#### Done!

Open a web browser on your PC. Enter the company server's IP address to visit the company network.

# 16.6. Set Up the IPv6 Tunnel

The IPv6 Tunnel feature helps you obtain IPv6 resources based on an IPv4 WAN connection or vice versa.

IPv6 Tunnel is a transition mechanism that allows isolated IPv6 hosts and networks to reach each other over IPv4-only infrastructure before IPv6 completely supplants IPv4. It is a temporary solution for networks that do not support native dual-stack, where both IPv6 and IPv4 run independently.

The modem router provides three tunneling mechanisms: 6to4, 6rd and DS-Lite. The way to set up 6rd and DS-Lite tunnel are similar.

#### 16.6.1. Use the Public IPv6 Tunnel Service-6to4

The 6to4 tunnel is a kind of public service. If there are any 6to4 servers on your network, you can use this mechanism to access IPv6 service. If your ISP provides you with an IPv4-only connection but you want to visit IPv6 websites, you can try to set up a 6to4 tunnel.

#### I want to:

Set up the IPv6 tunnel though my ISP doesn't provide me with the tunnel service.

#### How can I do that?

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Network > IPv6 Tunnel.
- **3.** Tick the check box, select 6to4 as the tunneling mechanism and select a WAN connection from the drop-down list, then click Save.

	e IPv6 Tunnel settings every time you reboo	t the router. Make sure the desire	ed WAN
connection is connected befo	re the configuration.		
Pv6 Tunnel:	Enable		
Funneling Mechanism:	6to4	*	
Funneling Mechanism:	6to4	•	

#### Note:

If there is no available WAN connection to choose, make sure you have connected to the internet and the connection type is not Bridge.

#### Done!

#### Now you can visit the IPv6 websites with the 6to4 tunnel.

#### Note:

Still not being able to access IPv6 resources means that not any 6to4 public server was found in your network. You can contact your ISP to sign up for IPv6 connection service.

#### 16. 6. 2. Specify the 6rd Tunnel with Parameters Provided by Your ISP

#### I want to:

Specify the 6rd tunnel with the parameters provided by my 6rd tunnel service provider.

#### How can I do that?

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Network > IPv6 Tunnel.
- **3.** Tick the check box, select 6rd as the tunneling mechanism and select a WAN connection from the drop-down list.
- 4. According to the parameters provided by your ISP, choose Auto or Manual. More parameters are needed if you choose Manual.
- 5. Click Save.

Note: You must reconfigure the connection is connected before	IPv6 Tunnel settings every time you reboo the configuration.	t the router. Make sure the desired WAN
Pv6 Tunnel:	Enable	
Tunneling Mechanism:	6rd	
WAN Connection:	pppoe_8_31_1_d	
Configuration Type:	Auto O Manual	
Pv4 Mask Length:	0	
ord Prefix:	:	
ord Prefix Length:	0	
Border Relay IPv4 Address:	0.0.0.0	

#### Note:

If there is no available WAN connection to choose, make sure you have connected to the internet and the connection type is not Bridge.

#### Done!

#### Now you can visit the IPv6 websites with the 6rd tunnel.

#### Ø Tips:

The way to set up DS-Lite tunnel is similar to that of 6rd tunnel. If you are provided with an IPv6-only WAN connection and have signed up for DS-Lite tunnel service, specify the DS-Lite tunnel by referring to the steps above.

# Chapter 17

# **Administrate Your Network**

This chapter introduces how to change the system settings and administrate your modem router's network.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- <u>Set System Time</u>
- <u>Control LEDs</u>
- Update the Firmware
- Back up and Restore Configuration Settings
- <u>Reboot the Modem Router</u>
- <u>Change the Administrator Account</u>
- Local Management
- <u>Remote Management</u>
- <u>System Log</u>
- Monitor the Internet Traffic Statistics
- <u>CWMP Settings</u>
- SNMP Settings

# 17.1. Set System Time

System time is the time displayed while the modem router is running. The system time you configure here will be used for other time-based functions like Parental Controls and Wireless Schedule. You can manually set how to get the system time.

Follow the steps below to set your system time.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the modem router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > System Tools > Time Settings page.

Current Time:			
Time Zone:	(GMT) Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin	n, Edinburgh, London, Lisbon	
Date:		(MM/DD/YY)	
Time:	3 ▼ : 50 ▼ : 42 ▼		
NTP Server I:	0.0.0.0	(Optional)	
NTP Server II:	0.0.0.0	(Optional)	

3. Configure the system time using the following methods:

Manually: Select your time zone and enter your local time.

