Rev. 1.0, Jun. 2018

MZILT960HAHQ-00007 MZILT1T9HAJQ-00007 MZILT3T8HALS-00007 MZILT7T6HMLA-00007 MZILT15THMLA-00007 MZILT30THMLA-00007

PM1643 2.5" SAS 12Gb/s SSD

(NAND based Solid State Drive)

datasheet

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Revision History

Revision No	<u> </u>	<u>History</u>	Draft Date	Remark	Edited by	Reviewed by
1.0	1. Final Release		Jun.28th, 2018	Final	H.I. Choi	J.H. Park

PM1643/PM1645

Idle (typical)

PART NUMBER	MZILT960HAHQ-00007	MZILT1T9HAJQ-00007	MZILT3T8HALS-00007
Capacity ¹⁾	960GB	1.92TB	3.84TB
LBA ²⁾	1,875,385,008	3,750,748,848	7,501,476,528

PART NUMBER	MZILT7T6HMLA-00007	MZILT15THMLA-00007	MZILT30THMLA-00007
Capacity ¹⁾	7.68TB	15.36TB	30.72TB
LBA ²⁾	15,002,931,888	30,005,842,608	58,781,073,408

FEATURES		Performance Specifications ³⁾	
SAS 12 Gb/s interface		Data Transfer Rate ⁴⁾	
Fully complies Active-active du	ual port	Sequential Read (128KB)	(PM1643) Up to 2,100MB/s
• Enhanced Power-Loss Data P	rotection with Tantal capacitors		
TCG-compliant Self-Encryption	n Drive	Sequential Write (128KB)	(PM1643) Up to 2,000MB/s
Hardware based AES 256-bit l	Encryption Engine		
End-to-End Data Protection		Data I/O Speed ⁴⁾	
Support 32 Initiator with TCQ ((Up to 256Q-depth) Command Set	Random Read (4KB)	(PM1643) Up to 450K IOPS
8 RRDY provide			
Supports Tag-overlap check as	nd reserved field check	Sustained Random Write (4KB)	(PM1643) Up to 70K IOPS
Compliant with SCSI Specification	n (SAS-3 / SPL-3 / SBC-4 / SPC-5 / SAM-5)		
Compliant with TCG Enterprise	e Specification Rev. 1.01 (Optional)	Latency (Sustained random workload)	
RoHS Compliant		Read (typical)	(960GB~3.84TB) 120us
• Support T10 DIF (512B/4096B	3)		(7.68TB~30.72TB) 130us
		Write (typical)	45us
		Quality of service	
		Read/Write (99%)	(960GB~3.84TB) 180us/90us
Drive Configuration			(7.68TB~30.72TB) 190us/90us
Capacity ¹⁾	960GB 1.92/3.84/7.68/15.36/30.72TB		
From Factor	2.5"	Reliability Specifications	
Interface	SAS 12Gbps	Uncorrectable Bit Error Rate	1bit error in 10 ¹⁷ bits
Bytes per Sector	512/520/4096/4160 Bytes	MTBF	2,000,000 hours
		Component Design Life	5 years
POWER REQUIREMENTS		Endurance	
Supply Voltage	5V±5%, 12V±5%	960GB 1.92/3.84/7.68/15.36/30.72TB	1DWPD
Active 7)(Max. RMS)	13.5W	Data loss protection	Yes



5W

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Environmental Specifications		Physical Dimension	
Temperature, Case		Width	69.85 ± 0.25 mm
Operating ⁵⁾	0°C to 70°C	Depth	100.20 ± 0.25 mm
Non-operating ⁶⁾	-40°C to 85°C	Height	14.80 ± 0.20 mm
Humidity (non-condensing)	5 ~ 95%	Weight	Up to 157.5 g
Linear Shock (0.5ms duration with sine wave) Non-operating Vibration (20Hz to 2,000Hz, 4min/cycle, 5cycle Non-operating Altitude (relative to sea level)	1,500 G	1) 1MB = 1,000,000 Bytes, 1GB accessible capacity may vary de 2) 1Sector = 520bytes, LBA Co. 3) Performance measured using vary depending on use conditior 4) Performance is measured at 5) Tc is measured at the hottest	dual port. point on the case. Sufficient airflow is recommended
Operating	-1,000 to 15,000 feet	to be operated properly on heav 6) Storing (or shipping) tempera 7) Active power is measured usi	