Get from PC: Click this button if you want to use the current managing PC's time.

Get from the Internet: Click this button if you want to get time from the internet. Make sure your modem router can access the internet before you select this way to get system time.

- 4. Click Save.
- 5. After setting the system time, you can set Daylight Saving Time according to your needs. Tick the check box to enable Daylight Saving Time, set the start and end time and then click Save to make the settings effective.

Daylight Sa	iving Tim	e								
Daylight Savi	ng Time:	Enable D	Daylight Sa	ving Time						
Start:		Mar	▼ M	Last	w w	Sun	•	т (	02:00	▼
End:		Oct	▼ M	Last	w w	Sun	•	т	03:00	•

# 17.2. Control LEDs

The router's LEDs indicate router's activities and status. You can turn on or turn off the LEDs either from the web management page or by pressing the LED button.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > System Tools > LED Control.
- To turn on/off LEDs

Toggle on or off the LED Status to turn on or off the LEDs.

- To set up Night Mode
- 1. Enable Night Mode.
- 2. Specify a time period in the Night Mode Period as needed.

LED Control				
LED Status:				
LED MODE				
Note: Before enabling I	night mode, make	e sure <u>System</u>	Time is correct.	
Current Time:	1000			
Night Mode:	🕑 Ena	ble		
LED Off Time:	From	21:00		
	to	09 :00		
				Save

3. Click Save, and then the LEDs will be off during this period.

# 17.3. Update the Firmware

TP-Link is dedicated to improving product features, giving you a better network experience.

We will inform you through the web management page if there's any update firmware available for your router. The latest firmware can also be downloaded from the Support page of our website <u>www.tp-link.com</u> for free.

Note:

- 1. Make sure that you have a stable connection between the router and your computer. It is NOT recommended to upgrade the firmware wirelessly.
- 2. Make sure you remove any USB storage device connected to the router before the firmware upgrade to prevent data loss.
- 3. Back up your router configuration before upgrading the firmware.
- 4. Do NOT turn off the router during the firmware upgrade.

#### 17.3.1. Online Upgrade

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. If there's any firmware update available for your router, the update icon will display on the top-right corner of the page. Click the icon to go to the Firmware Upgrade page.

Alternatively, you can go to Advanced > System Tools > Firmware Upgrade, and click Check for Upgrades to see if there's any new firmware.

Online Upgrade	
Latest Version:	
	Check for Upgrades

Tips:

If there's any new important firmware update for your router, you will see the notification (similar as shown below) on your computer when open a new web page. Click Upgrade now, and log into the web management page. You will see the Firmware Upgrade page.



3. Wait a few moments for the upgrading and rebooting.

#### 17.3.2. Local Upgrade

- 1. Download the latest firmware file for the router from our website <u>www.tp-link.com</u>.
- 2. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 3. Go to Advanced > System Tools > Firmware Upgrade.
- 4. Focus on the Device Information section. Make sure the downloaded firmware file matches with the Hardware Version.
- 5. Focus on the Local Upgrade section. Click Browse to locate the downloaded new firmware file, and click Upgrade.

Local Upgrade		
New Firmware File:	Browse	1
		Upgrade

6. Wait a few moments for the upgrading and rebooting.

# 17.4. Back up and Restore Configuration Settings

The configuration settings are stored as a configuration file in the router. You can back up the configuration file to your computer for future use and restore the modem router to a previous settings from the backup file when needed. Moreover, if needed you can erase the current settings and reset the modem router to the default factory settings.

- To back up configuration settings
- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Click Advanced > System Tools > Backup & Restore page.
- **3.** Click Backup to save a copy of the current settings to your local computer. A conf. bin file will be stored to your computer.
- To restore configuration settings
- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Click Advanced > System Tools > Backup & Restore page.

Restore		
Restore saved settings from a file.		
File:	Browse	
		Restore

- 3. Click Browse to locate the previous backup configuration file, and click Restore.
- 4. Wait for the restoring and then the modem router will automatically reboot.
- To reset the modem router to factory default settings
- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Click Advanced > System Tools > Backup & Restore page.
- **3.** Click Restore to restore all configuration settings to default values, except your login and TP-Link ID information. Click Factory Restore to reset the modem router.
- 4. Wait for the reset process to complete, and then the modem router will automatically reboot.

#### Note:

- 1. During the resetting process, do not turn off the modem router.
- 2. We strongly recommend you back up the current configuration settings before resetting the modern router.

# 17.5. Reboot the Modem Router

The Reboot feature cleans the cache to enhance the running performance of the router.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > System Tools > Reboot.

#### • To Reboot Manually

Locate the Manual Reboot section and click Reboot.

Manual Reboot		
		Reboot

#### • To Reboot Automatically

1. Locate the Reboot Schedule section and check the box to enable Reboot Schedule.

Reboot Schedule	
Note: Before enabling Reboot Sche	dule, please make sure the <u>System Time</u> is correct.
Current Time:	
Reboot Schedule:	Enable
Reboot Time:	03:00 🛓
Repeat:	Every Day 💌
	Save

# 2. Specify the Reboot Time when the router reboots and Repeat to decide how often it reboots.

#### Note:

Before enabling Reboot Schedule, please make sure your router is connected to the internet, then go to Advanced > System Tools > Time Settings and choose Get from the Internet to get the correct network time.

3. Click Save.

# 17.6. Change the Administrator Account

Admin account is used to log in to the modem router's web management page. You are required to set the admin account at first login. You can also change it on the web page.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > System Tools > Administration page. Locate the Account Management section.

Account Management					
Old Password:					
New Password:					
Confirm New Password:	Low	Middle	High		

- 3. Enter the old password. Enter the new password and enter again to confirm.
- 4. Click Save to make the settings effective.

# 17.7. Local Management

You can control the local devices' authority to manage the modem router via Local Management feature. By default all local connected devices are allowed to manage the modem router. You can also specify one device to manage the modem router and enable local management over a more secure way, HTTPS.

Follow the steps below to allow only the specific device to manage the router via the local management over HTTPS.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > System Tools > Administration page. Locate the Local Management section.
- 3. Keep the Port as the default setting. Enable Management over HTTPS and keep the Port for HTTPS as the default setting. Enter the IP address or MAC address of the local device to manage the modem router.

Local Management		
Port for HTTP:	80	
Local Management via HTTPS:	Enable	
Port for HTTPS:	443	
IP/MAC Address:	192.168.1.100	
		Sav

#### 4. Click Save.

Now, you can manage the modem router over both HTTP (http://tplinkmodem.net) and HTTPS (https://tplinkmodem.net).

Note:

If you want that all local devices can manage the modem router, just leave the IP/MAC Address field blank.

# 17.8. Remote Management

By default, the remote devices are not allowed to manage the modem router from the internet. You can enable remote management over HTTP and/or HTTPS if needed. HTTPS is a more secure way to access the router.

Note:

If your ISP assigns a private WAN IP address (such as 192.168.x.x or 10.x.x.x), you cannot use the remote management feature because private addresses are not routed on the internet.

Follow the steps below to allow remote devices to manage the modem router over HTTPS.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > System Tools > Administration page. Locate the Remote Management section.

Remote Management			
Remote Management:	Enable		
Remote Management via HTTPS:	Enable		
Port	443		
Manage This Router via the Addres	E		
Your router is not connected to the	a internet.		
Client Device Allowed for Remote N	anagement:		
Only the Following IP Address			
All			
		Save	

- **3.** Tick the check box to enable Remote Management. Enable Remote Management via HTTPS to allow for HTTPS connection. Keep the Port as the default setting.
- 4. Set the client device allowed for remote management. Select All to allow all remote devices to manage the modem router. If you just want to allow a specific device to manage the modem router, select Only the Following IP Address and enter the IP address of the remote device.
- 5. Click Save.

All devices or the specific device on the internet can log in to your router using the address displayed on the Manage This Router via the Address field to manage the modem router.

 If you were warned about the certificate when visiting the web management page remotely, click Trust (or a similar option) to continue. To avoid this warning, you can download and install the certificate on the modem router's web management page at Advanced > System Tools > Administration.

Certificate					
Install the Certificate in your browser for Local/Remote Management via HTTPS.					
Download Certificate					

2. The router's WAN IP is usually a dynamic IP. Please refer to <u>Set Up a Dynamic DNS Service Account</u> if you want to log in to the router through a domain name.

# 17.9. System Log

System Log can help you know what happened to your modem router, facilitating you to locate the malfunctions. For example when your modem router does not work properly, you will need to save the system log and send it to the technical support for troubleshooting.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Click Advanced > System Tools > System Log page.