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 General Description

This document describes the specification of the PM1643 SSD which use SAS 12Gb/s interface. Supporting SAS 12Gb/s interface shows much faster performance than previous SAS 6G SSDs.

PM1643 is fully consist of semiconductor device and using NAND Flash Memory which has a high reliability and a high technology for a storage media. As the SSD doesn't have a moving parts such as platter (disk) and head media, it gives a good solution in a Enterprise server and Storage for a storage device with a high performance, high capacity.

PM1643 delivers 2,100MB/s for sequential read and 2,000MB/s for sequential write speed under up to 13.5W power.

By combining the enhanced reliability Samsung NAND Flash memory silicon with NAND Flash management technologies, PM1643 delivers the extended endurance of up to 1 Drive Writes Per Day (DWPD) for 5 years, which is suitable for enterprise applications, in 2.5-inch form factor lineups: 960GB, 1.92TB, 3.84TB, 7.68TB, 15.36TB and 30.72TB.

Because of SAS 12Gb/s interface has backward compatibility with SAS, you can use PM1643 as 6Gbps speed at old systems for SAS 6G interface. In addition, PM1643 supports Power Loss Protection which can guarantee that data issued by the host system are written to the storage media without any loss in the event of sudden power off or sudden power failure.

1.2 Product List

[Table 1] Product Line-up

Туре	Capacity	Part Number	
	960GB	MZILT960HAHQ-00007	
	1.92TB	MZILT1T9HAJQ-00007	
DM1642 2 5"	3.84TB	MZILT3T8HALS-00007	
PM1643 2.5"	7.68TB	MZILT7T6HMLA-00007	
	15.36TB	MZILT15THMLA-00007	
	30.72TB	MZILT30THMLA-00007	

NOTE:

1.3 Ordering Information

- 1. Memory (M)
- 2. Module Classification 7: SSD
- 3. Interface/ Form Factor I: SAS 12G 2.5 inch
- 4. Line-Up

L: VT: Client/SV (VNAND 3bit MLC)

5. SSD CTRL

T: RFX

6~8. NAND Density

960: 960GB 7T6: 7.68TB 1T9: 1920GB 15T: 15.36TB 3T8: 3840GB 30T: 30.72TB 9. NAND PKG H: BGA (LF,HF)

10. Flash Generation A: 2th Generation

11~12. NAND Density HQ: 1T QDP 4CE JQ: 2T ODP 4CE LS: 4T HDP 2CE(FBI) LA: 8T HDP 2CE(FBI)

¹⁾ SFF-8680 standard connector

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2.0 PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

2.1 Capacity

Support the high capacity product compared previous models and help the same system implement higher capacity than previous status. Samsung SSD fulfills IDEMA (The International Disk Drive Equipment and Materials Association) rule to represent a maximum LBA in SSD. According to the IDEMA rule (LBA1-G3), the maximum LBA numbers can be represented are the following table.