System	ı Log			
Туре:			ALL	V
Level:			Debug	▼
				🖒 Refresh 🖨 Delete All
ID	Time	Туре	Level	Log Content
1	1 HTTPD Notice		Notice	Clear log.
L	og Settings		Save Log	

#### • To view the system logs:

You can view specific system logs by selecting the log Type and Level.

Click Refresh to refresh the log list.

#### • To save the system logs:

You can choose to save the system logs to your local computer or a remote server.

Click Save Log to save the logs in a txt file to your computer.

Click Log Settings to set the storage path of logs.

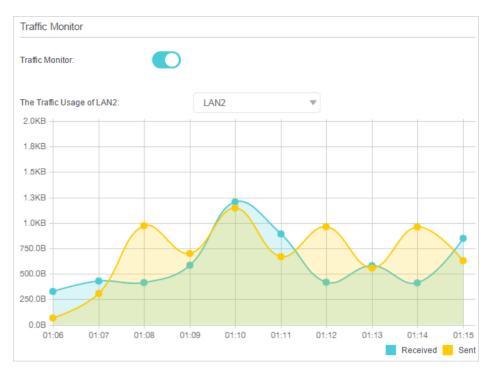
Log Settings		
Save Locally		
Minimum Level	Information	
Save Remotely		
Minimum Level:	Warning	V
Server IP:	192.168.1.100	
Server Port:	514	
Local Facility Name:	User	▼
		Back Save

- Save Locally: Select this option to cache the system log to the router's local memory, select the minimum level of system log to be saved from the drop-down list. The logs will be shown in the table in descending order on the System Log page.
- Save Remotely: Select this option to send the system log to a remote server, select the minimum level of system log to be saved from the drop-down list and enter the information of the remote server. If the remote server has a log viewer client or a sniffer tool implemented, you can view and analyze the system log remotely in real-time.

# 17. 10. Monitor the Internet Traffic Statistics

The Traffic Statistics page displays the network traffic of the interfaces, including the received and sent packets.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > System Tools > Traffic Monitor.
- **3.** Toggle on Traffic Monitor, select the desired interface from the dropdown list, and then you can see the packets received and sent via this interface in the past ten minutes. This function is disabled by default.



4. You can also go to Traffic Monitor List to view the traffic usage of all interfaces.

				🖰 Refresh 🧔 Re
Interface Name	Bytes	Pkts	Errs	Drops
LAN1	0Bytes Rx	0Pkts Rx	0Pkts Rx	0Pkts Rx
	0Bytes Tx	0Pkts Tx	0Pkts Tx	0Pkts Tx
LAN2	0Bytes Rx	0Pkts Rx	0Pkts Rx	0Pkts Rx
	0Bytes Tx	0Pkts Tx	0Pkts Tx	0Pkts Tx
LAN3	4.730MBytes Rx	17.873KPkts Rx	0Pkts Rx	0Pkts Rx
	2.956MBytes Tx	9.910KPkts Tx	0Pkts Tx	0Pkts Tx
LAN4	0Bytes Rx	0Pkts Rx	0Pkts Rx	0Pkts Rx
	0Bytes Tx	0Pkts Tx	0Pkts Tx	0Pkts Tx
5G	0Bytes Rx	0Pkts Rx	0Pkts Rx	0Pkts Rx
	4.502MBytes Tx	17.105KPkts Tx	0Pkts Tx	0Pkts Tx
2.4G	0Bytes Rx	0Pkts Rx	0Pkts Rx	0Pkts Rx
	0Bytes Tx	0Pkts Tx	0Pkts Tx	0Pkts Tx

## 17.11. CWMP Settings

The modem router supports CWMP (CPE WAN Management Protocol), also called TR-069. This collects information, performs diagnostics and configures the devices automatically via ACS (Auto-Configuration Server).

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > System Tools > CWMP Settings page.