512bytes logical block size:

Maximum LBA = (97,696,368) + (1,953,504 * (Advertised Capacity in Gigabytes - 50))

4096bytes logical block size:

Maximum LBA = (12,212,046) + (244,188 * (Advertised Capacity in Gigabytes - 50))

[Table 2] User Capacity and Addressable Sectors

Cacacity ¹⁾	Max LBA ²⁾						
Cacacity	512B	520B	4096B	4160B			
960GB	1,875,385,008	1,875,385,008	234,423,126	234,423,126			
1.92TB	3,750,748,848	3,750,748,848	468,843,606	468,843,606			
3.84TB	7,501,476,528	7,501,476,528	937,684,566	937,684,566			
7.68TB	15,002,931,888	15,002,931,888	1,875,366,486	1,875,366,486			
15.36TB	30,005,842,608	30,005,842,608	3,750,730,326	3,750,730,326			
30.72TB	60,001,615,872	58,781,073,408	7,500,201,984	7,347,634,176			

NOTE:

2.2 Performance

[Table 3] Sequential Read/Write Performance

Max. Performance ¹⁾	960GB	1.92TB	3.84TB	7.68TB	15.36TB	30.72TB
Sequential Read	2,100 MB/s					
Sequential Write	1,000 MB/s	1,800 MB/s	2,000 MB/s	2,000MB/s	1,800MB/s	1,700MB/s

NOTE:

[Table 4] Sustained Random Read/Write Performance

Max. Performance ¹⁾	960GB	1.92TB	3.84TB	7.68TB	15.36TB	30.72TB
Random Read (QD = 64)	350 K IOPS	440 K IOPS	450 K IOPS	400K IOPS	400K IOPS	400K IOPS
Random Write (QD = 64)	30 KIOPS	46 KIOPS	58 KIOPS	70K IOPS	60K IOPS	50K IOPS

- 1) Performed with FIO, 4KB data size and 64-Queue depth as active-active dual port mode
- 2) Clean means the test is performed without any pre-written condition
- 3) "Sustained" means the test is performed with 2 tims write as test size with full LBA range.
- 4) Actual performance may vary depending on use conditions and environment
- 5) The total number of commands in the drive can never exceed 226.



^{1) 1} Gigabyte(GB) = 1,000,000,000 Bytes

²⁾ Capacity shown in Table 2 represents the total usable capacity of the SSD which may be less than the total physical capacity. A certain area in physical capacity, not in the area shown to the user, might be used for the purpose of NAND flash management.

¹⁾ Measued performance with FIO, 128KB data size and 64-Queue depth on the sustained state as active-active dual port mode. The 2nd port hs the start address offset as the LBA of half capacity.

²⁾ Actual performance may vary depending on use conditions and environment

2.3 Latency

[Table 5] Latency¹⁾ (sustained state)

Queue Depth = 1	960GB	1.92TB	3.84TB	7.68TB	15.36TB	30.72TB
Random Read/Write ²⁾	120us/45us	120us/45us	120us/45us	130us/45us	130us/45us	130us/45us
Sequential Read/Write ³⁾	280us/220us	280us/220us	280us/220us	280us/220us	280us/220us	280us/220us

NOTE:

- 1) Typical values.
- 2) The random read/write latency is measured by using FIO in CentOS7.0 and 4KB transfer size with queue depth 1 on a random workload of sustained state.
- 3) The sequential read/write latency is measured by using FIO in CentOS7.0 and 4KB transfer size with queue depth 1 on a sequential workload of sustained state.

2.4 Quality of Service (QoS)

[Table 6] Quality of Service (QoS)

Quality of Service (99%)	960GB	1.92TB	3.84TB	7.68TB	15.36TB	30.72TB
Read(4KB)(QD=1)	180us	180us	180us	190us	190us	190us
Write(4KB)(QD=1)	90us	90us	90us	90us	90us	90us
Read(4KB)(QD=128)	3700us	3700us	3700us	3700us	3700us	3700us
Write(4KB)(QD=128)	35100us	35100us	35100us	35100us	35100us	35100us
Quality of Service (99.99%)	960GB	1.92TB	3.84TB	7.68TB	15.36TB	30.72TB
Quality of Service (99.99%) Read(4KB)(QD=1)	960GB 220us	1.92TB 220us	3.84TB 220us	7.68TB 230us	15.36TB 230us	30.72TB 230us
, , ,	*****				101001=	
Read(4KB)(QD=1)	220us	220us	220us	230us	230us	230us

NOTE:

- 1) QoS is measured using FIO (99/99.99 %) with queue depth 1 and 128 on 4 KB random and write.
- 2) QoS is measured as the maximum round-trip time taken for 99 % of commands to host.3) QoS is measured as the maximum round-trip time taken for 99.99 % of commands to host.