CWMP Settings		
CWMP:		
nform:		
nform Interval:	300	(seconds)
ACS URL:		
ACS Usemame:	admin	
ACS Password:	*****	ø
nterface used by TR-069 client:	Any WAN	
Display SOAP messages on serial console:		
Connection Request Authentication		
Jsemame:	admin	
Password:	*****	ø
Path:	/tr069	
Port:	7547	
JRL:		
Get RPC Methods		

- CWMP: Toggle On to enable the CWMP (CPE WAN Management Protocol) feature.
- Inform: Enable this feature to send an Inform message to the ACS (Auto Configuration Server) periodically.
- Inform Interval: Enter the time interval in seconds when the Inform message will be sent to the ACS.
- ACS URL: Enter the web address of the ACS which is provided by your ISP.
- ACS Username/Password: Enter the username/password to log in to the ACS server.
- Interface used by TR-069 client: Select which interface to be used by the TR-069 client.
- Display SOAP messages on serial console: Toggle to enable or disable this feature.
- Connection Request Authentication: Select this check box to enable authentication for the connection request.
- Username/Password: Enter the username/password for the ACS server to log in to the router.
- Path: Enter the path for the ACS server to log in to the router.
- Port: Enter the port that connects to the ACS server.
- URL: Enter the URL that connects to the ACS server.

• Get RPC methods: Click to get the methods to support CWMP.

Click Save to make the settings effective.

# 17.12. SNMP Settings

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) is widely applied in the computer networks of today, and is used for ensuring the transmission of the management information between two nodes. In this way, network administrators can easily search and modify the information on any node on the network. Meanwhile, they can locate faults promptly and implement the fault diagnosis, capacity planning and report generating.

An SNMP Agent is an application running on the modem router that performs the operational role of receiving and processing SNMP messages, sending responses to the SNMP manager, and sending traps when an event occurs. So a router contains SNMP "agent" software can be monitored and/or controlled by SNMP Manager using SNMP messages.

1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with your TP-Link ID or the password you set for the modem router.

SNMP Settings	
SNMP Agent:	
SNMP Agent for WAN:	
Read-only Community:	public
Write Community:	private
System Name:	
System Description:	0.1.0 0.9.1 v0074.0 Build 1609
System Location:	
System Contact:	
Trap Manager IP:	0.0.0.0

2. Go to Advanced > System Tools > SNMP Settings page.

 SNMP Agent: Toggle On to enable the built-in SNMP agent that allows the router to operate as the operational role in receiving and processing of SNMP messages, sending responses to the SNMP manager, and triggering SNMP traps when an event occurs.

- SNMP Agent for WAN: Toggle On to allow management from the WAN side using SNMP.
- Read-only Community: Displays the default public community string that protects the router from unauthorized access.
- Write Community: Displays the default write community string that protects the router from unauthorized changes.
- System Name: Displays the administratively-assigned name for this managed device.
- System Description: Displays the textual description of the managed device. This value should include the full name and version identification of the system's hardware type, software operating-system, and networking software.
- System Location: Displays the physical location of this device (for example, the telephone closet, 3rd floor).
- System Contact: Displays the textual identification of the contact person for this managed device, together with information on how to contact this person.
- Trap Manager IP: Displays the IP address of the host to receive the traps.

You are suggested to keep the default settings. Click Save to make the settings effective.

# **Appendix: Troubleshooting**

# T1.How do I restore my modem router's configuration to its factory default settings?

With the modem router powered on, press and hold down the Reset button on the modem router for 8 seconds until all LEDs turn on momentarily, then release the button.

Note: Once the modem router is reset, the current configuration settings will be lost and you will need to re-configure the modem router.

#### T2. What should I do if I forgot my password?

#### Web management page password:

- If you are using a TP-Link ID to log in, click Forgot password on the login page and then follow the instructions to reset the password.
- Alternatively, refer to <u>T1</u> to reset the router, and then visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u> to create a new login password.

#### Wireless network password:

- The default Wireless Password/PIN is printed on the product label of the modem router.
- Connect a computer directly to the router using an Ethernet cable. Log in to the modem router's web management page and go to Basic > Wireless to retrieve or reset your password.

# T3.What should I do if I cannot log in to the modem router's web management page?

- Make sure the modem router connects to the computer correctly and the corresponding LED indicator(s) light up.
- Make sure the IP address of your computer is configured to obtain an IP address automatically and obtain the DNS server address automatically.
- Make sure the default access you input is right.
- Check your computer's settings:
  - Go to Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet, and click View network status and tasks;
  - 2) Click Internet Options on the bottom left;
  - 3) Click Connections, select Never dial a connection;

eneral Se	curity	Privacy	Content	Connections	Programs	Advanced	
	o set up etup.	an Inter	net connec	tion, click	Set	up	
Dial-up an	d Virtua	Private N	Network se	ttings			
😂 Bri	oadbar	nd Conn	ection		Add	i	
					Add VPN		
					Remo	ve	
Choose S server fo			ed to config	jure a proxy	Sett	ings	
Neve	r dial a d	onnectio	n				
O Dial w	heneve	r a netwo	ork connect	ion is not prese	ent		
O Alway	s dial m	y default	connection	n			
Curren	t	None			Set de	efault	
Local Area	Netwo	rk (LAN) s	ettings —				
			r to dial-up r dial-up se	connections. ettings.	LAN se	ttings	

4) Click LAN settings, deselect the following three options and click OK;

	nfiguration may override manual settings. To ensure th I settings, disable automatic configuration.
Automatic	ally detect settings
Use autor	natic configuration script
Address	
Proxy server	
	ky server for your LAN (These settings will not apply to VPN connections).
Address:	Port: 80 Advanced
	s proxy server for local addresses

5) Go to Advanced > Restore advanced settings, click OK to save the settings.

Interne	et Properti	es				? <mark>×</mark>		
General	Security	Privacy	Content	Connections	Programs	Advanced		
Setting	Settings							
<ul> <li>Accessibility</li> <li>Always expand ALT text for images</li> <li>Enable Caret Browsing for new windows and tabs</li> <li>Move system caret with focus/selection changes</li> <li>Reset text size to medium for new windows and tabs</li> <li>Reset text size to medium while zooming*</li> <li>Reset zoom level for new windows and tabs</li> <li>Browsing</li> <li>Automatically recover from page layout errors with Compa</li> <li>Close unused folders in History and Favorites*</li> <li>Disable script debugging (Internet Explorer)</li> <li>Disable script debugging (Other)</li> <li>Display a notification about every script error</li> </ul>								
•	Display Accelerator button on selection     T							
*Takes effect after you restart Internet Explorer								
Restore advanced settings								
Reset Internet Explorer settings								
Resets Internet Explorer's settings to their default Reset condition. You should only use this if your browser is in an unusable state.								
			Oł	( ) Ca	ancel	Apply		

- Change a web browser or computer and log in again.
- Reset the modem router to factory default settings. Refer to <u>Back up and Restore</u> <u>Configuration Settings</u> for detailed information. Open a web browser and log in again. If login fails, please contact our Technical Support.

#### T4. What should I do if I cannot access the internet?

- 1. Ensure all connections are secure, including telephone lines, Ethernet cables and power adapters.
- 2. Check to see if you can log in to the web management page of the modem router. If you cannot, please adjust your computer's settings according to <u>T3</u> and then see if you can access the internet. If the problem persists, please go to the next step.
- **3.** Consult your ISP and make sure the VPI/VCI, Connection Type, account username and password are correct. If there are any mistakes, please correct the settings and try again.
- 4. Refer to  $\underline{\mathsf{T5}}$  to clone the MAC address.
- 5. If you still cannot access the internet, please restore your modem router to its factory default settings and reconfigure your modem router by following the instructions in <u>Use Quick Setup Wizard</u>.

6. Please contact our Technical Support if the problem persists.

#### T5. How do I clone a MAC address?

You can manually change the MAC address of the modem router. It is helpful when your internet access account provided by your ISP is bound to one specific MAC address, in other words, your ISP just permits only one computer with the authenticated MAC address to access the internet. In this case, you can use MAC Clone to allow more computers to access the internet via the same account.

- 1. Visit <u>http://tplinkmodem.net</u>, and log in with the account you set for the modem router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Network > Internet page. Click the Add icon, and scroll down to get the MAC Clone section.

MAC Clone	
Do NOT Clone MAC Address	
O Clone Current Computer MAC Address	
<ul> <li>Use Custom MAC Address</li> </ul>	
	Cancel Save

- If you are using the computer with the authenticated MAC address to access the modem router, please select Use Current Computer MAC Address.
- If you know the authenticated MAC address, please select Use Custom MAC Address and then enter the address.
- **3.** Click OK to make the settings effective.

# T6. How can I change my computer's settings to obtain an IP address automatically?

To change the computer's network settings, follow the steps below.

- For MAC OS X:
- 1) Click the Apple icon, and select System Preferences from the drop-down list.
- 2) Click the Network icon.
- 3) Select Ethernet (for wired connection) or Wi-Fi (for wireless connection) in the left panel, then click Advanced.
- 4) Click TCP/IP.
- 5) From the Configure IPv4 drop-down list, select Using DHCP.