2.5 Power Consumption

PM1643(PM1645) is implemented in standardized 2.5-inch form factor and gets 12V power as well as 5V power through the indicated pins (#P13~15 for 12V and #P7~P9 for 5V in SFF-8680 connector plug) from the host system. For 12V and 5V, the allowable voltage tolerance and noise level in SSD are described in Table 7, the power consumption in Table 9

[Table 7] Maximum Voltage Ratings¹⁾

Operating Voltage	960GB	1.92TB	3.84TB	7.68TB	15.36TB	30.72TB	
Allowable voltage	5V±5% 12V±5%						
Allowable voltage noise/ ripple			250mV p-p 250mV p-p (` '			

NOTE:

[Table 8] DC Ripple Specification

Paran	neter	+5 Volts	+12 Volts
Ripple DC ~ 20MHz		250mVp-p Max	250mVp-p Max
Tolera	ance	±5%	±5%



¹⁾ The components inside SSD were designed to endure the range of voltage fluctuations, which might be induced by the host system

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[Table 9] Power Consumption

Param	neter	Power consumption
A ations	Read	9W (960GB~3.84TB) 9.5W (7.68~30.72TB)
Active	Write	12W (960GB~3.84TB) 13.5W (7.68TB~30.72TB) ⁵⁾
Idle		5W

NOTE:

- 1) The active and idle power is defined as the highest averaged power value, which is the maximum RMS average value
- 2) The measurement condition for active power is assumed for 100% sequential read and write
- 3) The idle state is defined as the state that the host system can issue any commands into SSD at any time
- 4) 100% sequential read and write Queue depth condition is 32depth and I/O size is 256KB.
- 5) 30.72TB, Seq.W (IO Meter, QD 64, Transfer size 128K)

2.6 Reliability

The reliability specification of the PM1643 follows JEDEC standard, which are included in JESD218A and JESD219A documents.

2.6.1 Mean Time Between Failures

MTBF is Mean Time Between Failure, and is the predicted elapsed time between inherent failures of a system during operation. MTBF can be calculated as the arithmetic average time between failures of a system.

[Table 10] MTBF Specifications

Parameter	960GB	1.92TB	3.84TB	7.68TB	15.36TB	30.72TB
MTBF			2,000,00	0 hours ¹⁾		

NOTE:

2.6.2 Uncorrectable Bit Error Rate

By definition, Uncorrectable Bit Error Rate (UBER) is a metric for the rate of occurrence of data errors, equal to the number of data errors per bits read as specified in the JESD218 document of JEDEC standard.

[Table 11] UBER Specifications

Parameter	960GB	1.92TB	3.84TB	7.68TB	15.36TB	30.72TB
UBER			1 sector per	10 ¹⁷ bits read		

2.6.3 Data Retention

By definition, data retention is the expected time period for retaining data in the SSD at the maximum rated endurance in power-off state as specified in the JESD218 document of JEDEC standard.

[Table 12] Data Retention Specifications

Parameter	960GB	1.92TB	3.84TB	7.68TB	15.36TB	30.72TB
Data Retention ¹⁾			3mo	nths		

NOTE:

2.6.4 Endurance

By definition, the endurance of SSD in enterprise application is defined as the maximum number of drive writes per day that can meet the requirements specified in the JESD218 document of JEDEC standard.

[Table 13] Drive Write Per Day (DWPD) Specifications

Parameter	960GB	1.92TB	3.84TB	7.68TB	15.36TB	30.72TB
DWPD			1 DV	WPD		

[Table 14] TBW(TeraBytes Written)

Parameter	960GB	1.92TB	3.84TB	7.68TB	15.36TB	30.72TB
TBW(TB) ¹⁾	1,752	3,504	7,008	14,016	28,032	56,064



¹⁾ AFR(annual failure ratio) is 0.44%

¹⁾ Data retention was measured by assuming that SSD reaches the maximum rated endurance at 40 $^\circ$ C in power-off state.