- 6) Click OK.
- For Windows 7/8/8.1/10:
- 1) Right-click the Network icon on the system tray and select Open Network and Sharing Center > Change adapter settings.
- 2) Right-click your network connection (wired or wireless) and select Properties.
- 3) Double-click Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4).
- 4) Select both Obtain an IP address automatically and Obtain DNS server address automatically, then click OK.
- 5) Click OK again to save your configuration.
- For Windows XP:
- 1) Right-click the Network icon on the system tray and select Open Network Connections.
- 2) Right-click your network connection (wired or wireless) and select Properties.
- 3) Double-click Internet Protocol (TCP/IP).
- 4) Select both Obtain an IP address automatically and Obtain DNS server address automatically, then click OK.
- 5) Click OK again to save your configuration.

# T7.What should I do if I cannot find my wireless network or I cannot connect the wireless network?

- If you fail to find any wireless network, follow the steps below:
- 1. Make sure the wireless function is enabled if you're using a laptop with built-in wireless adapter. You can refer to the relevant document or contact the laptop manufacturer.
- 2. Make sure the wireless adapter driver is installed successfully and the wireless adapter is enabled. You can refer to the relevant document or contact the wireless adapter manufacturer.
- If you can find other wireless network except your own, follow the steps below:
- 1. Check the Wi-Fi LED indicator on your wireless router/modem;
- 2. Make sure your computer/device is still in range of your router/modem. Move closer if you are currently too far away.
- **3.** Go to Basic > Wireless page, and check the wireless settings, double-check your Wireless Name (SSID) is not hidden.
- 4. Connect to wireless network.

- If you can find your wireless network but fail to connect, follow the steps below:
- 1. Authentication problem: Network Security Key Mismatch.
  - Sometimes you will be asked to type in a PIN number when you connect to the wireless network for the first time. This PIN number is different from the Wireless Password/Network Security Key, usually you can only find it on the label of your modem router.

💱 Connect to a Network	X
Type the 8-digit PIN from the it is not the gen	ne router display leral wireless password
Connect using a security key instead	Back Next Cancel

 If you cannot find the PIN or PIN failed, you may choose "Connecting using a security key instead", and then type in the Network Security Key/Wireless Password;

Type the netwo	ork security key	
Security key:	Hide characters	

3) If you continue to be told there is a network security key mismatch, it is suggested to check the wireless password on your modem router.

Note: Wireless password/Network Security Key is case sensitive.

👰 Connect to a Ne	twork	X
Network Secu	rity Key Mismatch	
Security key:	Hide characters	
		OK Cancel

- 4) Connect to wireless network.
- 2. Windows was unable to connect to XXXX /Cannot join this network/Taking longer than usual to connect to this network.
  - 1) Check the wireless signal strength of your network, if it is weak (1~3 bars), please move the router closer and try again;
  - 2) Change the wireless Channel of the router to 1,6,or 11 to reduce interference from other networks;
  - 3) Re-install or update the driver for your wireless adapter of the computer;
  - 4) Connect to wireless network.

# CE Mark Warning

This is a class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

## **OPERATING FREQUENCY(the maximum transmitted power)**

2400 MHz -2483.5 MHz(20dBm)

5150 MHz -5250 MHz(23dBm)

## EU Declaration of Conformity

TP-Link hereby declares that the device is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of directives 2014/53/EU, 2009/125/EC, 2011/65/EU and (EU)2015/863.

The original EU Declaration of Conformity may be found at https://www.tp-link.com/en/support/ce/

## **UK Declaration of Conformity**

TP-Link hereby declares that the device is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of the Radio Equipment Regulations 2017.

The original UK Declaration of Conformity may be found at https://www.tp-link.com/ support/ukca/

## **RF Exposure Information**

This device meets the EU requirements (2014/53/EU Article 3.1a) on the limitation of exposure of the general public to electromagnetic fields by way of health protection.

The device complies with RF specifications when the device used at 20 cm from your body.

## **National Restrictions**

Attention: This device may only be used indoors in all EU member states, EFTA countries and Northern Ireland.

	AT	BE	BG	СН	CY	CZ	DE	DK
	EE	EL	ES	FI	FR	HR	ΗU	IE
	IS	IT	LI	LT	LU	LV	MT	NL
	NO	PL	PT	RO	SE	SI	SK	UK(IN)

Attention: This device may only be used indoors in Great Britain.