¹⁾ TBW = DWPD x 365 x 5 x User capacity

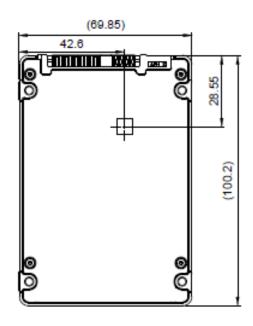
2.7 Environmental Specifications

2.7.1 Temperature

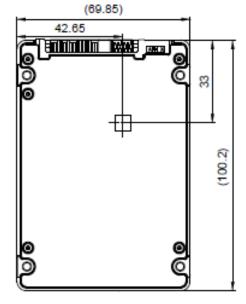
[Table 15] Temperature Specifications

Parai	meter	960GB	1.92TB	3.84TB	7.68TB	15.36TB	30.72TB
Tomporatura ¹⁾	Operating	0 to 70 °C					
Temperature ¹⁾	Non-Operating	-40 to 85 °C					

- 1) Temperature of the hottest point on the case (Tc). The drive will be working properly within the operating temperature range without deteriorating device reliability or any throttling. Sufficient airflow would be recommended to be operated properly on any heavier workloads within device operating temperature.
- 2) The thermal workload limit for PM1643: 100% Seq. Write (in a full-filled)



[Figure 1] Thermal Probe Location (960GB~3.84TB)



[Figure 2] Thermal Probe Location (7.68TB~30.72TB)

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2.7.2 Humidity

[Table 16] Humidity Specifications

Parar	neter	960GB	1.92TB	3.84TB	7.68TB	15.36TB	30.72TB
Humidity	Non-Operating			5 to	95%		

NOTE:

2.7.3 Shock and Vibration

[Table 17] Shock and Vibration Specifications

Parai	meter	960GB 1.92TB		3.84TB	7.68TB	15.36TB	30.72TB
Shock ¹⁾	Non-Operating	1500G					
Vibration ²⁾	Non-Operating	20G					

- 1) Test condition for shock: 0.5ms duration with half sine wave
- 2) Test condition for vibration: 20Hz to 2,000Hz, 4min/cycle, 5cycle/axis on 3 axis

¹⁾ Humidity is measured in non-condensing state

3.0 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATION

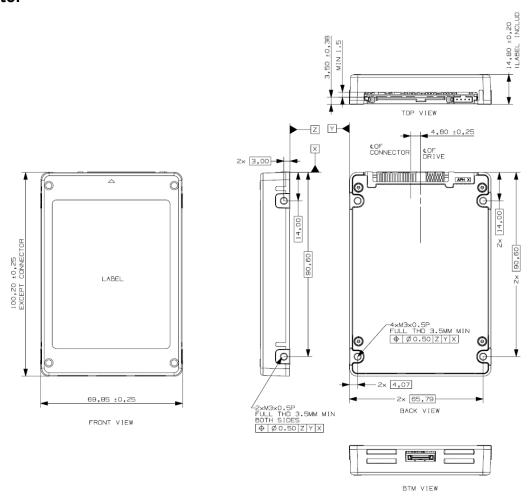
3.1 Physical Information

The physical case of the PM1643 in 2.5-inch form factor follows the standardized dimensions defined by SSD Form Factor Work Group