#### **Korea Warning Statements**

당해 무선설비는 운용중 전파혼신 가능성이 있음.

Продукт сертифіковано згідно с правилами системи УкрСЕПРО на відповідність вимогам нормативних документів та вимогам, що передбачені чинними законодавчими актами України.

# EHC

#### **Safety Information**

- Keep the device away from water, fire, humidity or hot environments.
- Do not attempt to disassemble, repair, or modify the device. If you need service, please contact us.
- Do not use damaged charger or USB cable to charge the device.
- Do not use any other chargers than those recommended
- Do not use the device where wireless devices are not allowed.
- Adapter shall be installed near the equipment and shall be easily accessible.
- Use only power supplies which are provided by manufacturer and in the original packing of this product. If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to contact us.

Operating Temperature: 0°C~40°C

Storage Temperature:-40 °C ~60 °C

Please read and follow the above safety information when operating the device. We cannot guarantee that no accidents or damage will occur due to improper use of the device. Please use this product with care and operate at your own risk.

#### **NCC & BSMI Notice**

注意!

依據低功率電波輻射性電機管理辦法

LP0002低功率射頻器材技術規範_章節3.8.2

取得審驗證明之低功率射頻器材,非經核准,公司、商號或使用者均不得擅自變更頻 率、加大功率或變更原設計之特性及功能。

低功率射頻器材之使用不得影響飛航安全及干擾合法通信;經發現有干擾現象時,應立 即停用,並改善至無干擾時方得繼續使用。 前述合法通信,指依電信管理法規定作業之無線電通信。

低功率射頻器材須忍受合法通信或工業、科學及醫療用電波輻射性電機設備之干擾。

5.7.9.1應避免影響附近雷達系統之操作。

5.7.9.2高增益指向性天線只得應用於固定式點對點系統。

安全諮詢及注意事項

- 請使用原裝電源供應器或只能按照本產品注明的電源類型使用本產品。
- 清潔本產品之前請先拔掉電源線。請勿使用液體、噴霧清潔劑或濕布進行清潔。
- 注意防潮,請勿將水或其他液體潑灑到本產品上。
- 插槽與開口供通風使用,以確保本產品的操作可靠並防止過熱,請勿堵塞或覆蓋開口。
- 請勿將本產品置放於靠近熱源的地方。除非有正常的通風,否則不可放在密閉位置中。
- 不要私自拆開機殼或自行維修,如產品有故障請與原廠或代理商聯繫。

#### 限用物質含有情況標示聲明書

設備名稱:AC2100 Wireless MU-MIMO VDSL/ADSL 型號(型式):Archer VR2100v Telephony Modem Router Type designation (Type)							
	限用物質及其化學符號						
	Restricted substances and its chemical symbols						
單元 Unit	鉛 Lead (Pb)	汞 Mercury (Hg)	鎘 Cadmium (Cd)	六價鉻 Hexavalent chromium (Cr ⁺⁶ )	多溴聯苯 Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE)	
РСВ	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	
外殼	0	$\bigcirc$	0	0	0	0	
電源供應器	_	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	0	$\bigcirc$	0	
天線	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	0	0	$\bigcirc$	
備考1. [*] 超出0.1 wt % 及 [*] 超出0.01 wt % 係指限用物質之百分比含量超出百分比含量基準值							
Note 1: "Exceeding 0.1 wt %" and "exceeding 0.01 wt %" indicate that the percentage content of the restricted substance exceeds the reference percentage value of presence condition.							
備考2. *〇* 係指該項限用物質之百分比含量未超出百分比含量基準值。							
Note 2: "〇" indicates that the percentage content of the restricted substance does not exceed the percentage of reference value of presence.							
備考3. 》一《係指該項限用物質為排除項目。							
Note 3: The " $-$ " indicates that the restricted substance corresponds to the exemption.							

#### Explanations of the symbols on the product label

Symbol	Explanation
	DC voltage
$\sim$	AC voltage

Symbol	Explanation
	Class II equipment
\$ <b>`@</b> *\$	Polarity of output terminals
V	Energy efficiency Marking
	Indoor use only
	Caution
	Operator's manual
X	RECYCLING This product bears the selective sorting symbol for Waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE). This means that this product must be handled pursuant to European directive 2012/19/ EU in order to be recycled or dismantled to minimize its impact on the environment. User has the choice to give his product to a competent recycling organization or to the retailer when he buys a new electrical or electronic equipment.