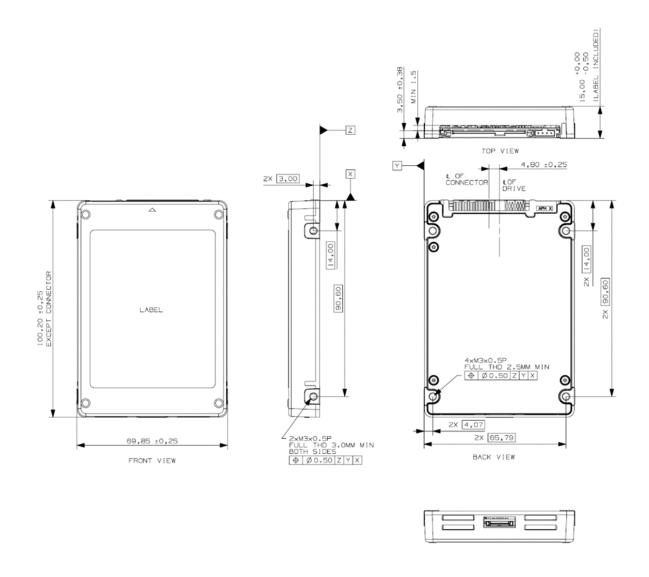
[Table 18] Physical Dimensions and Weight

Parameter	960GB	1.92TB	3.84TB	7.68TB	15.36TB	30.72TB			
Width (mm)		69.85±0.25							
Length (mm)		100.20±0.25							
Thickness (mm)		14.80±0.2							
Weight (g)		Up to 157.5g							

3.2 Form Factor



[Figure 3] Mechanical Outline (960GB~3.84TB)



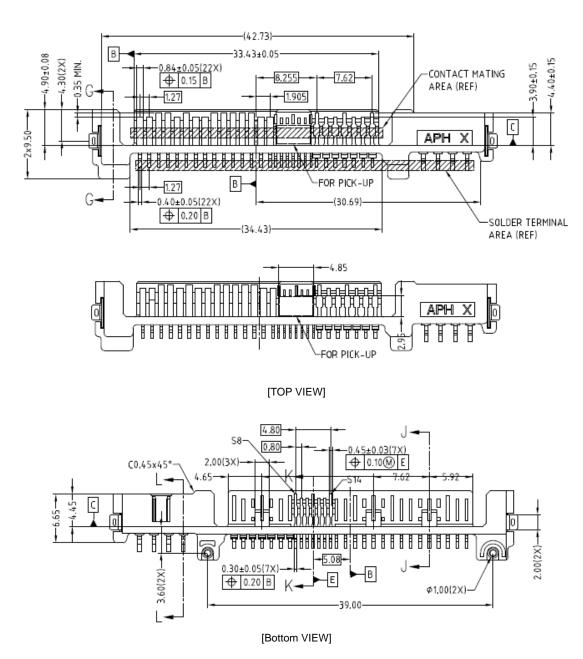
[Figure 4] Mechanical Outline (7.68TB ~ 30.72TB)

NOTE:

1) Do not disassemble the SSD, damage the SSD, or remove the sticker or the label affixed on the product. Any product that has had its case opened or its label damaged or removed shall not be covered by the warranty.

4.0 INTERFACE SPECIFICATION

4.1 Connector Dimension and Pin Location



[Figure 5] Layout of 2.5-inch Form Factor Connector Pins

4.2 Pin Assignments and Definition

[Table 19] Pin Assignments

Pin#	Assignment	Description
S1	GND	Ground
S2	S0T+ (A+)	SAS 0 Transmit
\$3	S0T- (A-)	SAS 0 Transmit
S4	GND	Ground
S5	S0R- (B-)	SAS 0 Receive
S6	S0R+ (B+)	SAS 0 Receive
S7	GND	Ground
S8	GND	Ground
S9	S1T+	SAS 1 Transmit
S10	S1T-	SAS 1 Transmit
S11	GND	Ground
S12	S1R-	SAS 1 Receive
S13	S1R+	SAS 1 Receive
S14	GND	Ground
P1	Not Connected	Not Used
P2	Not Connected	Not Used
P3	3.3V Power disable ¹⁾	Power Disable
P4	GND	Ground
P5	GND	Ground
P6	GND	Ground
P7	5V Precharge ²⁾	5V Precharge power
P8	5V	5V power
P9	5V	5V power
P10	GND	Ground
P11	Activity	Device Activity Signal
P12	GND	Ground
P13	12V Precharge ²⁾	12V Precharge power
P14	12V	12V power
P15	12V	12V power



¹⁾ Host can power on/off control each SSD using this pin. If Host inserts 3.3V, the SSD is power off. And If host inserts 0V, the SSD is Power on.

It follows SAS3 spec.

2) It recommends the enclosure (Back Plane) has precharge resistor to prevent hot-plug inrush voltage or current. It follows the SATA/SAS spec.

5.0 SUPPORTED COMMAND SET

5.1 Supported SAS/SCSI Commands

This chapter provides the information regarding of the supported commands by the drive as listed below. For more detailed command description, refer to "Samsung RFX SSD SAS Command Code Specification Rev 16" or SCSI standard command specifications from T10 committee.

[Table 20] Supported SAS/SCSI Commands

Command Name	Command Code (Hex)	Command Name
Format Unit	04h	SBC-3 Actual implementation different from SBC definition
Get LBA Status	9Eh/12h	SBC-3
Get Stream Status	9Eh/16h	SBC-4 R7
Inquiry	12h	SPC-4
Log Select	4Ch	SBC-3 and SPC-4
Log Sense	4Dh	SBC-3 and SPC-4
Mode Select 6	15h	SPC-4
Mode Select 10	55h	SPC-4
Mode Sense 6	1Ah	SPC-4
Mode Sense 10	5Ah	SPC-4
Persistent Reserve In	5Eh	SPC-4
Persistent Reserve Out	5Fh	SPC-4
Read 6	08h	SBC-3
Read 10	28h	SBC-3
Read 12	A8h	SBC-3
Read 16	88h	SBC-3
Read 32	7Fh/0009h	SBC-3
Read Buffer 10	3Ch	SPC-4
Read Buffer 16	9Bh	SPC-5
Read Capacity 10	25h	SBC-3
Read Capacity 16	9Eh/10h	SBC-3
Read Defect Data 10	37h	SBC-3 Actual implementation different from SBC definition
Read Defect Data 12	B7h	SBC-3 Actual implementation different from SBC definition
Read Long 10	3Eh	SBC-3 Actual implementation different from SBC definition
Read Long 16	9Eh/11h	SBC-3
Reassign Blocks	07h	SBC-3
Receive Diagnostic Pages	1Ch	SPC-4
Release 6	17h	SPC-2 Based implementation supported
Release 10	57h	SPC-2 Based implementation supported
Report Identifying Information	A3h/05h	SPC-4
Report LUNS	A0h	SPC-4
Report Supported Operation Codes	A3h/0Ch	SPC-4
Report Supported Task Mgt. Functions	A3h/0Dh	SPC-4
Report Timestamp	A3h/0Fh	SPC-4
Request Sense	G3h	SPC-4
Reserve 6	16h	SPC-2 Based implementation supported
Reserve 10	56h	SPC-2 Based implementation supported
Sanitize	48h	SBC-3
Send Diagnostics	1Dh	SPC-4
Start Stop Unit	1Bh	SBC-3
Set Identifying Information	A4h/06h	SPC-4
Set Timestamp	A4h/0Fh	SPC-4



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Stream Control	9Eh/14h	SBC-4 R7
Synchronize Cache 10	35h	SBC-3 Actual implementation different from SBC definition.
Synchronize Cache 16	91h	SBC-3 Actual implementation different from SBC definition.
Test Unit Ready	00h	SPC-4
Unmap	42h	SBC-3
Verify 10	2Fh	SBC-3
Verify 12	AFh	SBC-3
Verify 16	8Fh	SBC-3
Verify 32	7Fh/000Ah	SBC-3
Write 6	0Ah	SBC-3
Write 10	2Ah	SBC-3
Write 12	AAh	SBC-3
Write 16	8Ah	SBC-3
Write 32	7Fh/000Bh	SBC-3
Write and Verify 10	2Eh	SBC-3
Write and Verify 12	AEh	SBC-3
Write and Verify 16	8Eh	SBC-3
Write and Verify 32	7Fh/000Ch	SBC-3
Write Buffer	3Bh	SPC-4
Write Long 10	3Fh	SBC-3 Actual implementation different from SBC definition.
Write Long 16	9Fh/11h	SBC-3 Actual implementation different from SBC definition.
Write Same 10	41h	SBC-3
Write Same 16	93h	SBC-3
Write Same 32	7Fh/00Dh	SBC-3
Write Stream 16	9Ah	SBC-4
Write Stream 32	7Fh/010h	SBC-4





6.0 SPOR SPECIFICATION

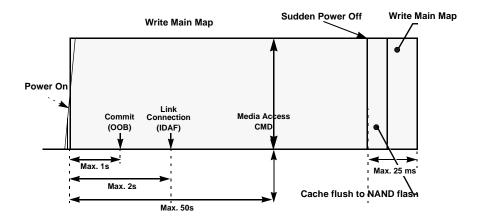
This chapter provides the information regarding of the SPOR (Sudden Power Off and Recovery) feature of the SSD.

6.1 Data Recovery in Sudden Power Off

If power interruption is detected, SSD dumps all cached data and meta data to NAND Flash. SSD could protect even the user data in DRAM from sudden power off while SSD is used with cache on. Commonly, data is protected all of operation period.

6.2 Time to Ready Sequence

It takes upto 50 seconds to finish FTL OPEN and then SSD gives drive ready signal.



[Figure 6] Time to Ready Sequence

7.0 PRODUCT COMPLIANCE

7.1 Product regulatory compliance and Certifications

[Table 21] Standards Reference

Category	Certification	
CE	Comunaute Europeenne	
BSMI	Bureau of Standards, Metrology and Inspection	
KCC	KCC Korea Communications commission	
VCCI	Voluntary Control Council for Interference	
C-Tick	Radio Telecommunication Labeling	
FCC	Federal Communications Commission	
IC	Industry Canada	
UL	Underwriters Laboratories Inc.	
TUV	Technischer Uberwachungs Verine.e.V	
СВ	Scheme of the IECEE for Mutual Recognition of Test Certificates for Electrical Equipment	



Caution:

Any changes or modifications in construction of this device which are not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

NOTE:

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications, However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures: - Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna. - Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver. - Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected. - Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help. Modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operated the equipment under FCC rules.

Modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operated the equipment under FCC rules.



1. 기자재 명칭 : SSD (Solid State Drive)

2. 모델명(Model): 라벨 별도 표기 3. 제조연월 : 라벨 별도 표기

3. 제조자 : 삼성전자(주) 4. 제조자 : 삼성전자(주) 5. 제조국가 : 대한민국 6. 상호명 : 삼성전자(주)

Industry Canada ICES-0G3 Compliance Label:

CAN ICES-3 (B)/NMB-3(B)



MZILT7T6HMLA-00007 MZILT15THMLA-00007 MZILT30THMLA-00007

SSD

8.0 REFERENCES

[Table 22] References

Item	Website
Serial Attached SCSI (SAS-3)	http://www.t10.org/
SCSI Architecture Model-5 (SAM-5)	http://www.t10.org/
SCSI Primary Commands-4 (SPC-4)	http://www.t10.org/
SCSI Block Commands-4 (SBC-4) Standard	http://www.t10.org/
SFF-8680	ftp://ftp.seagate.com/sff/SFF-8680.PDF
Enterprise SSD Form Factor Version 1.0a	http://www.ssdformfactor.org/
Solid-State Drive Requirements and Endurance Test Method (JESD218A)	http://www.jedec.org/standards-documents/docs/jesd218a

